Revised Syllabus for M. A. Part - II Philosophy

(w.e.f. July, 1999) Compulsory Papers

PH-201: Moral Philosophy

Objectives:

- To acquire knowledge of fundamental concepts, terms, definitions, principles and theories of moral philosophy.
- To develop interest in the study of moral philosophy.
- 3) To acquaint with the various forms of moral philosophy e.g. Indian ethics, professional ethics, social ethics, business ethics, descriptive ethics, normative ethics, and meta ethics.
- To develop an ability to assess the relevance of information to the particular moral problem.
- To understand various moral problems like violence, punishment, evil and Indian approaches wherever required.

Section-I

- Eudaimonistic conception of morality.
 - (a) Nature are scope of moral philosophy.
 - (b) Nature of morality, factors in morality.
 - (c) Nature and kinds of moral judgement.
 - (d) Aristotle's Nicomachean ethics Happiness, justice, voluntary action and moral virtue.
 - (e) Descriptive ethics, normative ethics and meta ethics.
- Utilitation conception of morality.
 - (a) Hedonism and its main forms : Psychological and Ethical
 - (b) Egoistic Hedonism
 - (c) Sanctions and proof of the principle of morality.
 - (d) Utilitation theory Mill and Bentham
 - (e) Relation between utility and justice.
 - (f) Evaluation of utilitarian theory.
 (Students are supposed to study critically Mill's "Utilitarianism".)
- Deontological conception of morality.
 - (a) Nature and relationship between good will, duty and moral law.
 - (b) Nature and classification of Imperative Hypothetical and Categorical.
 - (c) Formulations of the Categorical Imperatives and their interrelation.
 - (d) Postulates of morality Freedom of will, The existence of God, Immortatity.
 - (e) Evaluation of Kant's moral theory.
 (Students are expected to study Kant's 'Metaphysics of Morals')

- Ducussion of some ethical issues
 - (e) Values
 - (b) Conduct and character.
 - 'ci Cardinai virtues
 - .d) The relation between Morality and religion
 - (e) Morality and art
 - Naturalistic fallacy.
- (5) Indian Moral Philosophy Some Issues.
 - (a) Theory of Purusharthas
 - (E) Law of Karma
 - (c) Doctrine of Syadharma
 - (d. Gita's theory of Karmayoga
 - ter. The ethics of Hinduism Islam, Christanity, Jainism and Buddhism
- 6 Fromems of personal and social morality.
 - Physical and mental health
 - (b) Professional ethics
 - (a) Eushiness ethics
 - (a) Medical and legal ethics
 - e. The ethics of teachers and students
 - Ethics and the social struggle

Books for reading and references :

- (1) Ethics for today Harold Titus
- (2) Aristotle . The Nicomachean ethics Apostle H.G.
- (3) Principia Ethica G E.Moore
- (4) Utilitarianism Mill J.S.
- (5) Ethics G.E.Moore
- (6) Ethics Frankena W.K.
- (7) Morai concepts Feinberg Joe! (ed.)
- (8) Applied ethics Singer, Peter (ed.)
- 9, Aristotle Ross W.D.
- (10) Metaphysics of morals I. Kant.
- (11) Introduction to ethics Lille W.
- (12) Manual of ethics Mackenzie
- (13) The principles of ethics Balbir Singh.
- (14) The categorical Imperative Paten H.J.
- (15) Theories of ethics Foot Philippa (ed.)

- (16) The Republic of Plato Cornford F.M.
- (17) The Indian conception of values Hiriyanna M.
- (18) The ethics of Hindus Maitra S.K.
- (19) Buddhist ethics Saddhatissa.
- (20) Jama ethics Bhargva Dayanand
- (21) Outlines of Indian Philosophy Hiriyanna M.
- (22) The BhagwatGeeta as a philosophy of God realization R.D., Rande,
- (23) Ethical philosophies of India Sharma I.C.
- (24) Development of moral philosophy in India Dargupta, Sharma.
- (25) The evolution of Hindu ethical ideals Arnold Heine Mann.
- (26) ग्रीता खम्ब लेक्क्न्य दिकक
- (27) सबेटर्शन संबर्ध मध्याकर्य
- (28) संस्थितीयांक पांदर कीवरी
- (29) विहिन्देसाँसः प्रा. श्रीनिकम विश्वीतः
- (30) अतिहास स. क. बर्क
- (31) विनिद्याल स. म. बोर्सी,
- (32) नीतिचे प्रदन वि. ५, देशसङ्गे.
- (33) प्रश्चनय निरसाक्षाच इनेहास ने. वृं के.
- (34) निव्य प्रसामकिक निव्यक्तान स. क. स्थाले.
- (35) आदर्श केन्द्रिका मु, या, क्यले.
- (36) ऑक्स्टिंग जे. वि. तृब्दपुर्वे
- (37) नीतिजिल्ला (इंदी) शांती बौसी
- (38) पुरुषार्थ विचार सी. विजय, संगर्ध्य

PH-202 : Social and Political Philosophy

Objectives:

To acquaint the student with the theories of society, various socio - political doctrines and programmes and to develop in him critical attitudes towards these theories, doctrines and programmes.

Section-I

- The concept and formation of society as a 'Social whole'. Social contract theories. Relation between state and society.
- The methodological problems of individualism and holism. Relation between individual and society. States of society - Hegel, Marx and Popper.
- The concept of society as 'Normative Order' of social rules and regulations. Types of social regulations - custom, religion, law and morality.

- Tradition and modernity in the context of Indian social order with special reference to Mahatma Gandhi and Dr. B.R. Ambedkar.
- Modern Indian theories of society Sri Aurobindo's Integralism, Mahatma Gandhi's Sarvodaya and M.N. Roy's Radical Humanism.

- The concept of democracy, foundations and justification of democratic social order.
- 7) The concept of socialism, Principles of socialist social order. Socialism as a response to capitatism.
- 8) The conecpt of liberty, equality, justice and fraternity. Whether liberty, and equality complementary or conflicting. Relation between equality and justice. Whether fraternity can be a reconciliatory principle between liberty avel equality.
- 9) The concept of right. Theory of natural rights. Legal and political rights. (Reference be made to the fundamental rights under the Indian constitution.)
- The conecpt of social and political obligations. Duty and responsibility. Fundamental duties under the Indian constitution - a critical study.

Books for Reading and Reference

Chattopadhyaya D.P. Individuals and Societies, Scientific Book Agency, Calcutta, 1975.

Quinton A. (ed.) - Political Philosophy, OUP, 1971

Benn S.I. and - Social Principles and Democratic State, George Alten and Unwin, 1959.

Feinberg J. - Social Philosphy, Prentice Hall, 1973.

Gandhi M. K. - Sarvodaya, Navajivan 1948

Aurobindo - The Human Cycle, Sri Aurobindo Ashram, Pondicherry, 1949

Ray M. N. - Radical Humanism, Renaissance Publishers, 1953.

Schumpetore J.A. - Capitalism, Socialism and Democracy, Allen and Unwin 1976.

Barker E. - Principles of Social and Political Theory, OUP, 1967.

Raphel D.D. - Problems of Political Philosophy, Macmillan, London, 1970.

Rawls J.A. - Theory of Justice, OUP, 1971.

Bose № K	-	Selections from Gandhi, Navijvan,	Ahmedabad 1957
D400 1411	•	Celections not be ton, Nevilven,	, Allinicoaca, 1001.

,			•
रद है, का	-	्यज्यशास्य स्पद्धांतः सत्तम् प्रकाराग	पूर्वा - ३० ११९ ७७५

Optional Papers

PH-203 . Analytic Philosophy

Objectives:

The cource aims to acquiant the students with the origin, development, nature, method, technique and the evaluation of the analytic moment in western philosophy. It also deals with different concepts and forms of analytic philosophy according to major thinkers of the school. These problems are dealt with in sections I of the course. Whereas in section II, it is shown how the analytic method has been employed to solve some philosophical problems in epistemology, ontology, ethics, religion etc.

Section-I

- Historical development of the analytic movement.
- Analytic philosophy vs. speculative philosophy vis a -vis idealism and scientific method
- Concept, form and method of analysis according to the following thinkers.
 - (a) G.E. Moore
- (b) Bertand Russell
- (c) Rudolf Carnap
- (d) A.J. Ayer
- (e) W.V.O. Quine
- (f) L. Wittgenstein
- (g) Gilbert Ryle
- (h) John Austin
- 4 Recent trends and the Problems of Analytic Philosophy.

Section II

(Application of the analytic method)

- Analysis and the problem of knowledge.
- Analysis and the problem of metaphysics.
- Analysis and the problem of religion.
- Analysis and the problem of ethics.

Books for Reading

- Stumpf, S.E., 1977, "Analytic Philosophy", in his Philosophy; History and problems, McGraw Hill Book company, USA, pp. 430 - 458.
- Ammerman, R.R. (ed.), 1965, Classic of Analytic Philosophy. Tata McGraw Hill, Bombay, Introduction only.
- Rorty, Richard, (ed.) 1967, Linguistic Turn: Recent Essays in Linguistic Method, The University of Chicago Press, Chicago, Introduction only.
- Urmson, J. O., 1956, Philosophical Analysis; Its Development, between Two Worlds Wars, Oxford.
- Broad, C.D., "Philosophy; Critical and Speculative:, in H.H. Titus and Mayton, H.H. (eds.) 1974. The Range of Philosophy; Introductory Readings, East and West Press Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- Whitehead, A.N., "The Task of Speculative Philosophy", in H.H. Titus and Maylon, H.H. (eds.). The Range of Philosophy; Introductory Readings, East and West Press Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- Ayer, A.J., 1973, Central Questions of Philosophy, Macmillan, UK, Chapter Lonly.
- Russell, Bertand, "What There is" ? in Ammerman, R.R.(ed.), 1965, Classic of Analytic Philosophy, Tata McGraw Hill, Bombay, pp 25-34.
- Moore G.E., "A Defense of Common Sense", in Ammerman, R.R. (ed. 1965, Classic of Analytic Philosophy, Tata McGraw Hill, Bombay, pp 47-67.
- Carnap, R. "Testability and Meaning", Ammerman, R.R. (ed. 1965, Classic of Analytic Philosophy, Tata McGraw Hill, Bombay, pp 130-195.
- Ayer, A.J., "The Principle of Verification:, in Ammerman, R.R. (ed. 1965, Classic of Analytic Philosophy, Tata McGraw Hill, Bombay, pp 121-126.
- Quine, W.V.O., "Two dogmas of Empiricism:, in Ammerman, R.R. (ed. 1965, Classic of Analytic Philosophy, Tata McGraw Hill, Bombay, pp. 196-213.
- 13. Wittgenstein, L., *Philosophical Investigations,* trans. by G.E.M. Anscombe, Basil Blackwell, Oxford, Part I, first 25 sections only.
- Ryle, G., "Descartes Myth", in Ammerman, R.R. (ed.1965, Classic of Ana lytic Philosophy. Tata McGraw Hill, Bombay, pp 296-305.
- Austin, J., " A Plea for Excuse", in Ammerman, R.R. (ed. 1965, Classic of Analytic Philosophy, Tata McGraw Hill, Bombay, pp 379-398.
- Black, Max., 1954, Problems of Analysis; Philosophical Essays, Cornell University Press, Ithaca, New York.

- Putnam, H., 1997, "A Half Century of Philosophy, Viewed from Within", Daedalus, Vol. 26 pp 175-208.
- Edwards, Pap (ed.), 1976, The Encyclopedia of Philosophy (4 vols.), Macmillan, relevant entries on analysis.

For this section selected chapters from John Hosper's An Introduction to Philosophical Analysis (Allied Publishers, New Delhi, 1983, fourth impression) have been prescribed as the text. The selected chapters are;

Chapter 2, pp. 101 - 158

7

Chapter 6, pp. 349 - 424

Chapter 7, pp. 425 - 492

Chapter 9, pp. 566 - 621

Books for Further Reading:

Ayer, A.J. et. al. (eds.) 1956, The Revolution of Philosophy, Macmillan, London.

Blanshard, B.,1962, Reason and Analysis, Allan and Unwin, London

Cocchiarella, Niha, B. 1987, Logical Studies in Early Analytic Philosophy, Ohio State University, Ohio.

Cohen, J. L., The Dialogue of Reason; An Analysis of Analytic Philosophy. Oxford University Press, Oxford.

Dummett, M., 1996, Origins of Analytic Philosophy, Harvard University Press, Harvard.

Lewis, H.D., (ed.) 1963, Clarity is not Enough. George Allen and Unwin, London.

Mundle, C.W.K., 1970, A Critique of Linguistic Philosophy, Oxford University Press, Oxford.

Pap, Arthur, 1949, Elements of Analytic Philosophy, Macmillan, New York.

Russell, Bertand, 1912, Problems of Philosophy, Oxford.

Sorenson, R.A., *Pseudo - problems; How Analytic Philosophy Gets Done?* University of Toronto Press, Toronto.

Wang, H., 1988, Beyond Analytic Philosophy: Doing Justice to What We Know?, The MiT Press, Mass Cambridge.

Books without complete reference :

Bell, David, The Analytic Tradition.
Feigl and Sellers, Reading in Philosophical Analysis.
French, et. al., The Foundations of Analytic Philosophy
Muntiz, M.K., Contemporary Analytic Philosophy
Stanley, R., The Limits of Analysis
Tugendhat, Traditional and Analytic Philosophy

PH-204 : Philosophy of Scaince

The objectives of this paper are (1) to acquint the students with the current problems in the philosophy of science (2) and to make them aware of the main branches of this special philosphical study.

Section-I

- The meaning and further explanation of philosophy of science current problems arising from the recent advancement in modern science, the effect of scientific progress on human life.
- 2) Nature of science and scientific method, Relation between observation and theory. Main problems of the Philosophy of Natural Science. Difference between a Rule, a Law, and a Theory. Empricist, Realist and instrumentalist conception of Laws and Theories. What is meant by a Law in science? Logical features of a Lawful statement. Laws and confirmation. Paradoxes of confirmation Laws of Necessity, Structure and Function of Theories and Nature of Explanation and its problems. Meaning of Law, Model of explanation and the points of its criticism. Nature of statistical explanation, its criticisum and problems.

Section-II

- 3) Maning and detailed explanation of the nature of philosophy of social science, definition of social science. Main features of the observation, law and theory in social science. Explanation and Interpretation in social science. Methodological individualism and methodological collectivism in social science. Nature value judgements and their role in social sciences.
- 4) Main controversies in social sciences. The debate over unity of scientific method. Meaning of the term "Unity of Method" and the Empiricist conception of the univty of method. The critiques of the unity of method. (a) Hermeneutics and (b) Critical theory.
- Keat R. and Urry J. Social Theory as Sciences, R.K.P. London 1975.
- Nagel E. The Structure of Science: Problems in the Logic of Scientific Explanation, Macmillan, London, 1961.
- Hempel C.G. Philosophy of Natural Science Prentice Hall, N. Jerjey, 1966.
- 4) Radner Richard, Philosophy of Social Science, Prentice Hall, Englewood eliffs, 1966.
- 5) Ryan Allan, Philosophy of Social Science, Macmillan, London, 1970
- 6) Stoekmann, Anti Positisist. Theories of Social Science, D.Reidel Dorarecht, 1983.

PH-205: Phenomenology and Existentialism

Objectives :

1

- 1. To acquaint students with phenomenology and existentialism as a philosophical study of human existence.
- 2 To acquire knowledge of basic concepts and the theories of existentialism and phenomenology.
- To enable the students to how and understand flow the basic concepts of existentialism are related to human life.
- 4. To analyse and interpret human behaviour in different situations.
- To get acquainted students with the approaches, of existentialist thinker studies existential phenomenon

Section-I (Phenomenology)

4 An Introduction to Phenomenology

General background of phenomenology, The phenomenological attitude. The phenomenological method and its aims (a) The Cartesian legacy (b) The Humean leagcy (c) The Kantian legacy (d) The Hegelian leagcy.

2. Formation of Husserl's Phenomenology

Edmurd Husseri as the founder of phenomenology, The influence of Brentano - The early psychologism of the philosophy of Arithematic, The impact of Frege's review, critique of psychologism in the logical investigations, differentiation of psychology and phenomenology, phenomenology as a method, phenomenological reduction, The problem of inter subjectivity, and the life world - Husseri's final retrospect.

- Some phenomenological problems.
 - a) Conception of philosophy and philosophical method
 - b) Critiqu of psychologism
 - c) The radicalization of subjectivity
 - d) Transcendental reduction and the problem of constitution.
 - e) The historical and cultural mission of phenomenology.

4. Some Phenomenological Perspectives

Diversities of interpretation of the pheonomenological perspective -Relistic, idealistic and Existentialist interpretation, phenomenology and Hermeneutics, Marxist interpretation.

Section-II (Existentialism)

Historical background and method

A broad account of the historical background and development of eristertialism from ancient times down to the present - Kierkegaard, Hiedegger Sartre, Marcol and Jaspers, Relation between phenomenology and existentialism Existentialist, revolt. The existentialists method by Heldegger, Sartre and Marcel.

n - viain concepts of existentialism

Human existence being and nothingness, freedom, decision with anticat, dread, anguish, dealth and situation.

Problems of knowledge and truth

The problem of knowledge and understanding, the concept of the perturb of truth understanding, protecting and interpreting

name of knowledge - image, emotion and intentionality; fine limits of a bugli, and larguage

Finable mich experience

The rejection of metaphysics. The abstract and the concrete, the concrete of existence: Essence and existence. Existence of the everyday world, upage and time, the Human existence - Existence in inself, Existence for itself and Existence with othes, crisis of existence. Existence of God.

Books for reading and references

- The aims of phenomenology Marvin Farber
- The toundation of phenomenology Marvin Farber
- ideas (Collier) Edmund Hussert (relevant section).
- 4 The phenomenological movement H. Spiegelberg (Chapter on Husser) only).
 The concept of dread Kierkegaard S.
- 6 Fear and trembling. Kierkegaard S.
- Sickness unto death Kierkegaard S.
- Being and time Heidegger M.
- 9 Existence and Being Heidager M.
- Being and nothingness Sartre J.P.
- 11 Critique of dialectical reason Sartre J.P.
- Kierkegaard Thompson J.
- 13 Kierkegaard's existential ethics Stack George J.
- 14 Heideggerd's philosophy King M.
- 15 Sartre Caws P
- 16 Existentialism macquarrie
- 17. Logical investigations Husserl E.
- Cartesian Meditations Husserl E.
- 19 The idea of phenomenology Husserl, E.
- 20 Ine development of Husserl's thought De. Boer. Th.
- 21 Phenomenology and the crisis of philosophy Husseri E.
- 22 अस्टिंद्द्वात ग्रा र भ मनाहर
- 23. Existentialism from Kierkegaard to sartre Kaufman W (ed.)

PH-206: Philosophy of Education

Objectives:

- To understand the philosophy of education as a branch of philosophy.
- To crecate an awareness about the better standards of education.
- To help students to understand the process of learning and teaching.
- To help them to understand the importance of educational values.
- To help them to understand the importance of curriculum in education.
- To enable the students to understand the various forms of education as a contribution to development of an individual and society.
- To get them acquainted with the life, work and philosophy of Indian educationists.

Section-I

1. The concept of education

Nature, scope and function of philosophy of education, aims of education, The process and product of education, Distinction between education and training. The concept of educational relevance

2. The content of education:

Problem of curriculum in education, Role of specialization, Inter-disciplinary studies, Quality of educatin, Planning of education.

3. Teaching and Learning

The conceptof teaching and learning, psychological aspect of learning. The role of teacher in the process of learning.

Section-II

4. Some issues in Indian education

Education and social change, Education in the context of modernization, Education and social justice, is sex education essential in Indian culture? Education for environmental balance.

5. a) Different forms of education.

Liberal education, Nonformal education, Vocational education, Moral education, Religious education, Population education, Adult education and Continuing education.

- Innovation in educatin with special reference to Maharashtra.
 Anganwadi, Balwadi, Primary School, Kuran Shala, Open University, Women University.
- 6. Contribution of Indian educationst

M.K. Gandhi, Ravindranath Tagore, Swami Vivekanand, Dr. S.Radhakrishnan, Mahirshi D.K., Karve, M.J. Phule, Karmveer Bhauarao Patil.

Books for reading and references :

- The philosophy of education Peters R.S. (ed.)
- Philosophy of education Shofeld
- 3 Philosophy of education McClellan James, E.
- 4. New essays in the philsophy of education- Langford, Glenn and O'connor D.J. ed.)
- 5 Moral Philosophy for education Barrow Robbin.
- The concept of education Peter R.S.
- 7 The Philosophy of open education Nyberg-David (ed.)
- 8 Theory and principles of education R.K. Bhatia and C.L. Narang.
- Philosophical analysis of education Baum (ed.)
- 10. The principles and method of teaching Kamla Bhatla and B.D. Bhatla.
- Some perspectives on nonformal education Naik J.P.
- 12. Equality, quality and quantity: The elusire triangle in Indian education Naik J.P.
- 13. The social content of educatin Shah A.B. (ed).
- 14. Education and moderization in India Gore M.S.
- 15. शैविषिक तत्वज्ञामाची रुपरेशा कै ग. वि. अकोलकर
- 16. शैक्षणिक तत्वज्ञान आणि शैक्षणिक समाजशास्त्र म. बा. कुंडले
- 17. शैक्षणाचे तात्विक आणि सामाजिक मूलाधार म. बा. कुं डले
- 18. आजचे शिक्षण आणि आजच्या समस्या लीला पाटील आणि विश्वामरे कुलकुणीं
- 19. महाविद्यालयीन विद्यार्थ्यांचे प्रश्न विद्यार्थी सहाय्यक समिती, पुणे
- 20. महात्मा ज्योतिका फुले ते कर्मवीर भाकराव पाटील रा. तु. भगत
- 21. आधुनिक शिक्षणाच्या समस्या : उपाय आणि नियोजन डॉ. बा. ग. माळी
- 22. शिक्षणविषयक मूलतत्वे गीता, ल, गद्रे व ल. रा. गद्रे
- 23. शिक्षणाची मूलतत्वे रा. म. मराठे
- 24. शैदिणिक मानसशास्त्र के. विकलकर्जी
- 25. शिक्षणातील मानसशास्त्र श्री. व. गोगटे
- 26. शिक्षणाचे मानशास्त्रीय अधिष्ठान आपटे व बापट

PH-207: ADVANCED INDIAN EPISTEMOLOGY

Objective:

To acquaint the student with the advanced Indian Epistemology with speical reference to Pramanas and pramanyavada.

Section-I

- The problems of the definition and the number of pramanas.
- 2. Detailed study of the pramanas pratyaksa and Anumana.
- Study of the premens Sabda, Upamana, Arthapatti and Anupalabdhi.
 Reducibility of these premens to Pratyaksa and Anumana.
- Conception, criteria and importance of Pramana-Samplava and Pramana-Viplava.

- Detailed study of the pramanyavada with reference to :
 - Navya nyaya
 - Mimamsa
 - Vedanta
 - Samikhya
 - Buddhism.
 - Jainism

Books for study and reference

- Visyanatha- Nyayasiddhantamuktavali, translated by Madhavanand.Advaita Ashram, Mayavati, 1954.
- Vacaspati Mishra Bhamati (Catusutri only), 2 volumes, Chaukhamba.
 Varanasi, 1980.
- Kumarila Siokavartika (relavant sections only) ed. by Durgadhara, Jha, Chaukhamba, varanasi, 1980.
- Dharmakirti Pramanavartika (relevant sections only).
- Barlingay S.S. A Modern Introduction to Indian Logic, National Publishing House, Delhi, 1967.
- Shukla Baliram Anumana Pramana, Delhi, 1986.
- 7 Mishra Chabinath Bharatiya Dershan Ke Pramanya Cintan Ka Tulanatmaka Adhyayana, Orienta! Publishers, Distributors, Delhi, 1974
- Gangesa Tattvacintameni: Premenyavadah, ed. by Gaurmath Shastir. Chaukhamba, Varanasi, 1980.
- Mullatti L.C. The Navyanyaya Theory of Inference, Karnataka University Dharwad, 1977.
- Bhattacharya, Hari Mohan Jaina Logic and Epistemology, K.P. Bagchi and Company, Calcutta, 1994.
- Metilet B.K. and Evans R.D. (ed.): Buddhist Logic and Epistemology, D. Reidel, Dordrecth, 1986.

PH-208 : Samkara

Objective

A critical study of the followig works of Samkara - Brahmasutrabhasya.

Section-

Brahmasutraphasya (I 1 & 2 and II, 1)

Section-II

Brahmasutrahhasya (II 2, III 1 and IV 2 only)

Books for Reading

- Samkere, Brahmasutra with Samkerabhasya, Motilel Banarasi Das, Delhi,
 1964.
- 2. शंकर ब्रह्मसूत्रभाष्य (मराठी भाषांतर) भाग ५ ते ४ भाषांतरदार म.म. वासुदेव शास्त्री अभ्यंकर, प्रा अयंबक चांदोरकर संपादक, म. म. प्रा. काशिनाथ वासुदेव अभ्यंकर, सेवानिवृत्त प्राध्यापक, गुजरात कॉलेज, अहमदाबाद, माननीय संस्कृत प्राध्यापक, मांडारकर ओरिएंटल रिसर्च इन्स्टिट्यूट, पुणे

Books for Reference

- Date, V.H., Vedanta Explained, 2 Vols., Booksellers Publishing Co., Bombay, 1954.
- Bevalkar, S.K., The Brahmasutra of Badarayana with Commentary of Samkaracarya, 2 Vols., Bilvakunja Publishing House, Pune, 1931.
- 3 Shastri, K. A., Realistic interpretation of Advalta Vedanta, Calcutta, 1931.
- ब्रह्मसिध्दांतमाला : लेखक खंडो उर्फ बाबा गर्दै, इ. स. १९१०

PH-209: Wittgenstein

Objective

Wittgenstein's works have been subjected to multiple even contradictory interpretations. Moreover, he is one of those great thinkers who was very critical of his early writings often rejecting them in his later writings, in view of this, the paper aims to give an opportunity to students to familiarize and interpret the original texts/works of Writgenstein for themelves. Students will have a chance to see for themselves how far Wittgenstein has rejected and retained his early philosophy in his later writings. In section I, from the early writing of Wittgensteins Tractatus - Logico - Philosophicus and in section II from his later writing Philosophical Investigation will be taught.

Section-I

Tractatus-Logico-Philosophicus

Section-II

Philosophical Investigations (Part I only)

Books for Reading

- Wittgenstein, L., 1961, Tractatus-Logico-Philosophicus, translated by D.F. Peares and B.F. McGuinnes, RKP, London.
- Wittgenstein, L., 1953, Philosophical Investigations, translated by G.E.M. Anscombe, Basil Blackwell, Oxford.

3 Kenny, Anthony, 1994, The Wittgenstein Reader, Basil Blackwell, Oxford, Kenny's anthology provides a handy book on Wittgenstein's, works thematically.

4. Ludwing Wittgenstein's Philosophical Investigations, translated translated

into Hindi by Ashok Vohra, National Publishing House, New Delhi.

Books for Further Reading

- Anscembe, G.E.M., 1959, An Introduction to Wittgenstein's Tractatus, Basil Blackweil, Oxford.
- Black Max. 1964, A Companion to Wittgenstein's Tractatus, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.

Wittgenstein, L., 1980, Understanding and Meaning: An Analytical Commentary on the Philosophical Investigations, in 2 vols. Basil Blackwelll.

Picher, George, 1964. The Philosophy of Wittgenstein. Prentice Hall,

Englewood Cliffs, New Jesey,

PH-210 : SHEE AUROBINDO

TT*

Main objectives of this paper are as under

- To make the students well aware of the chief features of Shri Aurobindo's main texts.
- To acuain; them with the philosophical aspects of Shri Aurobindu's Ideological Theory of Superman.

Section-I

 A critical study of Shri Aurobindo's Philosophical Text - Life Divine - 2 Volumes (Relevant parts only)

Section-li

- 2 Detailed review of Shri Aurobindo's following texts:
 - Texts 1) The Synthesis of Yoga (Relevant parts only)
 - The foundations of Indian Culture (Relevant parts only)
 - The Essays on gita, 2 volumes, (Relevant parts only)

Books for Additional Reading and Reference

- 1 Mishra R.S. Integral Advaitism of Shri Aurdindo, B.H.U., Varanashi, 1957.
- Satprem, Shri Aurobindo or the Adventure Consciousness Translated by Tehmi, Aurobinda Ashram, Pondycherry, 1968.
- Gupta N.K., Yoga of Shri Aurobindo, Shri Aurobindo Ashram, Pondycherry, 1957.
- Diwakar, R.R., Mahayogy: Life, Sadhana and Teaching of Shri Aurobindo, Bhartiya Vidya Bhavan Bombay, 1973.
- 5. Singh, H., Prophet of Indian Nationalism, Bharatiya Vidya Bhavan, Bombay, 1967.
- Chaudhari, H.D., the Philosophy of Integralism: Meta Physical Synthesis inherent in the teaching of Shri Aurobindo, Shri Aurobindo Patha Mandir. Calcutta, 1954.
- Chincholkar, L.G., Critical study of Shri Aurobindo with special reference to this concept of spiritual Evolution, Nagpur, 1966.
- Chaudhary, H.D., Aurobindo Prophet of Life divine Aurobindo Patha Mandir Calcutta, 1951