

University of Poona



Syllabus for M.A. Degree Course under "85 Pattern" (Non-Semester) Examination

HISTORY

(From June 1987)

Introduction of "85 Pattern" Non-Semester Examinations for Post-Graduate Courses

(I) In pursuance of the decisions of the University authorities, it is hereby notified for the information of all concerned that the new system of examinations will be introduced for the following post-graduate courses from the academic year 1986-87. This system will be called "85-Pattern" (Non-Semester) Examinations.

(II) *M.A. and M.Com. under Faculties of Arts, Mental, Moral and Social Sciences & Commerce*

1. There will be 'Term-End' Examination of the first term of the academic year. It will be held on convenient dates some time in November/December, as may be decided by the University authorities.

2. Each paper for the 'Term-End' Examination will be of 60 marks and will have the duration of three hours. The marks obtained by the student out of 60 will then be converted into the marks out of 20.

3. There will be an 'Annual' examination at the end of the academic year some time in April/May as may be decided by the University authorities. Each paper at the 'Annual' examination will carry 80 marks and will be of three hour's duration.

4. The question paper for the 'Term-End' Examination will be set on the syllabi prescribed for the first term. The question paper for the 'Annual' examination will be set on the syllabi of the entire academic year. The questions in the annual examination will be by marks, in the ratio of approximately 40% on the syllabus prescribed for the first term approximately 60% on the syllabus prescribed for the second term.

5. The syllabi as prescribed for the Semester I and II at M.A. and M.Com. under semester system would continue to be the syllabi of the first term and second term respectively, under "85 Pattern". Similarly the syllabi prescribed for semester III and IV under semester system for M.A./M.Com. examinations would respectively be the same under the '85 Pattern'. The Boards of Studies are revising the syllabi according to the '85 Pattern'. The revised syllabi shall be introduced with due notification.

(III) *M.Sc. & M.A. under Science Faculty :*

1. For M.Sc. (& M.A. in Geography, Statistics and Mathematics) courses under Faculty of Science the Semester System will be continued as at present with the conduct of semester-end examinations at the end of each semester. However, the proportion of external and internal components will be changed from 60 : 40 formula to the "85-Pattern" formula of 80 : 20 (80 marks for semester and examination of the course and 20 marks for the internal assessment of the same course)

2. The Practice of Departmental Courses will henceforth be valid for P. G. (M.A., M.Sc.) Courses under the Faculty of Science and NOT for M.A. under Mental, Moral and Social Sciences Faculty, Arts Faculty and M.Com. under Commerce Faculty.

3. The syllabi in the departmental as well as university courses shall be for the time being the same as under the semester system. The revised syllabi as prescribed by the respective Board of Studies shall be introduced with due notification.

4. Except these University science departments and P.G. centres (for subjects in Science Faculty) situated at other colleges or in recognised institutions which have been granted permission for academic flexibility, all other science departments and P. G. Centres in Science Faculty subjects will follow the Pattern of 12 University Courses + 8 departmental Courses as at present. These University as well as Departmental Courses should be distributed in equal proportion over the four semesters.

5. For all examinations whether University or Departmental, or whether for external assessment or for internal assessment, minimum marks for passing under each head of passing will be 40% subject to the application of existing rules for grading of marks and condonation of failures. Thus for internal assessment the minimum marks required for passing in course shall be Eight out of Twenty, and for external/semester-end examination in a course the minimum marks required for passing will be Thirty two out of Eighty.

(IV) *Standard of Passing at M.A., M.Sc. & M.Com.*

1. The candidate is required to obtain atleast 32 marks out of 80 in each paper at the "Annual" examination. He shall be declared to have passed in the paper provided he/she has secured an aggregate of 40% marks in the 'Term End' examination and 'Annual' examination taken together, in each paper.

2. The candidate having obtained 32 marks out of 80 marks in the annual examination but failing to obtain an aggregate of 40% marks in the Annual examination and the Term-End examination taken together may improve his/her aggregate performance in the paper either by appearing for Term-End examination or for Annual examination or both. Passing at the Term-End examination is not compulsory.

3. The candidate failing to secure 32 marks in the annual examination shall have to appear for subsequent annual examination in that paper.

(V) *Award of Class*

The class in respect of M.A., M.Sc. and M.Com. examinations be awarded to the students on the basis of aggregate marks obtained by the candidates in all the papers at first and second year taken together. The award of class shall be under.

1. 70% and above-First Class with Distinction.
2. 60% and above but less than 70%- First class.

3. 50% and above but less than 60% - Second Class.
4. 40% and above but less than 50% - Pass Class.
5. Less than 40% - Failure.

VI. *New Examination Pattern*

1. The 'Term-End' examination will be conducted once in the academic year only. The rules/ordinances given in Circular No. 210 of 1982-83 dated 21st January, 1983, will be made applicable for 'Annual' examinations only.

2. The candidates at the M.A., M.Sc. and M.Com. will be allowed to join the Second Year of the same course irrespective of the number of backlogs at the First-Year.

3. In case of M.A./M.Com. semester examinations, the students admitted in 1985-86 shall proceed through the Semester stream and last examination under the semester pattern will be held in October/November 1987, April/May 1988, and in October/November 1988.

4. The student who has taken the admission under the Semester System in the academic year 1985-86 or earlier will have to appear for the Departmental Courses as before. From the academic year 1986-87, the Departmental Courses will be termed as Optional papers. The responsibility of setting of question papers, of these Optional Papers will rest with the University. However, for the Term End examination of November 1986, the work of setting of question papers and assessing the answer books will rest with the Departments/Post-Graduate Centres concerned, as a special case.

5. The Term-End examination for the Optional papers will be of 60 marks and three hours duration and these marks are to be converted into the marks out of 20.

These marks are to be communicated to the students by college/department concerned.

6. The student who has appeared under the semester system at the M.A./M.Com. examinations but failed at these examinations at the last chance will be required to re-appear for the corresponding courses/subjects papers as may be decided by the Boards of Studies. The results of such candidates will be declared in accordance with the semester system. This provision is for the students who have appeared and failed at the last examination to be held in October, 1988 under the semester system.

7. The question banks at M.A. and M.Com. will be delinked from the examinations with effect from 1986-87 for examinations under "85 Pattern".

8. In respect of the external candidate, for M.A. or M.Com. examination, he will have to register and appear for the annual examination of 80 marks per paper only. These marks will be converted into marks out of 100 and the result will be declared accordingly.

9. In respect of the practical examination in the subjects like Experimental Psychology, Anthropology at the Post-Graduate level, there will be no practical examination at the term end. Practical examinations will be conducted only once at the time of annual examinations as is done in case of Under-Graduate classes.

10. The rates for the paper-setting and assessment of answer books at the 'Term-End' examination at M.A. and M.Com. will be the same as prescribed in the schedule 'A' of scale remuneration for examination work Part I existence. The persons

entrusted with the work of preparation of the results and conversion of marks will be entitled for a remuneration of Rs. 0.50 per candidate as in the case of Under-Graduate classes.

11. The pattern of question papers for the term end examination at M.A./M.Com. provisionally for October/November, 1986 and October/November, 1987 will be the same as it was under the Semester System. As the question banks are delinked from the examinations, the candidates in new system "(85 pattern)" will get an over-all option. In other words, candidate appearing under '85 pattern' will be required to answer any four questions out of eight questions of Section I and Section II taken together.

12. The fees to be charged at M.A./M.Com. (85 pattern) examinations will be Rs. 80/- for Term-End examination and Rs. 120/- for Annual examinations.

Revised M.A. History Syllabus

Core Papers :

- *1. World in the 20th Century (upto 1971)
2. Historiography
- *3. History of India (upto A.D. 1200)
4. Medieval Indian Ideas and Institutions.
- *5. Administrative and Socio-Economic History of the Marathas.
6. Indian National Movement.

Optional Papers—

Group I—Any two of the following :

1. History of Commonwealth (with special reference to Canada).
2. History of Communism in Russia and China in the 20th century.
3. History of U.S.A (1861-1945).
4. Modern Japan (1853-1955).
5. History of West Asia (1900-1970).

Group II—Any two of the following :

1. Medieval European Culture.
2. History and Philosophy of Science and Technology.
(Scientific and Technological Developments in the West).
3. Revolutions in France (1789-1848).
4. Diplomatic History of Europe (1815-1914).

Group III—Any two of the following :

1. Political Thought and Administration in Ancient India.
2. History of South India from the Sangam Age to the fall of the Cholas.
3. History of the Deccan from the Satavhanas to the end of the Badami Chalukya Rule.
4. Rashtrakutas and Chalukyas of Kalyana.

Group IV—Any two of the following :

1. Yadavas of Devgiri.
2. History of Vijayanagara and its off-shoots.
3. History of the Bahmani Kingdom and its off-shoots.
4. Akbar : An intensive political study.

Group V—Any two of the following :

1. Royal period of Maratha History (1630-1707).
2. Diplomatic History of the Marathas (1708-1818).
3. Cultural History of Maharashtra.
4. Maharashtra in the 19th Century.

Group VI—Any two of the following :

1. British Administrative Policies in India (1818-1919).
2. Industrialisation and Urbanisation in Modern India (1850-1950).
3. History of Science and Technology in India.
4. Socio-Religious Ideological Trends in Modern India.

Note :—The candidate has to offer all the 6 core papers and any one of the 6 Groups of Optional papers.

* Core Paper Nos. 1, 3 and 5 will be taught in the first year and Paper Nos. 2, 4 and 6 in the Second year.

** Question Paper will be set only on those courses which are being taught in the University, and other Post-graduate centres in the University jurisdiction.

Revised M.A. History Syllabus

Core I—World in the 20th Century (upto 1971)

First Term

1. World in 1900—(i) Formation of the Triple Entente
(ii) European powers and the Ottoman Empire—Rise of Balkan nationalism
Young Turk Revolution, the Balkan wars.
(iii) Asia and Western Dominance.
(iv) European Imperialism in Africa (A survey).
2. The First World War—Causes, economic and social impact of the war, the Peace Settlement of Paris 1919, the French demands and Anglo-American response, problem of Reparations and inter-allied debts, the Mandates, The League of Nations—Search for Peace.
3. The Russian Revolution of 1917—Role of Lenin and Stalin in the economic and social reconstruction in soviet union.
4. Rise of communism in China—Conflict between Comintern and the Communists (a brief survey).

5. Rise of Japan a world power—Washington Conference, rise of militarism—Japan-U.S. relations.
6. The Great Depression—Causes and Consequences.
7. The Rise of Dictatorship : Causes. Dictatorship in Turkey, Italy, Germany and Spain.
8. Growth of nationalism in Afro-Asian countries.
9. Growth of German, Italian and Japanese imperialism and the role of the League of Nations—Policy of Appeasement.
10. Political events from Munich to the Outbreak of World War II.
11. From Pearl Harbour to the fall of Japan.

Second Term

12. The birth of the U.N.
13. The emergence of independent nations in Asia and Africa.
14. The Cold War : Era of military alliances, Policy of U. S. under Truman and Eisenhower.
15. Communist Revolution in China (1949) Economic Progress, Great Leap Forward—Sino Indian border dispute.
16. Japan after World War II—Her economic resurgence.
17. Foreign Policy of the U.S.S.R. under Nikita Khrushchev—Sino-Soviet rift.
18. Emergence of Non-aligned nations—Bandung and the Panchsheel—role of India in the non-aligned movement.
19. Birth of Israel—Arab Israel conflicts and the role of the superpowers—Oil politics.
20. Indo Pak relations—the Kashmir Problem—Indo Pak Conflict of 1971 and the Birth of Bangla Desh.
21. Racial problem in South Africa, Civil Rights Movement in the U.S.
22. Problems of the developing nations—the role of the U.N.
23. Impact of Science and technology on modern World.

Books for Study

1. Carr, E. H.—*International Relation between the two World wars.*
2. Carr, E. H.—*Twenty Years Crisis.* London, 1958.
3. Langsam, W. C.—*The World Since 1919.*
4. Palmer, R. R. and Cotton Joel—*History of the Modern World,* London, 1966.
5. Wales, Peter—*World Affairs Since 1919.*
6. Thomson, David—*World History 1914-1968,* Oxford, 1969.
7. Quingley Cersrol—*The World Since 1919.* New York, 1968.
8. Lipson—*Europe in the 19th and 20th Centuries.*
9. F. Lee Benns and Mary Elisabeth Seldon—*Europe : 1939 to present,* New York. 1971.]
10. ईश, डॉ. सुदन—आधुनिक जग.

Books for Reference

1. Jackson, J. H.—*The Between-World War*, London, 1947.
2. Sanger, Richard H.—*The Insurgent Era*, Washington, D. C. 1970.
3. Crozier, Brian—*Neo-Colonialism*, London, 1964.
4. Ergang Robert—*Europe in Our Times*.
5. Halle,—*Cold War a History*.
6. Fountain, A.—*A History of Cold War*.
7. Sontag, R. J.—*European Diplomatic History*.
8. Rene, Albert Carria—*Diplomatic History of Europe since the Congress of Vienna*.
9. Cathorn-Hardy, G.M.—*A Short History of International Affairs*, Oxford 1947.

Core Paper II—Historiography

1. Nature and scope of History.
2. Importance and availability of historical documents (courses with special reference to Pune Archives, BISM Archives, Pune, Rajwade Samshodhan Mandal Archives, Dhule and others.
3. External Criticism.
4. Internal Criticism
5. Romantic and Utilitarian view of history.
6. Marxist and Sociological view of history.
7. Indian historiography—R.C. Dutta, A.S. Altekar, K.A.N. Nilakanta Sastri R. C. Mujumdar, D.D. Kosambi.
8. Maratha Historiography : V.K. Rajwade, G.S. Sardesai, S.N. Sen, Grant Duff, Jadunath Sarkar, and T. S. Shejwalkar.

Books for Study

1. Carr, E. H.—*What is History?*
2. Williams, C. H.—*Modern Historians*.
3. Patrick Gardiner—*Theories of History*.
4. Langlois and Seignobos—*Introduction to the Study of History*.
5. Sen, S. P.—*Historians and Historiography in Modern India*.
6. George Novack—*Understanding History*, New York.
7. Walsh, W. H.—*An Introduction to Philosophy of History*. London, 1951.
8. Sheik, Ali B.—*History: Its Theory and Method*, Madras, 1972.
9. Clark, G. Kitson—*Guide for Research students working on Historical subjects* Cambridge, 1959.
10. Garraghan, G. J., *A Guide to Historical Method*, Chicago, 1948.
11. Ranier, G. J., *History: Its purpose and Method*, Boston, 1950.
12. Subrahmanian, N., *Historiography*, Madurai, 1978.
13. Elton, G. R.—*Practice of History*, London.

14. Postan, M.—*Facts and Relevance: Essays in Historical Method*. Cambridge University Press, 1971.
15. बलसंगकर, कृ. बा., इतिहास स्वतंत्र आणि अभ्यास.
16. आठवले, सदाशिव, इतिहासाचे तत्त्वज्ञान, बार्ई, १९८७.

Books for Reference

1. Toynbee—*Study of History*, Oxford, 1946.
2. Shotwell—*History of Historiography*.
3. Collingwood—*The Idea of History*.
4. Marwick, A.—*Nature of History*, London, 1980.
5. Hegel—*The Philosophy of History*, New York, 1956.
6. Croce, B.—*History—Its Theory and Practice*, London, 1921.
7. Lambert, Sir Henry—*The Nature of History*, London, 1933.
8. Jasper, Karl—*Origin and Goal of History*.
9. Eloch, M.—*The Historian's Craft*, translated by Peter Putnam, New York, 1953.
10. Stron, F. (ed.)—*The varieties of History*, New York, 1968.
11. Commager Henry, Steek—*The Nature and Study of History*, 1965.
12. Finberg, P. R. (ed.)—*Approaches to History*, London, Routledge and Kegan, 1968.
13. Hockett, H. C.—*The Critical Method in Historical Research*, Macmillan, 1955.
14. Strayer Joseph R.—*The Interpretation of History*, Princeton University Press, 1943.
15. Phillips, C. H.—*Historians of India, Pakistan and Ceylon*, London, Oxford University Press, 1967 (Reprint).
16. Childe, V. G.—*The Past, the Present, the Future—Past and Present*, Vol. X.
17. Grace, E. Cairns—*Philosophics of History*, New York, Philosophical Library, 1962.
18. Marcy—*Sense of History*.
19. Peter, Gyles—*Debates with Historians*, New York, 1958.
20. Widgery, A. G.—*Interpretation of History*: London, Allen and Unwin, 1961.
21. Pron, R.—*Introduction to the Philosophy of History*, London: Weidenfeld and Nicolson, 1948 and 1961.
22. Burckhardt, J.—*Reflections on History*, London, 1943.
23. Tikekar, *On Historiography*.

Core Paper III—History of India (Upto A.D. 1200)

1. *Indus Valley Civilization*—Origins, extent, Characteristic features, major cities, Trade and Commerce, Causes of decline, Survival and continuity.
2. *The Vedic Age*—Vedic Literature. Major religious ideas and rituals. Socio-Economic Conditions.

3. *The Mauryas*—Sources. Rise, extent and fall of the empire. Administration, social and economic conditions, Ashoka's Dharma and reforms.
4. *The Post-Maurya Period*—(200 B. C.—300 A. D.) Principal dynasties in Northern and Southern India. Economy and Society. Religion and art.
5. *Guptas*—Rise and fall of the Gupta Empire. The Vakatakas, Administration, Society, economy, Literature, art and religion.
6. *Harsha*—Harsha's Kingdom—Administration Hu-en Tsang's Account—Buddhism and Nalanda.
7. *Sangam Age*—Sangam literature as source material. Political Institutions Social structure, Trade and Commerce, Religion.
8. *South Indian Dynasties*—Chola and Pallava : Political History.
 - (a) Administrative system : Central, provincial, local including Village communities.
 - (b) Philosophy and Religion.
 - (c) Art and Architecture.

Books for Study

1. Tripathi, R. S.—*History of Ancient India*, Delhi, 1960.
2. Ray Chaudhari H. C.—*Political History of Ancient India*, 1938.
3. Smith, V. A.—*Early History of India*, Oxford, 1924.
4. Ghosh, N. W.—*Early History of India*, Allahabad, 1939.
5. Rapson, E. J.—*Ancient India*, Cambridge, 1916.

Books for Reference

1. Aiyangar, S. K.—*Ancient India and South Indian History and Culture*, 1941.
2. Das, S. K.—*Economic Life in Ancient India*, Calcutta, 1925.
3. Bandhyopadhyaya, N. C.—*Economic Life and progress in Ancient India*.
4. Aiyangar, P.T.S.—*Life in Ancient India in the age of Mantras*.
5. Apte, V. M.—*Social and Religious life in the Grihya Sutras*, Ahmedabad, 1939.
6. Sengupta, N. C.—*Sources of Law Society in Ancient India*.
7. Chakladar, H. C.—*Social Life in Ancient India*.
8. Chakraberty, Chandra—*A Study in Hindu*.
9. Wheeler, R.E.M.—*The Hindus Civilization—Social Polity*, Calcutta.
10. Sastri, K.A.N.—*The Age of Nandas and Mauryas*.
11. Banerjee, R. D.—*The Age of Imperial Guptas*.
12. Majumdar, R. C.—*The Vakataka and Gupta Age*.
13. Mukerjee, R. K.—*Chandra Gupta and his Times*.
14. Sastri, K. A. N.—*History of South India*.

Core Paper IV—Medieval Indian Ideas and Institutions

I Sources

1. Persian Source.
2. Other literary sources.
3. Epigraphical sources.
4. Foreign traveller's accounts.

II Theoretical Aspects

1. Sukracharya on State and Society.
2. Ramchandrapant Amatya on State and Government.

III Administrative Aspects

1. Nature of State and Government in medieval India.
(a) Delhi Sultanat, (b) Mughals, (c) Vijayanagara.
2. The Mansabdari System.
3. Law and Legal Institutions.
4. Religious Policy of the Mughals.
5. Feudalism in medieval India.

IV Social Aspects

1. Social Stratification and social mobility among Hindus and Muslims.
2. Position of Women.
3. Educational System.

V Religious Aspects

- (1) Saivism, (2) Vaisnavism, (3) Jainism, (4) Sikhism, (5) Sufism.

VI Economic Aspects

1. Agrarian system under the Mughals and Vijayanagara.
2. Trade and Commerce under the Delhi Sultanas, Mughals and Vijayanagara
3. Currency System under Delhi Sultans and Vijayanagara.

Books for Study

1. Sharma, Sri Ram—*Mughal Government and Administration*, Bombay, 1951.
2. Sastri, Nilkanta K. A.—*History of South India*, (2nd ed.) Madras, 1958, (3rd ed.) 1966.
3. Mahalingam, T. V.—*Economic Life in the Vijaynagar Empire*, Madras, 1951.
4. Qureshi, I. H.—*The Administration of Mughal Empire*, Patana, 1973.
5. Qureshi, I. H.—*The Administration of Sultanate of Delhi*, Lahore (2nd ed.) 1941.
6. Tapan Rayachaudhuri and Irfan Habib (ed.)—*The Cambridge economic History of India*, Vol. I : C, 1200-C. 1750. Hyderabad 1984.
7. Wright H. Nelson—*Coinage and Metrology of the Sultanas of Delhi—Delhi*, 1936, rpt 1974.
8. Ashraf, K. M.—*Life and Conditions of the People of Hindustan*.

Books for Reference

1. Habib, Irfan,—*The Agrarian System of Mughal India, (1556-1707)*, Bombay, 1963.
2. Mahalingam, T. V.,—*South Indian Policy*, Madras, 1970.
3. Tara Chand,—*Influence of Islam on Indian Culture*, Allahabad, 1946.
4. Nilakanta Sastri, K. V. and Venkataramanayya N. (Ed.),—*Further Sources of Vijayanagara History*, 3 Vols, Madras, 1946.
5. Sarkar, B. K. (tr.) *Nitisorā of Sukra*, Allahabad, 1923.
6. Ramchandrapanta Amatya, Hukumat Panha, *Ajnapatra ani Rajaniti*, ed. by S. N. Joshi and L. M. Bhingare, Pune, 1960.
7. Ansari, M. A.,—*European Travellers under the Mughals (1580-1627)*, Delhi, 1975.
8. Foster, W. (ed.),—*Early Travels in India, 1583-1619*, rpt. in India, New Delhi, 1968.
9. Blochmann H.,—*Ain-i-Akbari of Abul Fazi*, Vol. I tr. New Delhi, 1965, Jarrett, H. S.— - do - Vol. II tr. Calcutta, 1891.
10. Sir H. M. Elliot and J. Dowson,—*The History of India as told by its own historians*, London, 1867-77, rpt, Allahabad, 1972.
11. Baden-Powell, B. H.,—*Land System of British India*, 3 Vols, Oxford, 1892.
12. Ahmad, Aziz,—*Studies in Islamic Culture in the Indian Environment*, Oxford, 1964.
13. Hussain, Jaffar,—*Qanun-i-Islam*.
14. पगरी, हेतुमाधवराव,—मुफ्ती संप्रदाय.

Care Paper V—Administrative & Socio-Economic History of the Marathas
(during the *Royal Period and the Peshwa Period*)

Sources :—Literary, Marathi, Sanskrit, Persian, Archival, Numismatical, Foreign sources-English, French, Portuguese.

I Administrative Pattern :

1. Civil Administration.
2. Political institutions—Kingship and council of ministers under Shivaji and the Peshwas
3. Administrative Divisions and officers, Administration in Subha, Pargana, Tarf and Mauje.

II Fiscal Administration :

1. Sources of income—Land Revenue, Chauth, Sardeshmukhi and other taxes and cesses.
2. Items of Expenditure.

III Judicial Administration :

- Sources of Law, Judicial institutions—King's Majlis, Gotsabha, Brahmasabha Village Panchayat.
- Judicial procedure, Civil offences, Crime and punishment.

IV Military Organization :

Divisions of the Army : Infantry, Cavalry, Artillery etc. and their organization.
Forts and Fort Administration, Naval Organization.

V Social Conditions :

1. Social structure, castes and communities.
2. Position of Women.
3. Education.
4. Fairs and Festivals.
5. Village Communities.

VI Economic Conditions :

1. Agriculture—Cropping pattern.
2. Types of land.
3. Method of assessment and collection.
4. Famines and relief measures.

VII Trade and Commerce :

1. Industrial and Commercial Centres, Trade routes and Communication.
2. Currency and Banking
3. Types of Coins, Mints, Bankers and Banking houses.
4. Instruments of Credit
5. Hundi, Varat etc.

Books for Study

1. Kulkarni, A. R.,—*Maharashtra in the Age of Shivaji*, Pune, 1969.
2. Sen, S. N.,—*Administrative System of the Marathas*, 3rd edition Calcutta, 1976.
3. Sen, S. N.,—*Military System of the Marathas*, New Delhi, 1979.

Books for Reference

1. Gune, V. T.—*Judicial System of the Marathas*, Pune, 1953.
2. Pawar, A. G. (ed.)—*Maratha History Seminar Shivaji University*, 1971.
3. Kamble, B. R. (ed.)—*Studies in Shivaji and his times*, Shivaji University 1982.
४. शिवकालीन पत्रसार संग्रह भाग १, २, ३, भा. इ सं. सं. पुणे भाग १, १९३०, भाग २, १९३० भाग ३, १९३७
५. जोशी, शं. ना.—मराठेकालीन समाजदर्शन, पुणे १९६०
६. जोशी, शं. ना.—अर्वाचिन महाराष्ट्रेतिहासकालीन राज्यकारभाराषा अभ्यास, भाग १ सा
७. कुलकर्णी, अ. रा.—शिवकालीन महाराष्ट्र, शिवाजी विद्यापीठ, कोल्हापूर, १९७७
८. भावे, वा. कृ.—पेशवेकालीन महाराष्ट्र, दिल्ली. १९७६
९. देशमुख, पारदा—शिवकालीन आणि पेशवेकालीन स्त्री जीवन
१०. सरदार, गं. बा.—संत वाङ्मयाची फलश्रुती
११. अ. रा. कुलकर्णी आणि ग. ह. बरे—मराठयांच्या इतिहास—भाग २ आणि ३, पुणे-१९८४
12. Desai, Sudha—*Social life in Maharashtra under the Peshwas*, Bombay, 1980.

Core Paper VI—Indian National Movement

1. Impact of the British rule on the Indian Society.
2. Rise and Growth of Social Reform Movement.
3. Growth of Nationalism—(1) Social (2) Religious (3) Economic
4. Emergence of Political Associations.
5. Founding of Indian National Congress—(1) Nature of the Congress
6. Congress 1885–1920—(1) Moderates' Philosophy (2) Extremists' Philosophy (3) Militants' and Revolutionaries' Philosophy.
7. National Movement as a Mass Movement—
(1) Workers Movement
(2) Gandhian Philosophy.
8. New Techniques of Mass Movement—(1) Non-Cooperation (2) Civil disobedience (3) Satyagraha.
9. Communal rift
10. Constitutional developments leading to Transfer to Power.

Books of Study

1. Gopal, S.—*British Policy in India 1857–1905*, Oxford, 1965.
2. Sarkar Sumit—*Modern India 1885–1947*, 1983, by Macmillan, India Ltd., Delhi, Bombay, Calcutta, Madras.
3. Spear, Percival—*Oxford History of Modern India*, Oxford, 1965.
4. Majumdar, R. C.—ed. *History and Culture of the Indian People* Pt. 2. Vol. 10 British Paramountcy and Indian Renaissance, Bombay, 1965.
5. Seal, Anil—*The Emergence of Indian Nationalism*, Cambridge, 1968.
6. Mehrotra, S. R.—*The Emergence of the Indian National Congress*, Delhi 1971.
7. Banerjee, Surendra Nath—*A Nation in the Making*, London, 1925.
8. Sitaramayya, B. Pattabhi—*The History of the Indian National Congress* 2 Vol. Madras, 1935 and 1947.
9. Desai, A. R.—*Social Background of Indian Nationalism*, Bombay, 1959.
10. Tarachand—*History of Freedom Movement* Vol. III & IV.
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12. Gopal, Ram—*British Rule in India : An Assessment*, New York, 1963.
13. Bipin Chandra—*The Rise and Growth of Economic Nationalism*, New Delhi, 1966.
14. Verney Lovett—*A History of the Indian Nationalist Movement* London, 1920, 1968.

Books for Reference

1. Mehrotra, S. R.—*India's Freedom and Partition*, New Delhi, 1979.
2. Metcalfe., T.R.—*Aftermath of the Revolt*, Princeton, 1964.

3. Phillips, C H.—ed. *The Evolution of India and Pakistan 1858 to 1947 Select Documents*. London, 1962.
4. Nanda, B. R.—*Gokhale : The Indian Moderator and the British Raj* Princeton, 1977
5. Tripathi, A.—*The Extremist Challenge, India between 1890–1910*, New Delhi, 1967.
6. Agov, D.—*Moderates and Extremist in the Indian Nationalist Movement, 1833–1920*, Bombay, 1967.
7. Masselos, Jim—*Indian Nationalism A History*, Stearling Publishers, Private Ltd., New Delhi–110016.
8. Heimsath, C. H.—*Indian Nationalism and Hindu Social Reform*, Princeton, 1964.
9. Ravindra Kumar—(ed.) *Essays of Gandhian Politics : The Rowlatt Satyagraha of 1919*, Oxford 1971.
10. Srinivas, M. N.—*Social Change in Modern India*, California, 1966.
11. Gandhi, Mohandas K.—*An Autobiography : The Story of My Experiments with Truth*, Boston, 1957.
12. Gopal, S.—*Jawaharlal Nehru*, 3 Vols. Oxford, Delhi.
13. Sarkar, Sumit—*Swadeshi Movement in Bengal 1903–08*, New Delhi, 1973.
14. Hutchins, Francis G.—*The Illusion of Permanence*, Princeton, 1967.

Optional Paper Group-1

(i) *History of Commonwealth (with special reference to Canada)*

1. The growth of the concept of Commonwealth.
The Durham Report The Dominion Status.
Growth of Responsible government in Australia New Zealand till World War I.
2. The movement of Imperial Federation. Colonial and Imperial Conferences
—The economic issues involved in the idea of imperial federation.
3. World War I and its impact on the nature and structure of Commonwealth.
—The Channak incident—The Statute of Westminster 1931—The Commonwealth and the League of Nations—Commonwealth and the Depression—
impact of British foreign policy on the Commonwealth.
4. The World War II and its impact on the Commonwealth. The impact of the national movements on the Commonwealth. India and the Commonwealth. Commonwealth and Africa. The Suez Crisis and its impact on Commonwealth. The constitutional structure of the Commonwealth of Nations.
5. Afri-Asian members and the Western Powers—their mutual relation in the Commonwealth.
6. The tensions threatening the solidarity of the Commonwealth.
7. Apartheid its consequences.
8. Struggle for Canada—the Anglo-French rivalry—The Quebec Act of 1974.

9. The Constitution of 1791 and the demand for responsible government—The Reform Party.
10. Earl of Durham and his report—The Governor—Generalship of Lord Sydenham. Act of Union, 1840. Growth of responsible government in Canada under Lord Elgin. The British North America Act, 1867, and the birth of Dominion of Canada.
11. Canada and World War I—Canada's role in the League of Nations.
12. Canada—U.S. relations.
13. Canada and World War II.
14. Canada's relations with other Commonwealth countries, with special reference to India.

Books for Study

1. Millern, J.D.B.—*Commonwealth in the World*.
2. Gordon—Walkar, R.—*The Commonwealth*.
3. Wheare, K. C.—*Constitutional Structure of the Commonwealth*.
4. Jennings, Sir Ivor—*Commonwealth in South Asia*.
5. Griffith, Percival—*Empire Into Commonwealth*.
6. *Cambridge History of the British Empire*.
7. Wheare, K. C.—*Statutes of Westminster and Dominion Status*.
8. Dawson, R. N.—*Development of Dominion Status*.
9. Lower, A.R.N.—*Colony to Nation : A History of Canada*.

Books for Reference

10. Keith, A. B.—*Speeches and Documents on British Dominions*.
11. Coupland, R.—*Durham Report*.
12. Hancock, W. K.—*Survey of British Commonwealth Affairs*. 2 Vols.
13. Mansergh, N.—*Survey of British Commonwealth Affairs. Problems of external Policy 1931-1939*.
14. Mansergh, N.—*Survey of British Commonwealth Affairs : Problems of War time Co-operational Post War Change : 1939-1952*.
15. Deshmukh, C. D.—*The Commonwealth as India sees it*.

Optional Paper Group I

(ii) *History of Communism in Russia and China in the 20th Century.*

1. *Background of Communist ideology*—(Socialist thought since 1815, (from St. Simon to Prodhoun).
2. *Marxism*—Its theoretical foundations and programme. Marxism and the Russian Populist movement (Narodniks).
3. *The Russian Revolution*—Causes and course.
 - (i) The Menshevik Revolution,
 - (ii) The October Revolution.

4. (a) *Lenin* : (a) as a political activist
(b) as a political thinker
(c) as a statesman
(b) *Stalin Era* : Trotsky and Stalin. Struggle of power, Political Purge.
5. *The economic programme of the Soviet State* :
(a) NEP
(b) Five Year Plans
(c) New Constitution.
6. *USSR in the World* :
(a) (i) Communist International
(ii) Communism and Asia
(iii) Cominform.
(b) (i) Soviet Diplomacy Since 1917
(ii) USSR in World War II
(iii) Origins of Cold War
(iv) USSR as a World Power.
7. *USSR and the Third World* :
(i) USSR and China
(ii) USSR and India.

CHINA :

1. *Revolution of 1911* and its effects on Chinese Society, Culture and politics.
2. *Sun Yat-Sen and Sun Min Chu I* :
(a) Foundation of CCP
(b) Foundation of Kuomintang
(c) Impact of Russian Revolution on Chinese Nationalism
(d) Cooperation between USSR and China—1st Phase (from 1921 to 1927).
3. *KMT v/s CCP* :
(a) Policies of Chiang-Kai Shaik
(b) The Communist movement in the South
(c) The Long March
4. *Japanese invasion of Manchuria* and Cooperation between KMT and CCP (2nd Phase).
5. *World War II* :
(a) American attitude towards China.
(b) Conflict between the Nationalists and the Communists.
(c) Triumph of Communist movement.
6. *Communist Regime in China* :
(a) Economic Policies.
(b) Korean War.
(c) Cultural Revolution.
7. *Maoism*. its Philosophy and programme.
(i) Conflict between USSR and China.
(ii) China and USA.
(iii) China, India and Asia.

Books for Study

1. Westwood, J. N.—*Endurance and Endeavour : Russian History, 1812-1971*, Oxford, 1973.
2. Sumner B. H.—*Survey of Russian History* University Paper back, 1966.
3. Nenarkov, Albert P.—*Russia in the Twentieth Century*, New York, 1968.
4. Walsh, W. B.—*Russia and the Soviet Union* Michigan Univ. Press, 1958.
5. Cohen, Rabirowitch, and Sharlet : *The Soviet Union Since Stalin* Indiana Univ. Press.
6. Mc Alcahy, Henry : *Modern History of China*.
7. Beckman : *Modernization of China and Japan*.
8. Fitzgerald C. P.—*The Birth of Communist China*, Pelican, 1971.
9. Coltier, John and Elsie—*China's Socialist Revolution*, New York, 1973.
१०. गुप्ते र. शं. : पूर्व आशियाचा आधुनिक इतिहास.

Books for Reference

1. Dobb, Maurice—*Soviet Economic Development Since 1917*, London, 1978.
2. Carr, E. H.—*Socialism in One Country*.
3. Deutcher, Issae—*Stalin*, Pelican, 1977.
4. Dallian, D. J.—*Soviet Foreign Policy After Stalin*, Meltarun, 1962.
5. Rosenberg Arthur—*A History of Bolshevism*, London, 1934.
6. Chesneaux, Jean, China—*The People's Republic*, Harvester Press, 1979.
7. Walker, R. L.—*China under Communism*, London, 1956.
8. Karol, K. S.—*China : The other Communism*, London, 1956.
9. Snow, Edger—*Red Star Over China*.

Group I (iii)—History of U.S.A. (1861-1945)

1. Civil War Causes, Nature and Effects.
2. The Reconstruction Various Plans.
3. Industrialisation—Rise of Big Business—Philosophy of Business. Trusts, Holding Companies.
4. Agriculture Vs. Industry—The Populise Movement.
5. Big Business and Govt.
Impact of capitalism on American Democracy.
6. Rise of Labour Movement.
7. Progressivism and Humanism.
8. Foreign Policy of U. S during 1865 to 1919.
9. Roaring Twenties.
10. The Great Depression and New Deal.
11. World War II—From Isolation to Intervention.
12. Impact of Capitalism on American Society and Value System.

Books for Study

1. Current, Williams and Freidel—*A History of the United-States since 1865*.
2. Faulkner—*American Political and Social History*.
3. Hofstadter, Miller and Arron—*The United States*.
4. Haldin Occar—*America*, Holt, Rinehart and Winston, 1968.
5. Friedel Frank and Drowry H. N *America*, D. C. Health and Col. Lexington, 1970.
६. गोरे, ना. ग.—अमेरिकेच्या संघराज्याचा इतिहास, पुणे, १९६०.

Books for Reference

1. Hoover, H.—*Ordeal of Woodrow Wilson*.
2. Leuchtenburg—William E., Franklin D. Roosevelt and the New Deal. Harper Torch Book, 1963.
3. Link Arthur—*American Epoch*, Alfred Knopf, New York, 1960.
4. Van Aistyne R. W.—*American Crisis Diplomacy*, Standford University Press, 1952.
5. Graebner, N. A.—*Cold War Diplomacy*, Van Nostrand, 1962.
6. Franklin, John Hope—*From Slavery to Freedom*, Vitage Crant, 1969.
7. Beard, Charles and Mary—*America in Mid-passage*, MacMillan, New York 1939.

Group I (iv) —Modern Japan (1853-1955)

1. Feudal Japan : State and Society.
2. Tokugawa Japan and the Western Powers :
(a) Opening of Japan (b) Treaties with foreign Powers.
3. The Meiji Restoration : Its nature and Philosophy.
4. Modernization of Japan (1867-1914) :
5. Expansion of Japan : First Phase upto 1910.
6. Rise of Japan as a World Power :
(a) World War I and Paris Peace Conference.
(b) Washington Conference.
7. Growth and decline of Constitutionalism.
8. Rise to Zaibatsu, Economic Progress and Industrialization. 1914-1939.
9. Rise of Militarism.
10. The Manchurian Invasion of 1931 and the League of Nations.
11. Conflicts with U.S.A.—leading to Pearl Harbour.
12. Japan and World War II.
13. American Occupation : The New Democracy.
14. The economic resurgence of Japan.

Books for Study

1. Beckmann, G. M.—*Modernisation of China and Japan.*
2. Reischauer, E. O.—*Japan : Past and Present.*
3. Samson—*Cultural History of Japan.*
4. Jan Romein—*Asian Century.*
५. गुप्ते, र. शं.—पूर्व आशियाचा आधुनिक इतिहास.

Books of Reference

1. Vinacke, H. M.—*History of the Far East in Modern Times.*
2. Vinacke, H. M., *Far East Since World War II.*
3. Reginald Toland—*Rise and Fall of the Japanese Empire.*
4. Holland, D. L.—*Asian Nationalism and the West.*
5. Panikkar, K. M.—*Asia and Western Dominance.*

Group I (v)—History of West Asia**(1900-1970) (Turkey & Iran)**

1. *Salient features of the Ottoman Rule*—The society and institutions : brief survey of the reform movement in Turkey.
2. *The reign of Abdul Hamid II*—The growing unrest : the Balkan Policy of the Sultan.
3. *The Young Turk movement*—Its Philosophy and programme—The Revolution; foreign policy of the revolutionaries—World War I.
4. *Mustafa Kemal and the Turkish republic*—Domestic policy of the Kemalist Government. Foreign policy of the Kemalist Government.
5. *Turkey and World War II*—Policy of Ismet Inonu—End of one party System. Domestic policy since World War II—Turkey and the Islamic World.
6. Salient features of the pre-20th century Iranian society—State of Iran.
7. *Iran and the West*—Anglo-Russian policies Iran—the Iranian reaction.
8. *Rise of Reza Shah Pahlavi*—the modernization of Iran : Iran and World War I.
9. Anglo-American interest in Iran.
10. Iran and World War II.
11. Mossadiq's oil-politics.
12. Iran and the East, Iran and Russia.

(1900-1970) (The Arabs and Israel)

1. The Geo-political factors in the Arab history.
2. Egypt under the British rule : a Socio-economic study
3. Rise and growth of Egyptian nationalism. Egypt during the World Wars.
4. *The Revolution of 1954*—Domestic policy of President Nasser : Nasser and the West—The Suez Crisis—Egypt and Soviet World.
5. The Genesis of the U. A. R. ; Foreign policy of U. A. R.

6. Rise and growth of nationalism in Arab States. World War I and the Role of T. E. Lawrence.
7. Pan-Arab sentiment : World War II.
8. Zionist movement and Genesis of Israel. The problem of Jerusalem.
9. Revolutionary nationalism in Syria, Iraq, Lebanon.
10. The Arabs and Israel : Areas of conflict.
11. The World and the Arab-Israel problem.
12. The Arab oil and the world economy.

Books for Study

1. Yale, William—*The Near East*, Michigan University Press, 1958.
2. Lenezowski, George—*The Middle East in World Affairs*, Cornell University Press, 1969.
3. Lewis, Bernard—*Emergence of Modern Turkey*.
4. Kirk, G.—*A Short History of the Middle East*.
5. Kirk, G.—*Contemporary Arab Politics*, Methuen, 1961.
6. Lucas, Noah—*The Modern History of Israel*, London, 1974.
7. Fisher, Sidney Netteiton—*The Middle East, A History*.
8. Stanford, Shaw J. and Shaw—*History of the O Hattan Empire, Vol. II (1808-1975)* Cambridge 1978.

Books for Reference

1. *Combrtidge History of Persia*, Vol. I and II.
2. Orga, Irfon—*I'honeix Ascendant*, London, 1958.
3. Bullard, Sir Reader, (ed.)—*The Middle East*, Oxford, London, 1958.
4. Shwardan, Benjamin—*The Middle East, oil and the Great Powers*, New York
5. Little, Tom—*Modern Egypt*, London, 1967.
6. Malone, Joseph J.—*The Arab Lands of Western Asia*, Prentice-Hall, 1973.

Group II (i)—Medieval European Culture

1. *The geographical basis of European Culture.*
2. *Feudalism : Nature.*
3. *Holy Roman Empire : Establishment.*
 1. Legal development
England, France, Other States.
 2. Economic development.
 - (a) Manor
 - (b) Trade : Merchant Guilds, Craft Guilds.
 - (c) Guilds and Trade Union.
 - (d) Rise of Towns.
 3. Money and Banking.
 4. Impact and medieval economy.

4. *Social Stratification*
5. *The Church*
 1. Growth and supremacy.
 2. Cluniac Reformation : Gregory VII.
 3. Church Organisation.
6. *State and Church (Investiture struggle)*
Clash and the emergence of nation states.
7. *Medieval European Art and Architecture.*
The Romanesque Church,
Gothic Architecture,
Painting,
Music.
8. *Philosophy Education, Learning*
 1. Scholasticism,
 2. Christian theory of education,
 3. Rise of Universities,
Organisation of the University
 4. Medieval Science
 5. Decline of Latin as the medium of expression and the rise of modern languages
 6. Medieval literature
9. *Crusades explorations*
Growth of commercialism
Genesis of modern ideas
Constitutionalism
Legalism
Secularism
Welfare State
Mercantilism.

Books for Study

1. Adams, G. B.—*Civilization during the Middle ages.*
2. Collins, R. W.—*A History of Medieval civilization.*
3. Turner, R.—*The Great Cultural Traditions II.*
4. Knight, M. M.—*Economic History of Europe to the end of Middle ages.*
5. Bryee, J.—*The Holy Roman Empire.*
6. Dawson, C.—*Medieval Religion.*
7. Haskins, C. H.—*Rise of the Universities.*
8. Jarrett, B.—*Social Theories of the Middle age.*

Books for Reference

1. *Cambridge Medieval History*—(Macmillan 1911, 8 Vols.)
2. Faskins, C. H.—*Studies in Medieval Culture, Oxford, 1929.*
3. Thompson, J. W.—*Economic and Social History of the middle Ages.*
4. Dopsch, A.—*The Economic and Social Foundations of Medieval Civilization.*

**Group II (ii)—History and Philosophy of Science and Technology
(Scientific and Technological Development in the West)**

1. Scientific thought in Ancient Greece.
2. Dark Ages in Europe,
Thomas Aquinas, Roger Bacon.
3. Church and Science till 1750.
4. Revolution in the Scientific Thought and method.
(i) The Copernican theory of Universe.
(ii) Galileo.
(iii) Newton.
5. Industrial Revolution and its impact on Socio-economic life of man.
6. Biological Sciences : Medicine : Theory of Evolution.
7. New dimensions of Science and technology : communication, New sources of energy, electronics.
8. Impact of science and technology on human life.

Books for Study

1. Asimov, I.—*Guide to Science*, 2 Vols.
2. Dampier, W. C.—*A History of Science*.
3. Derry, T. K. and Williams, T. J.—*A Short History of Technology*.
4. Farrington, B —*Greek Science Thales to Aristotle*.
5. Jeans, James—*The Growth of Physical Science*.
6. Russel Bertrand *The Impact of Science in Society*.
7. Singer, Charles—*A short History of Scientific Ideas to 1900*.
8. Taylor Sherwood—*A Short History of Science*.

Books for Reference

1. Asimov, I.—*A short History of Biology*.
2. Barnal, J. D.—*Science in History*, 3 Vols.
3. Butterfield, H.—*The Origins of Modern Science, (1300-1800)*.
4. Crombie, A. C.—*Augustine to Galileo*, Vol. 1.
5. Dampier, W. C.—*A Shorter History of Science*.
6. Gupta, S. P.—*Science, Technology and Society*.
7. Mason, S. F.—*Main Currents of scientific thought*.
8. Routledge, R.—*Discoveries and Inventions of 19th Century*.
9. Singer Charles—*A History of Biology*.
10. Taylor Sherwood—*An Illustrated History of Science*.

Group II (iii)—Revolution in France

1. *The Nature of Ancient Regime*
(a) Special Structure,
(b) Political Structure,
(c) Economic Conditions,
(d) Rise of Middle class.
2. Role of the French Philosophers.

3. *Nature and Course of the Revolution of 1789 :*
 - (a) Estate General and National Assembly,
 - (b) Republicanism : Reign of Terror,
 - (c) Imperialism : Napoleonic Wars,
 - (d) Restoration of Bourbons,
 - (e) Impact of Revolution : ideological, social, economic.
4. *The Revolution of 1830*
 - (a) Causes,
 - (b) Rise of middle class monarchy,
 - (c) Rise and growth of Socialist Thought,
 - (d) Development of working class,
 - (e) Impact on other nations.
5. *Revolution of 1848 :*
 - (a) Causes,
 - (b) International Implications.

Books for Study

1. Lowell—*The Eye of the French Revolution.*
2. Robinson and Beard—*Reasoning in Modern European History.*
3. Fyffe—*History of Modern Europe.*
4. Bourn—*The Revolutionary Period in Europe.*
5. Hobsbawn—*Age of Revolution.*
6. George, Rude—*Revolutionary Europe—1783-1815.* London, 1964.
7. J. Holland Rose—*Revolutionary and Napoleonic Era.*
8. Elta, G.—*Revolutionary Ideas in France.*
9. Gershoy, Leo—*The French Revolution and Napoleon.*
10. Thompson, David—*Europe since Napoleon.*
11. Cobban, Alfred—*A History of Modern France,* London, 1956.
12. Salvemint, Gaetano—*The French Revolution, 1788-1792.*
13. Goodwin, A.—*The French Revolution.*
14. Lipson—*Europe in 19th and 20th Centuries.*
15. केळकर, न. चि.—फ्रेंच राज्यक्रांति (द्वितीयावृत्ती), पुणे, १९६२.
16. फडके—कुलकर्णी—आधुनिक यूरोप.

Books for Reference

1. *Cambridge Modern History* (Relevant volumes)
2. Sydenham, M. J.—*The French Revolution.*
3. Burk Edmund—*Reflections on the Revolution in France.*
4. Acton, Lord—*Lectures on the French Revolution.*
5. Fisher, H.A.L.—*Napoleon.* Oxford 1967.
6. Marx, Karl—*The Revolution of 1848.*
7. Cobban, Alfred—*Social Interpretation of the French Revolution,* Cambridge, 1964.

Group II (iv)—Diplomatic History of Europe (1815–1914)

1. *Congress of Vienna* :
 - (a) Background,
 - (b) Metternich System,
 - (c) Concert of Europe and Holy Alliance.
2. *Revolution of 1830* :
 - (a) Austrian Netherlands.
 - (b) Spain.
3. Revolution of 1848 and the end of Metternich era.
4. Growth of Industrial economy and its impact on European Diplomacy.
Policy of splendid isolation
5. Eastern Question from 1822-1878 :
 - (a) Greek War,
 - (b) Mehmed Ali,
 - (c) Crimean War,
 - (d) Russo-Turkish War, San-Stefano, Berlin Congress.
6. Bismarck : *His policy of Alliance.*
7. Imperial expansion in Asia and Africa.
8. William Kaiser II—His foreign policy.
9. End of English Isolation—division of Europe into two camps.
10. The Balkan wars and the beginning of World War I.

Books for Study

1. Taylor, A.J.P.—*The struggle for Mastery in Europe.*
2. Seaman—*From Vienna to Versailles.*
3. Brandenburg, E—*From Bismarck to World War I.*
4. Albrecht, Rene Carrie—*Diplomatic History of Europe.*
5. Sontag—*European Diplomatic History.*
6. Nicolson, H.—*The Congress of Vienna, London, 1916.*

Books for Reference

1. Marriott, J.A.R.—*The Eastern Question.*
2. Moon, P. T.—*Imperialism and World Politics.*

Group III (1)—Political Thought and Administration in Ancient India

1. Sources—Archaeological, epigraphical, numismatic and literary sources.
2. *Nature of the State*—Forms and types of States—monarchy, Sovereignty and republics, nature, aims and functions of the states—states in South India.
3. *Kingship*—Theories regarding the origin of kingship—duties of the king.
4. The State—Council - Sabha, Vidatha and Samiti central assembly, Ministry, working of the ministry, royal priest and his duties, army members of the council and their functions.
5. *Central administration*—secretariat and departments—provincial and village administration—Utteramerur local administration.
6. *State finance*—revenue and taxation.
7. *Judicial administration.*
8. *Inter-State relations.*

Books for Study

1. Altekar, A. S.—*State and Government in Ancient India*, Delhi, 1984.
2. Beni Prasad—*The Political Theory in Ancient India*. Allahabad, 1927.
3. Beni Prasad—*The State in Ancient India*.
4. Navendra Nath Law—*Aspects of Ancient Indian Policy*.
5. A. K. Sen—*Studies in Ancient Indian Political Thought*, Calcutta, 1926.
6. D. R. Bhandarkar—*Some Aspects of Ancient Indian Policy*. Banaras, 1929.
7. Mookerji, R. K.—*Local Self Government in Ancient India*.
8. Sinha, H. N.—*Sovereignty in Ancient India*.
9. Ghosal, U. N.—*History of Public Life in Ancient India*, Vol. I Cal., 1944.
10. Ghosal, U. N.—*Hindu Political Theories*.
11. Kane, P. V.—*History of Dharmasastra*.
12. Jayaswal, K. P.—*Hindu Policy*, Calcutta, 1924.
13. Ghosal, U. N.—*Hindu Revenue System*.

Group III (ii)—History of South India from the Sangam Age to the fall of the Cholas

1. *Early History* :
 - (a) Traditional division of Southern India into three Kingdoms.
 - (b) Sangam Age.
2. *The Pallavas of Kanchi* :
 - (a) Origin : various theories.
 - (b) Pallavas of the Sanskrit Charters.
 - (c) Prominent Rulers.
 - (d) Simhaviṣṇu.
Mahendravarman I.
Narasimhavarman I and II.
3. *The Cholas* :
 1. Origins.
 2. Imperial Cholas : Prominent Rulers.
 - (a) Parantaka I
 - (b) Rajaraja I
 - (c) Rajendra I (Gangaikonda) : Expansion under him.
 - (d) Kulottunga I
4. *The Pandyas* :
 1. Origins and early history.
 2. Prominent ruler : Expansion and conflict with the Cholas, Maravarman, Sundara Pandya I
Jatavarman Sundara Pandya.
5. *Cheras*
6. *Greater India*
7. Administration, Literature, Economic Conditions, Guilds, Land, System Religion, Art and Architecture.

Books for Study

1. Nilakanta Sastri, K. A.—*A History of South India*, Madras, 1966.
2. Gopalan, R.—*History of the Pallavas of Kanchi*, Madras, 1928.
3. Minakshi, C.—*Administration and Social Life under the Pallavas*, Madras, 1938.
4. Nilakanta Sastri, K. A.—*The Pandyan Kingdom*, London, 1929.
5. Nilakanta Sastri, K. A.—*The Colas*, Madras, 1955.
6. Nilakanta Sastri, K. A.—*Studies in Cola History and Administration*, London, 1932.
7. Subrahmanian—*The Sangam Polity*.

Books for Reference

1. Romila, Thapar—*Ancient Indian Social History : Some Interpretations*, Hyderabad, 1984.
2. Wilhelm Geiger (tr. and ed.)—*Mahavamsa or the Great Chronicle of Ceylon*, Oxford, 1912.
3. Ramchandra, Dikshitar V. R. (tr.)—*Silappadikaram*, Madras, 1939.
4. Dubreuil, G. J.—*The Pallavas, Pondicherry*, 1919.
5. Gopalachari, K.—*Early History of the Andhra Country*, Madras, 1941.
6. Kanakasabhai. Pillai V.—*The Tamils Eighteen Hundred Years Ago*, Madras, 1904.
7. Majumdar, R. C. (ed.)—*The History and Culture of the Indian People*, Vol. III. *The Classical Age*, Bombay, 1954.
8. Srinivasa Iyengar, P. T.—*The Pallavas*, Trichonopoly, 1922.
9. Sessa Aiyar, K. G.—*Cera Kings of the Sangam Period*, London, 1937.

**Group III (iii)—History of the Deccan from the Satavahanas to the end of the
Badami Chalukya Rule (C. 30, B.C./A. D. : 753)**

The Satavahanas (C. 30, B.C.—A. D. 227) Origin—Gautamiputra Satakarni—Vasisthiputra Sri Pulumavi—Yajnasri, Satakarni—Social Conditions—Trade and Commerce—Coinage Literature.

The Kadambas (A. D. 332-570)

Origin—Mayurasarma—Kakusthavarma—Kriendvarma I—Extent of the Kingdom—Other Branches—Administration—Art and Architecture.

The Chalukyas of Badami (543-753)

Origin—Pulikesin II—Vikramaditya I—Administration—Socio-Economic Conditions—Art and Architecture—Religion.

The Venai Chalukyas

Kubja Vishnuvardhana—Vijayaditya II

The Vakatakas (A. D. 260-510)

Origin—Vindhysakti—Pravarasena—Prithvisena I and the Deccan—Harisena, his achievements—Silaharas.

Books for Study

1. Yazdani (ed.)—*The Early History of Deccan*, 2 vols., Bombay, 1960.
2. R. G. Bhandarkar—*The Early History of the Deccan*, Poona, 1929.
3. K. A. Nilakanta Sastri—*A History of South India*, Madras, 1966.
4. D. C. Sircar—*The Successors of the Satavahana in Lower Deccan*, Calcutta, 1939.
5. R. C. Majumdar—*History and Culture of the Indian People*, Vols. III & IV.

Books for Reference

1. K. Sundaram—*A Study of Economic and Social Conditions in Medieval Andhra*, Masulipatam, 1968.
2. Dubreuil—*Ancient History of Deccan* (tr.), Pondichery, 1920.
3. J. F. Fleet—*Dynasties of Kanarese Districts*, Bombay, 1896.
4. K. P. Jayaswal—*Problems of Saka Satavahana History*, Patna, 1931.
5. V. G. Sukhle—*Satavahanas the Contemporary Ksatrapas*.
6. D. C. Ganguly—*The Eastern Chalukyas*, Banaras, 1937.
7. Ranjit S. Satyasraya—*Origin of the Chalukyas*, Calcutta, 1937.
8. Merades, G. M.—*Kadamba Kula*, Bombay, 1931.
9. Nagaraja Rao, M. S. (ed.)—*The Chalukyas of Badami* (Seminar papers), Bangalore, 1978.
10. Percy Brown—*Indian Architecture* (Hindu Period).
11. Cousens, Henry—*The Architectural Antiquities of Western India*, London 1926.

**Group III (iv)—Rashtrakutas and Chalukyas of Kalyana
Rashtrakutas (753-973)**

Origin—Different theories
 Dhruva—Govind III—Amoghavarsha I
 Indra III—Krishna III
 Administration, Literature
 Art and Architecture, Socio-Economic Conditions
Chalukyas of Kalyana (973-1198)
 Sources
 Origin—Taila II Somesvara I
 Vikramaditya VI—Somesvara III and IV
 Administration—Social conditions—Cultural
 Contribution—Art and Architecture.

Books for Study

1. Altekar, A. S.—*Rashtrakutas and their Times*, Pune, 1934.
2. Majumdar, R. C. (Ed.)—*History and Culture of the Indian People Series*, Vol. V. *The Struggle for Empire*, Bombay, 1957.
3. Nilakanta Sastri, K. A.—*A History of South India*, Madras, 1956.
4. Krishna Murari—*The Chalukyas of Kalyani*.

Books for Reference

5. Desai, Dinkar—*The Mahamandalesvaras under the Chalukyas of Kalyani* Bombay, 1951.
6. Subramanya, Iyer K. V.—*Historical Sketches of Ancient Dekhan*, Madras, 1917.
7. Yazdani, G. (ed.)—*The Early History of Deccan*, 2 vols. Bombay, 1960.
8. Percy, Brown—*Indian Architecture (Hindu period)*.
9. Cousens, Henry—*The Architectural Antiquities of Western India*, London, 1926.

Group IV (i)—Yadavas of Devgiri (850-1317)

1. Sources, Epigraphical, Literary and Numismatical.
2. Foundation.
3. Prominent Rulers.
Bhillama V—Singhand II
Ramarave and Sankaradewa.
4. Extent—Administrative division—village administration.
5. Socio-Economic conditions : Social structure, Agriculture, Agrarian System
Trade and Commerce
6. Religious Cults—Mahanabhava—Beginnings of Varkari Cult—Jainism.
7. Literature—Hemadri.
8. Art and Architecture.

Books for Study

1. Narsimhamurthy, A. V.—*The Sevunas of Devagiri*, Mysore, 1971.
2. Varma, O. P.—*The Yadavas and their Times*, Nagpur, 1970.
3. पानसे यादवकालीन महाराष्ट्र.

Reference Books

1. Nilkantha Sashtri, K. A.—*Foreign Notices of South India*, Madras, 1939.
2. Sircar, D. C.—*Studies in Geography of Ancient and Medieval India*.
Delhi, 1960.
3. Subrahmanya Ayyar, K. V. . *Historical Sketches of Ancient Deccan*. Madras,
1921.
4. Venkataramanayya, N.—*Early Muslim Expansion in South India*.
Madras, 1942.
5. Yazdani (ed.) *The Early History of Deccan*, 2 Vols. Oxford, 1960.
6. *Epigraphia Indica* (relevant volumes)
7. *Epigraphia Carnatica* (relevant volumes).

Group IV (ii)—History of Vijaynagar and its off-shoots

1. *Origin* : Various Theories.
2. *Sangama Dynasty*,
Expansion under Harihara and Bukka
Devaraya I and II
Vijayanagar-Bahmani Relations
3. *Saluva Dynasty*
4. *Tuluva Dynasty*
Krishnadevaraya : his achievements
5. Battle of Rakshasa-Tagdi
6. Arvidu Dynasty
7. Relations with European Powers.
8. *Offshoot* : Keladi (Ikkeri), Mysore, Madurai, Tanjore—a brief political History.

Books of Study

1. R. Sewell—*A Forgotten Empire*, reprint—New Delhi, 1980.
2. Heras, H.—*The Aravidu Dynasty of Vijaynagar*, Madras, 1927.
3. Ramsharma M. H.—*The History of the Vijayanagar Empire*, Vol. I & II Bombay, 1978.
4. Nilkanta Sastry K. A.—*A History of South India*, 4th Edition, Delhi, 1976.

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5. Venkataramanayya—*Early Muslim Expansion in South India*, Madras, 1942.
6. Major (Ed.)—*India in the Fifteenth Century*.
7. Aiyangar, S. K.—*South India and her Muhammeden Invader*, Madras 1921.
8. Heras, H.—*Beginnings of Vijayanagar*, Bombay, 1934.
9. Aiyangar, S. K.—*Sources of Vijayanagar*, Madras, 1927.
10. Krishnaswami Ayyangar, S.—*Sources of Vijayanagar History*, Delhi, reprint. 1986.
11. Nilkantha Śāstri K. A. and Rāmanayya, Venkata—*Further Source of Vijayanagar History*, Madras 1946.
12. Satyanata Ayyar, R.—*History of the Nayakas of Madura*, 1924.
13. Vriddhigirisan—*Nayakas of Tanjoure, Annamadainagar*, 1942
14. Shrinivasan—*Nayakas of Ging*.

Group IV (iii)—History of the Bahmani Kingdom and its offshoots

1. *Sources*.
2. *Political condition of the Deccan during the first half of 14th Century*—
The foundation of Bahmani dynasty in 1447. A.D.
3. *Prominent rulers and expansion of Kingdom*—Ala-ud-din Bahman Shah I, Muhammad Shah I, Firuz-Shah Ahmad Shah, Ala-ud-din II, Mahmud Gawan and his administrative system.
4. The struggle between Vijayanagar and the Bahmani Kingdom for supremacy over the Deccan.

5. Disintegration of Bahmani Kingdom and the emergence of the offshoots.
6. *Extent and achievements* : Bijapur (Yusuf, Ibrahim II, Muhammad) Ahmednagar (Ahmad, Murtuza, Buran and Hussain) and Golkonda (Quli Qutub Shah, Imbrahim and Muhammad Shah) The role of Chand Bibi in the defence of Ahmednagar Kingdom.
7. Socio-economic conditions.
8. Literature.
9. Art and Architecture.

Books for Study

1. Sherwani, H. K.—*The Bahmanis of the Deccan*, Hyderabad-1953.
2. Sinha, S. K.—*Medieval History of the Deccan*, Vol. I, Bahmanis, Hyderabad-1964.
3. Shervani H. K. and Joshi P. M. (ed.)—*History of Medieval Deccan*, (1295-1724) Vol. I (Mainly Political and Military Aspects), Hyderabad, 1973.

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1. W. Haig—*Historical Landmarks of the Deccan*, Allahabad, 1907.
2. Husain Agha M.—*Khandesh in New Light*, 1963.
3. J. N. Chaudhary—*Malik Amber*.
4. Qadir, A. S.—*Memories of Chand Bibi the Princess of Ahmednagar*, Hyderabad-1937.
5. Sherwani, H. K.—*Muhammad Qutb Qutli Shoh, Founder of Hyderabad*, London-1968.
6. Yazdani, G. *Bidar—Its History and Movements*, Oxford-1947.
7. Radhey Shyam—*A Kingdom of Ahmednagar*.
८. बॅरे वा. सी. (स.)—*विजापूरची आदिलशाही*.
९. कुंटे बी. जी. - *अहमदनगरची निजामशाही*.
10. Varma—*History of Bijapur*.

Group IV (iv)—Akbar : An intensive Political Study

1. Sources : Literary, Sources, Travellers, Accounts, Administrative Manuals.
2. Parentage Regency of Bairam Khan and ' Petticoat Government '.
3. Conquests of Akbar—North India Deccan.
4. Rajput Policy.
5. Central Asian Policy.
6. Akbar's Religion—*Din-i Ilai Sui-i-Kul*.
7. Akbar's Religions with the Jesuits and the English.
8. Akbar as a man, as a conquerer as an imperialist—An estimate.
9. Maps—(i) Extent of the empire.
(ii) Administrative divisions.

Books for Study

1. V. A. Smith - *Akbar the Great Mogul*, Oxford 1919.
2. Srivastava, A. L.—*Akbar the Great*, 3 Vols., Agra, 1962.

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1. Binyan L.—*Akbar*, London-1932.
2. Krishnamurti R.—*Akbar : The Religious Aspect*, Baroda, 1932.
3. Maclagan E.—*The Jesuits and the Great Mogul*, London, 1932.
4. Malleson, G. B.—*Akbar*, London, 1890.
5. Modi, J. J.—*Parsees at the Court of Akbar*, Bombay, 1903.
6. Shelat, J. M.—*Akbar*, 2 Vols, Bombay, 1959.
7. Fazi Abdul,—*Akburnama*.

**Group V (i)—Royal Period of Maratha History
(1630-1707)**

1. Evaluation of source material.
2. Political Situation in Maharashtra on the eve of the rise of Maratha Power.
3. Early activities of Shivaji and the establishment of Swarajya.
4. Shivaji's Relation with the Deccan Powers.
5. Shivaji's Relation with the Mughals.
6. Shivaji's Relation with the foreign powers.
(the Portuguese, the English, the French, Siddies),
7. Coronation, its significance.
8. Shivaji's Karnatak Campaign.
9. Sambhaji—his career and achievements.
10. Maratha war of Independence—Rajaram, Tarabai, Ramchandrapant Amatya, Santaji and Dhanaji.
11. Release of Shahu.
12. Maps illustrating—(a) Shahaji's Jahagir,
(b) Extent of Shivaji's Kingdom,
(c) Forts of Shivaji,
(d) Administrative Divisions.

Books for Study

1. Sarkar, J. N.—*Shivaji and his times* (6th Ed.), New Delhi, 1973.
2. Sardesai, G. S.—*New History of Marathas*, Vol-I, Bombay, 1971.
3. Setu Madhocrao Pagadi—*Chhatrapati Shivaji*, Poona, 1974.
4. Sarkar, J. N.—*House of Shivaji*, New Delhi, 1978.
5. Ranade, M. G.—*Rise of Maratha Power*, Bombay, 1900.
6. Rawlinson and Patwardhan—*A Source Books of Maratha History*.
Calcutta, 1978.

Books for Reference

1. Sarkar, J. N.—*Shivaji's visit to Aurangzeb at Agra*.
2. Naycem, M. A.—*External Relations of Bijapur Kingdom*.
3. Brijji Kishore—*Tarabai and Times*, Bombay, 1963.
4. Jaysingrao Pawar—*Maharani Tarabai*.
5. Muddachari, B. M.—*Mysore Maratha Relations*.
६. बेंडे, वा. सी.—संभाजी.

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८. बेंद्रे, वा. सी.—शिवाजी महाराजांचे विचिकित्सक चरित्र.
९. सी. कमल गोखले—शिवपुत्र संभाजी, पुणे १९८१.
१०. आपटे, दिवाकर (सं.)—शिवचरित्र प्रदीप, पुणे १९२५.
११. कुलकर्णी, अ. रा.—जेम्स कनिंगहॅम गॅट डफ.
१२. पिसुलेंकर, पां. सी.—पोर्तुगीज-मराठे संबंध.
१३. आपटे, दिवाकर (सं.)—शिवभारत, मुंबई १९२८.
१४. जोशी, सं. ना. (सं.)—कृष्णाजी अनंत समासदकृत छत्रपती महाराज यांची खबर.
१५. देसायडे, प्र. न.—छत्रपती शिवाजी महाराजांची पत्रे (१९८३), मुळे, १९८३.
१६. Kulkarni, G. T.—*The Moghal-Maratha Relations, Twenty-Five Faithful Years (1682-1707)*, Pune, 1983.
१७. कुलकर्णी, अ. रा. व खरे, ग. ह. (सं.)—मराठ्यांचा इतिहास, खंड १ व २, नागपूर, म. रा. वि. सं. नि. मंडळ.

**Group V (ii)—Diplomatic History of the Marathas
(1708-1818)**

1. Return of Shahu and his coronation in 1708—Balaji Vishwanath Significance and implication of Sanada's of Swaraj, Chauthai and Sardesmukhi.
2. Rise of Maratha confederacy and its nature.
3. Peshwa-Nizam relations.
4. Shahu and Chhatrapatis of Kolhapur.
5. Relations with the Siddis.
6. Relations with the Mughals, Rajputs, Jats and Afghans affecting the Diplomatic developments leading to Panipat-1761, Maratha defeat at Panipat, balance of power in India.
7. Relations with Mysore.
8. Peshwa and the European Powers—
(1) The Portuguese, (2) The English, (3) The French.
9. Diplomacy of Barbhai Council—Nana Fadnis and Mahadaji Shinde.
10. Crisis in Maratha Diplomacy and Fall of Maratha Confederacy.

Books for Study

1. Sardesai, G. S.—*New History of Marathas*, Vols. II & III.
2. Deleted.
3. Saxena—*Maratha Relations with the major states of Rajputana*.
4. Muddachari B.—*Resistance of Mysore to the Maratha expansion, 1726-1761*.
- R 5. Ganda Singh—*Ahmed Shah Abdali*.
6. Gupta, H. R. (Ed.)—*Marathas & Panipat*.
7. Srinivasan, C. K.—*Marathas Rule in Carnatic*.
- R 8. राजवाडे, वि. का.—मराठ्यांच्या इतिहासाची साधने (संबंधित खंड)
9. Banarjee—*Peshwa Madhavrao I*, Calcutt, 1968.
10. Deodhar, Y. N.—*Nana Phadnis and the External Affairs*, Bombay, 1962.

11. Sen S. N.,—*Anglo-Maratha Relation. (1773-1785)*
12. Sen S. N.,—*Anglo-Maratha Relation. (1785-1896)*, Calcutta, 1974.
13. Hatakhar V. G.,—*Relations between the French and the Marathas, (1668-1815)*.
14. Ray B. C.,—*Maratha in Orrisa.*
15. Gupta K. S.,—*Mewar and Marathas Relations*, New Delhi, 1971.
१६. केळकर न. वि.—मराठे व इंग्रज, पुणे १९६३.

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१. शेजवलकर व्यं.—पानिपत, १७६१, पुणे, १९६१.
२. फाटक न. र. व सेतु भाधवराव पगडी—पानिपतचा रणसंग्राम, मुंबई, १९६१.
३. शेजवलकर व्यं.,—मराठे-निजाम संबंध.
4. Acharya K. A.—*Maratha-Rajput Relations, From 1720-1795*
A. D. Akda 1978.
5. Kakodkar P. R.,—*The Portuguese and the Marathas*, Bombay, 1975.
6. Chakravorty U. N.,—*Anglo-Maratha Relations and Malcohn 1792-1830*,
Delhi, 1979.
7. Sushma Varma—*Mountstuart Elphinstone in Maharashtra (1801-1827)*,
Delhi, 1981.

Group V (iii)—Cultural History of Maharashtra

1. Original of the Marathas and the growth of Marathi Language.
2. Literature: Chakradhar, Jnaneshwar, Eknath, Namdev, Tukaram, Ramdas, Mukteshwar, Moropant.
3. Maharashtra Dharma.
4. Growth of Political and Cultural Nationalism, Shivaji and his concept of Swaraya.
5. Social Stratification.
6. Religious Movements: (a) Mahanubhav Cult. (b) Warkari Cult.
(c) Nath Cult. (d) Datta Cult. (e) Ramdasî Cult.
7. Religious Practices.
8. Cultural Aspects: (1) Learning and Literature (2) Art and Architecture
(3) Pastimes and Festivals.

Books for Studies

१. मिडे, बी. ए.—मराठी भाषेचा व वाङ्मयाचा इतिहास, पुणे, १९६३.
२. भावे, वि. ल.—महाराष्ट्र-साख्खत,
३. सरदार, यं. वा.—संत वाङ्मयाची सामाजिक फलश्रुति, पुणे, १९७०.
४. कर्वे, इरावती—मराठी संस्कृती.
5. Ballahatchet, K. A.,—*Social Policy and Social change in Western India.*
६. अग्ने—गावगाडा.

Books for Reference

१. आकाशवाणी प्रकाशन—महाराष्ट्र घमर्षि प्रणेते.
२. मांडे, प्रभाकर—लोकसाहित्याचे अंतःप्रवाह, पुणे, १९७५.
३. सरदार, गं. बा.—(संपा.) महाराष्ट्र जीवन.
४. सहस्रबुद्धे, पु. ग.—महाराष्ट्र संस्कृती.
५. Behere, N. K.—*The background of the Maratha Renaissance in the 17th Century*, Bangalore, 1946.
६. Ranade, M.G.—*Rise of the Maratha Power and other essays*, Bombay 1961.
७. बेडेकर, दि. के. आणि भणसे—भारतीय प्रबोधन.
८. Kulkarni, A. R.—*Maharashtra in the Age of Shivaji*, Pune, 1969.
९. Ravindra Kumar—*Western India in the 19th Century*.
१०. Omvet, Gail—*Cultural Revolt in a Colonial Society*.
११. जावडेकर, शं. द.—आधुनिक भारत.
१२. बेडेकर, दि. के.—जुने मराठी अर्थशास्त्रीय ग्रंथ.
१३. भावे, वि. कृ.—पेशवेकालीन महाराष्ट्र.
१४. Desai, Sudha—*Social life under the Peshwas*.
१५. Rao, M. Rama—*Social Conditions in Medieval Deccan*, Q.R. of HS, Vol V, No. 4. (1955-56).
१६. Satish Chandra—*Jizyah and the State in India during the Seventeenth century* JESHO, Leiden (Sep. 1969).
१७. Chatterjee, S. K.—*Language and Literature of Modern India*.
१८. Gokak, V. K. (Ed.)—*Literature in Modern Vernacular Indian Languages*, N. Delhi (1957).
१९. Mate, M. S.—*Maratha Architecture*.

Group V (iv)—Maharashtra in the 19th Century

1. Introduction :
Background of the social-economic conditions in the 18th century Maharashtra.
2. *Ideological Impact of the West*.
(a) Romantics,
(b) Utilitarians,
(c) Liberal Humanists.
3. *Social Transformation* :
(a) Rise of the Middle-class,
(b) Changing Status of Woman.
(c) Education,
4. *Reform Movements*.
(a) Social reforms.
(b) Religious reform.

5. *Economic change* :
 - (a) Growth of industries,
 - (b) Growth of urban centres.
6. *Political awakening* :
 - (a) Rise and growth of nationalism.
 - (b) Political associations,
 - (c) Press and public opinion.
7. *Impact of the British Rule on institutions* :
 - (a) Agrarian relations,
 - (b) Law and legal institutions,
 - (c) The changing structure of society.

Books for Study

1. Ballbatches, K A.—*Social Policy and Social Change in Western India.*
2. Kumar Ravinder—*Western India in the 19th Century.*
3. Bearce, G.D —*British Attitude Towards India.*
4. Stokes, E—*English Utilitarians and India.*
5. Heimsath—*Indian Nationalism and Hindu Social Reform.*
6. Tucker, R.—*Ranade and Roots of Indian Nationalism.*
7. Desai, A. R.—*Social Background of Indian Nationalism.*
8. बालिबे, वि. शं.—महाराष्ट्राची सामाजिक पुनर्रचना.
9. सरदार, गं. बा.—महाराष्ट्राचे उदरिक्षित मानकरी.

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1. Lederle, M. S.—*Philosophical Trends in Modern Maharashtra.*
2. Faruqhar—*Modern Indian Religious Movements.*
3. Nigtingale, Pamela—*Trade and Commerce in Western India.*
4. Keer, Dhananjaya—*Mahatma Jyotiba Phule.*
5. Keer, Dhananjaya—*Tilak.*
6. Wolpert —*Tilak and Gokhale.*

Group VI (1)—British Administrative Politics in India (1818-1919)

1. A brief survey of E. I. Co. politics regarding trades, land revenue and relations with native rulers—Administrative structure of the E. I. Co. under the Regulating Act, 1773 and the Charter Acts.
2. Utilitarian philosophy and administrative policies in India, Land revenue Social reforms, Education and Judiciary.
3. Reactions of the Indians in the form of 1857 incident—its assessment and Impact of subsequent policy issues.
4. Changes in Administrative structure and policies in by Govt. of India Act 1858 and the Queen's Proclamation—Policy of restoration.
5. A new Era of active participation in administration by the Indians envisaged in Indian Council Acts of 1861, 1892 and 1909.

6. Experiment of responsible Govt. under Govt. of India Act, 1919.
7. Policies of the British Raj as regards to Education and Press.
8. Policy fluctuation in the British Administration Masterly inactivity, aggressive policy, liberal policy and imperialistic policy.
9. British Administrative policies and the press de-industrialization and emergence of economic nationalism.

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1. Gopal, S.—*British Policy in India 1857-1905*, Oxford, 1905.
2. Mishra, B. B.—*Administration of East India Company*, New York, 1960.
3. Ambirajan S.—*Classical Economist and British Policy in India*.
4. Barber, W. J.—*British Economic Thought and India 1600-1858*.
5. Bearce, G. D.—*British Attitudes Towards India 1784-1848*, London, 1961.
6. Stokes Eric—*English Utilitarians in India*, Oxford, 1959.
7. Philips C. H.—*The East India Company, 1784-1834* 2nd ed. Manchester 1961.
8. Mukherjee S. N.—*Sir William Jones : Eighteenth Century Attitude to India*, Cambridge, 1968.
9. Thompson Edwards and G. T. Gattatt, *Rise and Fulfilment of British Rule in India*. Allahabad, 1958.
10. Majumdar. R. C. ed.—*History and Culture of the Indian People. British Paramountcy and Indian Renaissances*. Bombay 1963.

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1. Kaye, Sir John W.—*The Administration of East India Company*, London 1853.
2. Marshall P.—*Problems of an Empire*.
3. Nightingale, Pamela—*Trade and Empire in Western India 1784-1806*. Cambridge, 1970.
4. Keith, A. B.—*Speeches and Documents on Indian Policy, 1750-1921*, 2 vols. London, 1922.
5. Embree, Ainslie T.—*Charles Grant and British Rule in India*, New York, 1962.
6. Das Gupta, Anil C. Ed.—*The Days of John Company, 1824-1832*, Calcutta, 1959.
7. Bhatia, B. M.—*Famines in India*.
8. Dilkes D.—*Lord Curzon Vol. I & II*.
9. Bipin Chandra—*The Rise and Growth of Economic Nationalism*, New Delhi, 1966.
10. Baden-Powell, B. H.—*Lund Systems of British India*. 3 Vols. Oxford, 1892.
11. Grover, B. L. ed.—*A documentary study of British Policy towards Indian Nationalism*, Delhi, 1967.

**Group VI (1)—Industrialization and Urbanization in Modern India
(1850-1950)**

1. Survey of the impact of Western Colonialism and commercial activities of the East India Company on the Indian industries.
2. Decay of the Indian traditional industries and its impact.
3. Origin and growth of economic nationalism and its impetus to Indian Industries—the Swadeshi movement.
4. Development of Modern Industries—Major industries ; A Survey—World Wars and Great Depression.
5. British govt's Industrial Policy.
6. Roll of foreign capital in the industrialization of India.
7. Emergence of labour force—trade union activities.
8. Rise of Economic forces and development of various urban centres—in Modern India.
9. Problems of urbanization—social, political, economic and cultural.

Books for Study

1. Singh, V. B.—*Economic History of India*, 1965. Bombay, Allied Publishers.
2. Gadgil, D. R.—*Industrial Evolution of India in Recent Times*, 5th Edn. 1971, New Delhi.
3. Bagchi, A. K.—*Private Investment in India, 1900-1939*, 1972, Cambridge University Press.
4. Rungta, R. S.—*The Rise of Business Corporations in India 1851-1900-1970*, Cambridge University Press.
5. Tripathi, D.—*Business House in India* 1980.
6. Morris, M. D.—*Emergence of an Industrial labour force in India*, 1965 Berkley, University of California Press.
7. Karnik, V. D.—*Indian Trade Unions—A Survey*, 1960—Labour Education Service, Bombay.
8. Chandra Bipin—*The Rise and Growth of Economic Nationalism in India*, 1966—New Delhi, Peoples Publishing House.
9. Dharma Kumar (Editor)—*Cambridge Economic History of India Vol. II*, 1980—Cambridge
10. Dutta, R. P.—*India Today*, New Delhi, Peoples Publishing House.
11. Markovitas Claude—*India Business and Nationalist Politics, 1931-1939*, 1985—Bombay Cambridge South Asian studies—Orient Longman.
12. Anstey, V.—*The Economic Development of India (3rd edn.)* 1936—London.
13. Chandra, B.—*Imperialism and Nationalism in India*, Delhi 1979.
14. Ray, R. K.—*Industrialization in India*, 1979—Calcutta O. V. P.

Books for Reference

1. Dency, C. J.—*Economics and society-essays*, 1979—Delhi.
2. Gordon, A. D. D.—*Business and Politics*, 1978—Delhi.
3. Buchanan, D. H.—*The Development of Capitalistic Enterprise in India*, 1934—New York.

- Journals : (1) *Economic and Political Weekly*.
 (2) *Modern Asian Studies*.
 (3) *Indian Economic and Social History Review*.
 (4) *Indian Historical Review*.
 (5) *Studies in History*.

Group VI (ii)—History of Science and Technology in India

1. Development of scientific thought in the Ancient period : Mathematics, Medicine, Astronomy— (Contribution of Aryabhatta, Bhaskaracharya, Sushruta, Vagbhatta and others).
2. Technology in the medieval period. Agricultural implements, arms & armaments, textile technology, architecture.
3. Indigenous industries on the eve of the establishment of the British Power.
4. Impact of Western Science & Technology on India.
 1. Textile Industry, 2. Iron & Steel Industry, 3. Agriculture.
5. Means of transport & communications, railways, telegraph, ship-building.
6. Science in contemporary India (till 1950).

Books for Study

1. Barnett, L. D.—*Antiquities of India*.
2. Bose, Sen—*Subbarayappa—A concise History of Science in India*.
3. Garratt, G. T.—*The Legacy of India*.
4. Satya Prakash—*Founders of Sciences in Ancient India*.

Books for Reference

1. Dutt, R. C.—*A History of Civilisation in Ancient India*.
2. Dharampal—*Indian Science & Technology in the 18th Century*.
3. Poddar, Arbinda (Ed.)—*Man, Science & Society Proceeding of a Seminar*.
4. Sarkar, Benoy Kumar—*Hindu Achievements in Exact Sciences*.
5. Seal, Brajendakumar—*The Positive Sciences of the Ancient Hindus*.
6. Nanda, B. R.—*Science and Technology in India*.

Group VI (v)—Socio-Religious-Ideological Trends in Modern India

1. *Indian Society at the beginning of the 19th Century*—The inadequacies in the Social System—New influences.
2. *The Bengal Renaissance*—Religious and Social thought of Rammohan Roy, Derozio and Young Bengal. A Study in Social change.

3. *Socio-Religious Reform Movements in Western India*—Paramahansa Sabha—Prarthana Samaj—Satyashodhak Samaj—Balshastri Jambhekar—Lokhitwadi—Justice Ranade.
Hindu Revivalism—Vishnubava Brahmachari
Vishnushastri Chiplunkar.
4. *Social and Religious Reform movements in South India.*
—Emergence of the non-Brahmin movement in Tamilnadu—
—Reform and Religious Agitation of Viresa Lingum Pantalu in Andhra.
Social Legislation in Mysore—Sri Narayana Movement in Kerala.
5. *Socio-religious Movements*—
The Wahabi Movement—The Aligarh Movement. Thoughts of Sir Syed Ahmed Khan and Iqbal.
The Christian church and the Indian Society. Action and interaction.

Books for Study

1. Datta K. K.—*Survey of India's Social life and Economic Conditions in the 18th century (1707-1818)* Calcutta 1961.
2. Ballhatchet K.—*Social Policy and Social change in Western India, 1817-1830*, London, 1959.
3. Kumar Ravindra—*Western India in the 19th Century*, London, 1968.
4. Heimsath Charles—*Indian Nationalism and Hindu Social Reform*, Bombay, 1964.
5. Chintamani C. Y.—*Indian Social Reform*.
6. Sen S. P. (ed.)—*Social and Religious Reform Movements in the 19th and 20th Centuries*, Calcutta, 1979.

Books for Reference

1. Ingham K.—*Reforms in India. 1793*.
2. Mukherjee A.—*Reform and Regeneration in Bengal*, Calcutta, 1968.
3. Majumdar R. C.—*British Paramountcy and Indian Renaissance Part II* Vol. X. Bombay, 1965.
4. Radhakrishnan S.—*Hinduism and the West*.
5. Omvedt Gail *Cultural Revolt in Colonial Society. A Non Brahmin Movement in Western India*, Bombay, 1976.
6. Jagirdar P. J.—*Studies in Social Thought of M. G. Ranade*, Bombay, 1963.
7. Keer Dhananjay —*Mahatma Jyotirao Phule*, Bombay 1964.
8. Farukhar, J. N.—*Modern Religious Movements in India*.
9. Sri Ram Sharma—*A History of the Arya Samaj*
10. Shastri Shivanath—*History of the Brahma Samaj*, Calcutta, (1st Edn.) 1911.
11. Ranson Josephine—*A Short History of the Theosophical Society*. Madras, 1938.
12. Nair B. N.—*The Dyanamic Brahmin*, Bombay, 1959.
13. Harde and Robert—*The Dravidian Movement*, Bombay, 1965.
14. Ahmed Qucyaouddin—*Wahabi Movement in India*, Calcutta, 1966.

Portion for Term-End and Annual Examination in History
at M. A. under 85 Pattern.

- Paper I* — *World in the 20th Century upto 1971.*
Topics 1 to 3 for the First Term.
Topics 4 to 6 for the Second Term.
- Paper II* — *Historiography*
Topics 1 to 4 for the First Term.
Topics 5 to 8 for the Second Term.
- Paper III* — *History of India upto the A.D. 750.*
Topics 1 to 4 for the First Term.
Topics 5 to 8 for the Second Term.
- Paper IV* — *Medieval Indian Ideos and Institutions*
(1) Sources (2) Theoretical Aspects (3) Administrative Aspects for the First Term.
and
Social aspects, Religious aspects and Economic aspects for the Second Term.
- Paper V* — *Administrative and Socio-Economic History of Marathas.*
Sources— Literary—Marathi, Sanskrit, Persian, Numismatical, Foreign Sources English, French, Portuguese
and
Topic 2— Administrative pattern are to be taught during the First Term.
Topics 3 and 4 i. e. Social conditions, Economic conditions are to be taught in the Second term.
- Paper VI* — *Indian National Movement.*
Topics 1 to 5 for the First Term.
Topics 6 to 10 for the Second Term.
- Optional Paper* — *History of Common Wealth with special reference to Canada*
Topics 1 to 7 for the First Term and
remaining 8 to 14 for the Second Term.
- Optional Paper* — *History of Communism in Russia and China in 20th Century*
First 6 topics for the First Term and
remaining commencing from China from
1 to 7 topics for the Second Term.
- History of U. S. A. 1861 to 1945.*
First 6 Topics for the First Term and
from 7 to 12 for the Second Term.
- Modern Japan—1852 to 1955.*
First 7 topics for the First Term and
subsequent topics from 8 to 14 for the Second Term.
- History of West Asia 1900 to 1970.*
(Turkey and Iran)

First 12 topics for the *First Term* and subsequent 12 topics i.e. for Arabs and Israel are for the *Second Term*.

Medieval European Culcure

First 6 topics for the *First Term* and subsequent topics from 7 to 9 for the *Second Term*.

History and Philosophy of Science Technology

Topics from 1 to 4 for *First Term*.

Topics from 5 to 8 for the *Second Term*.

Revolution in France

First three topics for the *First Term* and Topics 4 and 5 for the *Second Term*.

Diplomatic History of Europe 1815-1914.

First 5 topics for the *First Term* and

Topics 6 to 10 for the *Second Term*.

Political Thought and Administration in Ancient India

First four topics for the *First Term* and Topics 5 to 8 for the *Second Term*.

History of South India from Sangam Age to the Fall of the Cholas.

First 4 topics for the *First Term* and

5 to 7 topics for the *Second Term*.

History of Deccan from Satvahan to the end of Badami Chalukya Rule

First 2 topics for the *First Term* and subsequent topics for the *Second Term*.

Rashtrakuta's and Chalukya of Kalyan

The topics sources Epigraphical, Numismatical and Literary sources of Rashtrakutta Kalyani Chalukyas and origin Dhruva Indra, Administration, Art and Architecture are to be taught for the first and Later portion for the Second term.

Yadavas' of Devgiri—850 to 1370 A. D.

First 4 topics for the *First Term* and subsequent 5 to 8 topics for the *Second Term*

History of Vijaynagar and its off shoots

First 5 topics for the *First Term* and subsequent 6 to 8 topics for the *Second Term*.

History of Bahamani Kingdom—Includig sources, Literary. Numismatical and Foreian Sources

First 5 topics for the *First Term* and 6 to 9 topics for the *Second Term*.

Group IV—Akbar—An intensive Political Study.

First 4 topics for the *First Term* and 5 to 9 topics for the *Second Term*.

Royal period of Maratha History—1630-1707

First 6 topics for the *First Term* and
7 to 12 topics for the *Second Term*.

Diplomatic History of Marathas—1708 to 1811.

First 6 topics for the *First Term* and
7 to 10 topics for *Second Term*.

Cultural History of Maharashtra

First 4 topics for the *First Term* and
5 to 8 topics for the *Second Term*.

Maharashtra in 19th Century

First 4 topics for *First Term* and
Topics 5 to 7 for the *Second Term*.

British Administrative policies in India 1818 to 1919

First 4 topics for the *First Term* and
5 to 9 for the *Second Term*.

Industrialisation and Urbanisation in Modern India 1850 to 1950

First 5 topics in *First Term* and
6 to 9 topics for the *Second Term*.

History of Science and Technology in India

First 3 topics for the *First Term* and
4 to 6 topics for the *Second Term*.

Socio-Religious Ideological Trends in Modern India

Topics 1 to 3 for the *First Term* and
Topics 4 & 5 for the *Second Term*.

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