॥ अंतरी पेटवू ज्ञानज्योत ॥

02



NORTH MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALGAON.

Syllabus for S.Y.B.Sc.

GEOGRAPHY.

(W.E.From June, 2003)

॥ अंतरी पेटयू ज्ञानज्योत ॥ NORTH MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALGAON.

CORRECTIONS.

S.Y.B.Sc. Geography.

Paper-I Population Geography.

| Unit No. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | Total |
|----------|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-------|
| Periods | | 10 | 16 | 16 | 12 | 12 | 14 | 14 | 104 |

Paper-II Environmental Science.

| Unit No. | I | _ | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | б | 7 | 8 | Total |
|----------|---|---|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|-------|
| Periods | 8 | , | 20 | 12 | 12 | 16 | 14 | 10 | 12 | 104 |

Paper-III Practical Geography.

| Unit No. | l | II | Total |
|----------|----|----|-------|
| Periods | 50 | 54 | 104 |

 $D: \mathbf{PPT-SCIFACULTYSCIFACULTYMINUTES. documents 22}$

NORTH MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALGAON.

Syllabus for S.Y.B.Sc.

GEOGRAPHY

(W.E.From June, 2003)

Paper - I Population Geography

Paper - II Environmental Science

Paper - III Practical Geography

NORTH MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALGAON.

Syllabus for S.Y.i3.Sc. Geography Paper – I Population Geography (W.E.From June, 2003)

Objectives :-

The course is meant to provide an understanding of Spatial and structural dimensions of population and the emerning issues. The course is further aimed at familiarizing the students with global and regional level problems and also equip them for comprehencing the Indian situation.

| Unit No. | Topic | Sub -Topics | Periods |
|------------------|-----------------|--|---------|
| Ï | Introduction of | i) Definition | |
| | population | ii) Nature and scope of population geography | |
| | Geography | iii) Relationship of population geography | |
| | | with other subjects | |
| | ļ. | iv) Apporoaches to the study of population | |
| | | geography | 10 |
| 11 | Population Data | i) Methods of population data collection | |
| | 1 | Primary and Secondary | |
| | | ii) Sources of population data. The Census, | |
| | | Sample Surveys, Vital data | |
| | | Registration, Miscellaneous | 4.0 |
| | | iii)Problems of population data. | 10 |
| 111 | Greywth of | i) Components of population Growth | |
| | pc/puation | Fertility , Mortality and mobility | |
| | , . | ii) Fertility – Definition, Measures of | |
| | | Fertility Crude Birth Rate, Age | |
| | 1 | Specific Birth Rate and Total Birth | |
| | | Rate, Factors Affecting Fertility | |
| | | iii) Mortality – Definition, Measures of | |
| | | Mortality – Crude Death Rate, Age | |
| | | Specific Mortality and Infant | |
| | ì | Mortality Rate | 12 |
| - ₁ V | Distribution of | i) General distribution of world | |
| | Population | population (Dense, Medium | |
| | , | and Sparse) | ļ |
| | 1 | ii) Density of population - Meaning and types | |
| | | of density Arithmetic, Agricultural, Economic, | |
| | | Critical and Nutritional density. | İ |
| ı | | iii) Factors influencing distribution of population- | |
| | | a) Physical factors, b) Cultural factors | 16 |
| V | Composition of | a) Biological Composition |] |
| | Population | i) Racial and Ethnic Composition | |
| | Meaning and | ii) Age - Composition - Importance, | 1 |
| | Types | Determinants, Age Pyramids, Age | ļ |
| i | 7,500 | Groups, Age Indices, Dependency Ratio | |
| | | iii)Sex Composition - | 1 |
| | | Meaning and importance of Sex ratio, | |
| İ | | Determinants of Sex Composition. | İ |
| 1 | | b) Cultural Composition :- | i |
| | | Religious Composition, Marital Status, | • |
| | | Educational Composition. | |
| 1 | | | 12 |
| VI. | Migration | i) Definition | |
| 1 | | ii) Types of Migration, Internal and | |
| - | | International | |
| 1 | | iii) Laws of Migration Formulated by | 1.5 |
| 1 | l | Ravenstein | 12 |

| , 1 | T | iv) Factors affeecting Migration - | <u> </u> |
|-----------|--------------------|--|--|
| 1 | <u> </u> | Pull Factors and Push Factors | |
| İ | | v) Consequences of Migration | |
| ! | | vi) Brain Migration - Brain drain, | į |
| | | Brain Overflow, Brain Exchange, | ! |
| | 1 | Brain Export. | l i |
| <u> </u> | <u> </u> | vii) Internal Migration in India | ! ! |
| j VII | Major | i) History of Population growth ri India | |
| | Characteristics of | ii) Causes of declining death rate in India. | |
| | Indian Population | iii) Causes of High Birth rate in india | |
| | 1 | iv) Problems of Over Population in | , ! |
| - | | India and its Remedies. | 12 |
| VIII | Population and | i) Theories regarding population and Resources | . |
| | Resources | a) Malthus b) Karl – Marx | 1 |
| | ! | ii) Demographic Transition Mode | 1 |
| | ! | iii) Concept of Optimum, Over, and Under | |
| | : | Population. | 12 |

Reference Books

| 1) 2) | A Geography of Population Principles of Population Studies | | R.C. Chandana Kaiyani, Publishers Ludhiana Asha A. Bhede & Tara Kanitkar |
|----------|---|-------|--|
| 3) | Fundamentals of Population Geography | - | Himalaya Publishers House , Mumbai - 4 B.N. Ghosh Sterling Publishers Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi – 16 |
| 4) | Geography of Population | - | Beaujea - Garnier J. (Translated by Reaver,S.H.) |
| 5) | Population Geography | - | Clark J.L. Oxiford University Press, 1965 |
| 6) | Population Geography | - | Sundaram K,V. & Nangia Sudesh (Editors)Heritage Publishers , Delhi, 1986 |
| 7) | A Geography of Population : World Patterns | - | Terwartha, G.T. John wiley & Sons, New York, 1969 |
| 8) | A Prologue to Population Geogra | phy - | Zelinsky W; Prentice - Hall, Englewood Cliffs. |
| 9) | Demography | - | Peter R. Cox Universal Book Stall , New Delhi- 2 |
| 10) | Population Geography | - | Dr. Sawant & Athavate . Mehta Publishing House, Pune - 3 |
| 11) | Loksankhya Shastra | • | Ahirrao, Alizad and Others. |

<u>Weightages</u>

| Unit No | Marks 16 |
|---------|-------------|
| m . | 16 |
| ïV | 16 |
| V & VI | 20 |
| VII | 16 |
| VIII | 16 |
| | 100 |
| | |

NORTH MARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALGAON.

Syllabus For S. Y. B.Sc. Geography
Paper – Il Environmental Science.
(With Effect From June, 2003)

| Units No. | Topics | Sub Topics | Periods |
|-----------|---------------|------------------------------------|-----------------|
| 1 | Environmental | i) Meaning, | |
| | Science | ii) Concept | |
| | Nature and | iii) Definitions | |
| ‡ [| Scope | ii) Nature – Dynamic- | |
| | | interdisciplinary | i |
| | | iii) Scope | 3 |
| II | Ecosystem | Meaning, Concept, Definitions, | 1 |
| | | Components - Abiotic , Biotic | |
| | | Structure - | 1 |
| | | i) Producers | |
| | | ii) Consumers | |
| | | iii) Decomposers | |
| | | Function - | 1 |
| | | Energy flow in ecosystem | 1 |
| | | i) Food Chain | |
| | | ii) Food Web | |
| • | | Nutrient Cycles in ecosystem - | 1 |
| | | i) Carbon Cycle | |
| | | ii) Nitrogen Cyle | 1 |
| | | Ecological Succession - | ì |
| | | i) Primary, | ì |
| | | ii) Secondary | |
| | | Ecological pyramid | [|
| | | i) Number pyramid | |
| | | ii) Biomass pyramid | |
| <u></u> | | iii) Energy pyramid | 20 |
| 111 | Biodiverrsity | Meaning , Concept | 1 |
| | | Definitions, Importance, | |
| | | Types – Genetics, Species | ; |
| | | Ecosystem their | |
| | | Types –Forest, Hot and cold | ŀ |
| | | ecosystem | 10 |
| ⅳ┈ | Energy | Concept, Definitions, | |
| Ī | resources | Types - | |
| | | A) Conventional -coal | |
| | | B) Non Conventional- solar, | |
| j | | wind and hydel power | 10 |
| v — | Environmental | Meaning, Concept, Definitions | - - |
| ľ | Pollution | Type - | |
| | | i) Air pollution -Causes, effects, | ! ! |
| | | Remedies. | |
| i | | ii) Water pollution - | |
| į | | causes, effects, | ! |
| | | Remedies. | |
| | | iii) Noise pollution - | |
| ŀ | | Causes, effects, |] |
| ŀ | | Remedies. | |
| ļ | | iv) Solid waste pollution- | |
| | | Causes, effects, Remedies. | 16 |

| Vi | Environmental disasters | Meaning ,Concept, Definitions Types - | : |
|------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|------|
| İ | · | i) Atmospheric ELNino, | |
| 1 | | LA - Nino | |
| | İ | ii) Hydrological | |
| | | Drought, flood | |
| ı | | ii) Телтestrial – Earthquakes | |
| | 1 | iii) Biological – weeds and pests. | |
| | -*· <u>_</u> | · | 14 |
| VII | Environmental | i) Global warming. | |
| | issues | ii) Energy crisis | |
| | | iii) Depletion of ozone | i |
| | | (iv) Acid rain | |
| Viu | -·- - | v) Desertification | 8 |
| VIII | Environmental | Meaning concept, Definitions, | į |
| | Impact | Approches, Methods - Steps | _ |
| | Assessment and | Education - | ' |
| | Education | Concept, objectives | |
| | | Conservation of | |
| |] | i) Soil | |
| | • | ii) Water | İ |
| | 1 | iii) Forest | . ! |
| | j | Laws - | |
| | | i) Air | ı |
| - - | _ <u></u> | ii) Water | ; 10 |

References: -

1) Environmental Science

ence -

2) Environmental Issues and themes

Environmental studies

 Regions of Risk, A grographical -Introduction of disastors

Geography and Mans environment -

6) Enrivonmental geography

Ahirrao and Alizad ,

Nirali Publishing House Pune

Agarwal S.K.,

APH, Publishing corporation, New Delhi.

Chaudhari S.R.,

Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai.

Kenneth, Hewitt

Addison wesiy longman Itd., New York.

Strahler A.N. and A.H.

John wiley, New York.

Singh savinder.

Prayag Pustak Bhavan, Alahabad.

Weightage :-

| Unit | Marks |
|-------|-------|
| 1 | 8 |
| II | 16 |
| III | 10 |
| IV | 10 |
| V | 16 |
| VI | 16 |
| VII | 12 |
| VIII | 12 |
| Total | 100 |
| Total | 100 |

NORTH MARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALGAON.

Syllabus For S. Y. B.Sc.

Practical Geography Paper - III

Map Projections, Surveying and field Excursion WORK LOAD - 12 Students per batch and 4 period per week

| No. | Unit | (With Effect From June, 2003) Sub-Unit | D |
|-----|------------------|---|----------|
| 1 | Map Projections | (A)1.1 Introduction | Perods |
| | map i tojections | a) Definition of Map & Globe. | |
| | İ | b) Parallels of Latitudes | • |
| | | c) Meridians of Longitudes |] |
| | | d) Great Circles. | |
| | | 1.2 | |
| | | a) Definiation of Map | |
| | | Projections | ì |
| | | b) Necessity of Map Projection | Į |
| | | c) Developable and | |
| | | Undevelopable Surfaces. | 04 |
| | | (B) Classification of Map | |
| | | Projectoris | 1 |
| | | According to Qualitative | • |
| | i | Approach. | |
| | | a) Equidistant Projection | |
| | } | b) Hemolographic Projection | |
| | | c) Orthomorphic Projection | |
| | | d) Azimuthal Projection | |
| | - | According to Contructional | |
| | | Approach | |
| | 1 | a) Perspective Projections | |
| | | b) Non-Perspective | |
| | | Projections | |
| | | According to the developable | |
| | | surface. | |
| | | a) Zenithal Projections. | |
| | | b) Conical Projections. | |
| | | c) Cylindrical Projections. | |
| | | d) Conventional Projections. | 04 |
| | | (C) Construction (By Graphical | |
| | | Methods Only) and Study | ļ |
| | | Of uses and Properties of | |
| | | Following Projections | |
| | | Zenithal Projections | |
| | | a) Zenithal Polar Central | |
| | | (Gnomonic) Projections | |
| | | b) Zenithal Polar |] |
| | | Stereographic Projections | |
| | | c) Zenithal Polar | <u> </u> |
| | | Orthographic Pojections | } |
| | | 2) Conical Projection. | <u> </u> |
| | | a) Conical Projection with | 1 |
| | | Two Standard Parallels. | |
| | | b) Bonnes Projection. | |
| | | 3) Cylindrical Projection | |
| | | a) Cylindrical Equal Area | |
| | | Projection. | 1 |
| | | b) Mercators Projection | |
| | 1 | 4) Conventional Projections | ! |
| | 1 | a) Globular Projection | 1 |
| | | b) Sinusoidal Projection | 35 |
| | } | c) Mollweide Projection | 1 33 |
| | | (D) Choice of Map Projections. | 05 |
| | I | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |

| [2 | Supravian | T(A) letroduction | |
|----------|----------------|---|-----------------|
| 12 | Surveying | (A) Introduction | |
| ı | | a) Definition Of Surveying | 03 |
| ľ | + | b) Types of Survey | ì |
| | | i) Geodetic Survey. | |
| t | 1 | ii) Plane Survey. | 1 |
| ı | | c) Methods of Surveying. | 1 |
| 1 | | ı) Triangulation ıi) Traverse. | 1 |
| ı | 1 | (B) Plane Table Survey | |
| | ! | Methods of Plane Table | |
| 1 | ! | Survey . | 140 |
| | 1 | a) Radiation Method | 12 |
| | | b) Intersection Method | |
| 1 | i | · | |
| | | (Open Traverse) | ! |
| 1 | İ | (C) Prismatic Compass Survey | ' |
| | | Bearing : types and Systems of expressing | 164 |
| i |] | Of bearings. Conversion of | 04 |
| | 1 | beavings | |
| ! | | ii) Magnetic Declination | |
| | | iii) Procedure of Prismatic | ! |
| 1 | | Compass Survey | j j |
| 1 | | i) Open Traverse | .42 |
| | | ii) Closed Traverse | 12 |
| | 1 | (Only for Field Work) | |
| | | iv) Closing errors corrections | |
| | | by Bowditch Method | 1 ₀₈ |
| · | | (D) Dumpy Level | |
| 1 | | i) Collimaion Method | 05 |
| | I | ii) Rise and fall Method | |
| | | [Minimum two examples of | 1 |
| 1 | | each Method] | 1 } |
| | | (E) Indian Clinometer | 1 . |
| • | i | (Minimum Five Examples for | 104 |
| | | Calculating height of Objects |] • • |
| 1 | ĺ | 1 | |
| <u> </u> | - | <u></u> | <u>'</u> |
| 3 | Exacursion | Visit to a place of geographical | |
| 1 | 1 | interest and Submmission of its | |
| · — | <u> </u> | Report. | |
| | | | |

| Unit | Periods | Marks |
|---------------------------|------------------|-------|
| 1 | 48 | 40 |
| 2 | 48 | 40 |
| 13 | Tour / Excursion | 10 |
| | Report | - |
| Total | 96 | 90 |
| Journal :- (5) + Oral (5) | | 10 |
| <u> </u> | Total:- | 100 |

Reference Books

| Sr.No. | Name of Book's | Aurthor's Name |
|--------|---|----------------------------------|
| 1 | Map Work and Practical Geography | Gopal Sing |
| 2 | Elements of Practical Geography | R.L. Singh., P.K.Dutta. |
| 3 | Fundamentals of Cartography | R.L. Misra and A. Ramesh |
| 4 | Map Work and Practical Geography | R. Sing, L.R. Singh / Kanujia |
| 5 | A Text book of Practical Geography | M. Ishtiaq. |
| 6 | Map Projection | George Kellaway |
| 7 | An introduction to the Study of Map Projections | J.A. Steers. |
| 8 | Surveying and levelling | T.P. Kanetkar and Kulkarni |
| 9 | Surveying and levelling | V.S. Gajare |

| Unit | Type of Question | Marks |
|-----------------------------|---|-------|
| 1. Projection | a) Theory | 05 |
| | b) Construction of any two Projection 15 marks | |
| | each | 30 |
| | c) Choice of Map Projection | 05 |
| Surveying | a) Theory / Conversion of bearing | 05 |
| | b) Preparation of plan with the help of plane table / Prismatic compass survey. | 15 |
| | c) Correction of bearing and closing error by | |
| | Bowditch method. | 10 |
| | d) Example of Dumpy level Rise and Fall method | |
| | / Collimation method. | 06 |
| | e) Calculating Height by Clinometer | 04 |
| | a) Report | 10 |
| 3. Tour/ | b) Oral (5) + Journal (5) | 10 |
| Excursion Report | | |
| | Total :- | 100 |