## NORTH MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALGAON

**IDEAL (External Mode) Department** 

## SYLLABUS FOR

## M.A.POLITICAL SCI.-1<sup>ST</sup> YEAR

## PAPER-1 INDIAN FOREIGN POLICY

- 1. Foreign policy: Meaning and Major Approaches to the study of foreign policy.
- 2. Principles and Objectives of Indians foreign policy.
- **3. Domestic Determinates:** Geography, History and Culture, society and political system.
- 4. External determinants: Global, Regional land bilateral.
- 5. Structure of foreign policy, decision making and continuity and changes in Indian foreign policy.
- 6. Indian foreign policy in a comparative perspective Pakistan, China, America & Ressia
- 7. India & UN (Pakistan, Kashmir, China, Bangladesh Border issues )
- 8. Indian approach to major global issues : Globalization, disarmament and armscontrols, terrorism, Environmental issues.
- 9. India and Indian Ocean Role of India for peaceful defence of Indian Ocean
- 10. India and world conferences of Non alignment nations Harrare, New Delhi, Belgrade

## PAPER-2-MODERN POLITICAL ISSUES

- **1.** Factors leading to the end of the cold war.
  - 1. End of ideology
  - 2. Clash of civilization.
  - 3. Globalization of democracy.

## 2. Factors leading to the end of the cold war.

- 1. Decline of USSR
- 2. American pre-dominance. Uni-polarization of world politics
- 3. Emergence of Union of European Nations.

## **3.** Contemporary Issues in post cold war period.

- 1. Marginalisation of UNO as the world organization.
- 2. Emergence of New International order Multi-polar world.

## 4. Globalization

Process, Impact of liberalization, impact of scientific and Technological development, decline of welfare state.

### 5. Gender Issues

Exploitation of woman, impact of feminism, women's political participation, Empowerment of women.

## 6. Environmental Issues

Pollution- water, sound, air, Green house effect. Environmental role played by various NGO's movements at Global and National level.

## 7. Limitation to Nation state

Liberalization, Privatization, Market Economy, Civil Society.

## 8. Human Rights

U.N. Charter, U.N. Contribution Indian constitution & Human rights, Human Right commission in India.

### 9. Terrorism

As an international phenomena. Terrorism at Global and national level.

# **10. Development Issues :**security, peace, standard of living, co-operation at Global and national level.

## PAPER-3- POLITICAL PROCESS IN INDIAN STATES

## **1.** Theoretical framework for the study of state political

## process.

- A. Centripetal centrifugal process
- B. Strong centre and political stability oriented provisions in the constitution.

## 2. Socio-economic determinants of the state political process.

- A. Social determinants :
  1] Religion, 2] Caste, 3] Language, 4] Minority politics and Reservation policy.
- B. Economic determinants
  - 1. Imbalanced Development
  - 2. Inadequate share of economic sources and inadequate distribution of Revenue.

## **3.** Centre state political relations

- A. Political relations- Provision in the constitution.
- B. Role of governor Emergency provisions, state autonomy.

## 4. Centre state Economic Relations -

- A Distribution of Economic sources between centre and states.
- B Role of finance commission.
- C Role of planning Commission –dominances of centre in this respect.

# 5. Regional Political Parties and their linkage with national Political parties and the federal setup.

- A. Era of one party dominance.
- B. Era of multi party alliance.
- C. Formation of coalition government at state and centre level.

## 6. InterStates Issues

Border, Water Management, Naxalist activities InterStates Conference

## 7. Emerging trends in state politics.

- 1. Identity crisis among the states.
- 2. Demand of statehood by small regions.
- 3. Diversity of power state capitals have become local power centres.

## 8. Recommendations of National Commission on Constitution Review.

- 1. Debate over constitution Review.
- 2. National commission appointed and its recommendations.

## 9. Panchayat Raj system & its impact on state politics.

- 1. Decentralization of power.
- 2. Influence of grass root level politics and leadership on the state level politics and Panchayat Raj

# **10.** Human development Index in different states a comparative perspective.

- 1. Human development Index adopted by H.R.D. ministry
- 2. Human Development Health, Economical Growth, Environment, Empowerment of women, Drinking Water.

## PAPER-4- DEMOCRACY IN INDIA

## 1. Democratic thinking and tradition in India

- A Ancient Gana Rajya
- B Modern British legacy[ Indian Freedom Movement

## 2. Nature of Indian Democracy

- A Constitutional Provisions
- B Parliamentary System
- C Federal design

## **3.** Structure of Indian Democracy

- A Parliamentary System
- B Legislature, Executive, Judiciary, Centre State level

## 4. Election Process and Election Commission

From notification to counting and declaration of candidate

## 5. Process of Indian Democracy

- A Party System, Interest Groups
- B Social Movements Dalit Movements, Womens Movements, Tribal Movements

# 6. Socio-Economic Determinants of Indian Democracy : Caste, Language, Religion, Region and Poverty.

## 7. Indian Democracy at the Grass-roots level.

- 1. Detribalization of power
- 2. Panchayatraj and Development
- 3. Influence of grass root leadership

### 8. Role of Women in Political Process

- 1. Equality before law
- 2. Special provision for Women
- 3. 73 and 74 amendment
- 4. Reservation policy for women

### 9. Challenges and Solutions to Indian democracy

- 1. Political Appathi
- 2. Corruption in Election
- 3. Politics and Criminals

## 10. Parliamentary vs. Presidential Model.

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## **SYLLABUS FOR**

## M.A.-POLITICAL SCI.-2<sup>ND</sup> YEAR

## PAPER-1-SOCIO-POLITICAL RESEARCH METHOD

#### 1) Nature of Research and Literature Review :

Definition, Characteristics, Objectives, Types, Importance of Literature Review.

#### 2) Scientific Methods & Research :

Meaning, Characteristics, Stages.

#### 3) Social & Political Survey :

Meaning, Definition, characteristics, Planning of Survey, Merits & Demerits.

#### 4) Hypothesis :

Definition, Sources, Types & Importance.

#### 5) Data Collection :

Meaning, Nature, Types & Importance.

#### 6) **Observation :**

Meaning, Nature, Types, Characteristics.

#### 7) Interview :

Meaning, Definition, Objectives, Characteristics of good interviewer.

#### 8) Questionnaire :

Meaning, Definition, Characteristics, Types, Merits & Demerits.

#### 9) Data analysis & Interpretation :

Meaning, Types, Classification, Characteristics & Types of Classification, Tabulation – Meaning, Types.

### 10) Report Writing :

Objectives, Characteristics of good Report & Importance of report.

#### PAPER-2. RECENT COMPARATIVE POLITICAL PROCESS

## 1) Recent approaches to the study of Comparative Politics :

- i. Systemism.
- ii. Behaviouralism.
- iii. Structural Functionalism.
- iv. Marxist Approach.

#### 2) Social Stratification :

Political Elites, Classes, Leadership & Their Behaviour.

#### 3) Party Politics :

Meaning, Typology, Voting Behaviour. Relation with political process

#### 4) **Pressure Groups :**

Meaning, Types, relation with Political Process & behaviour of pressure groups.

#### 5) Political Culture & Political Socialization :

Political Culture – Meaning Influencing factors, types . Political Socialization – Meaning, Nature, Characteristics, Agencies.

#### 6) **Political Revolution :**

Meaning, Types, Theories, Social, Economic & Political Change.

### 7) Social Change :

Meaning, Elements, Theories.

#### 8) Political Apathi :

Meaning, Reasons, Types, Effect on Political process.

#### 9) Constitutionalism :

Meaning, Principles, Characteristics.

#### 10) Social Movement :

- i. Social movements for empowerment of women.
- ii. Social movement for protection of Human Rights.

## PAPER-3.POLITICAL THEORY & KEY CONCEPTS

#### 1) Euro – Communism :

Meaning, Nature, Characteristics & its application.

#### 2) **Political Economy :**

Meaning, Nature, Characteristics & its application.

#### 3) Pluralism :

Meaning, Nature, Characteristics, Dr. Laski's views on pluralism.

#### 4) Environmentalism :

Meaning, Nature, Importance, Efforts mode to protect Environment.

#### 5) Liberalism :

Meaning, Nature, Characteristics & its application.

#### 6) **Rights**:

Meaning, Nature, Types & Theories.

### 7) Liberty :

Meaning, Nature, Types & Theories.

#### 8) Equality :

Meaning, Nature, Types & Theories.

#### 9) Justice :

Meaning, Nature, Types & Theories.

- (a) Distributive Theory.
- (b) Rawl's Theory.
- (c) Marxist Theory.

### **10)** Nationalism :

Meaning, Nature, Types & Theories.

## PAPER-4. UNO-STRUCTURE & FUNCTIONS

1) **UNO**:

Emergence, Objectives, Principles & Organization.

- 2) General Assembly : Structure, Functions & Role.
- 3) Security Council : Structure, Functions & Role.
- 4) (A) Economic & Social Council : Structure, Functions & Role.
  - (B) International Court : Structure, Functions & Role.

## 5) (A) The Secretariat :

Structure, Functions & Role.

- (B) The Trusteeship Council : Structure, Functions & Role.
- 6) Methods of resolving the International Conflicts :

(A) Peaceful Methods.

(B) Method of Direct Action.

# 7) (A) UNO & Environmental Issue.(B) UNO & Women Empowerment.

## 8) UNESCO, ILO, UNICEF : Organization, Ideology, Functions & Role.

## 9) FAO, IMF, IFAD :

Organization, Ideology, Functions & Role.

## **10) WHO, IBRD :**

Organization, Ideology, Functions & Role.