# NORTH WARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALGAON

# REVISED SYLLABUS FOR MASTER IN TERSONNEL MANAGEMENT (MIM)

( WITH EFFECT FROM JUNE, 1997)

Semester I. Unit course No. 1. Principles and Practice of Management Labour welfars Personnel Management I 4. Organisational Behaviour I Industrial Relation & Trade Unions Field work Report. Semester II. Unit course No. 7. Industrial Economics Research and Methods 8.Statistical Methodology 9. Personnel Management II 10. Organisational Behaviour II 11. Labour Costs and Accounting 12.External Viva based on field work report Semester III. Unit course No.13. Labour legislationI 🚩 14. Industrial Socioley 15. Labour Economics 🛩 16. Industrial Hygiene and Safety Management 17. Human Resource Development I 18. Project report work. Semester IV Unit course No.19. Labour Legislation II 20. Case studies in Industrial Relations 21. Management Science 22. Case Studies in Personnel Management 23. Human Resouce Development II

24. External Viva based on Project report.

#### MASTER IN PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT SEMESTER I

#### UNIT COURSE NO. 1) PRINCIPALES AND PRACTICE OF MANAGEMENT

- a) Management Defination, nature, scope, function, development of management thought.
- b) Planning as a function of management, stepsin planning.
- c) Organising, sturcture, authority-centeralised decenteralised, delegated, responsibility, span of control, Decision making poress.
- d) directing, concept, function, problem, types & theories of leadership.
- e) Directing concept, functions probelms types of controls.

### 2. Labour welfare

- a) Labour Welfare : History, Principes concepts, objectives Scop & limitations.
- b) (i) Role, qualifications, functions and duties of  $\P 1$  labour welfear.
  - (ii) Interrlationship of welfare and productivity,
- c) Workers participation in managment govt. approaches and practices.
- d) Social security policies and programmes in India. objectives, Defination, Social Insurance, Social assistance, public serioce.
- e) Labour welfear legislations.
  - (i) Factories act 1948 provisions related to welfear.
  - (ii) ESI Act 1948.
  - (iii) The employees provident fund act, 1952.
    - (iv) Payment of Gratuti Act, 1961.
    - (v) Maternity Benefit Act, 1961.
    - (vi) Indian mine Act, 1952.
  - (vii) Indian plantation Act, 1951.

#### 3.PERSONNEL MANAGEMENT - I

(a) Personnel Management - Nature. objectives, definations, scope, development, organizion of personnel management, department, quilities of personnel manager.

(b) personnel Management practies in industry - Recruitment, selection, induction, placement, wage and salary administration fringe benefits, promotion and transfers career planning and development.

#### .4. ORGANISATIONAL BEHAVIOUR - I

- (a) Organation behavior Defination, scope importance models of organisational behavior, human side of enterprise.
- (b) psychological tests, place of psychological test in industry role of psychological in industry.

#### 5, INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS AND TRADE UNIONS

- (a) Industrial Relation definations, objectives scope.
   (b) Industrial relations machinary in India statutory, non statutory, Industrial Desputes, causes and cures.
- (c) Trade Union philosophy, origin, types, growth development trade union-membership, finance, leadership, regulations-Recognition, Registration, problems of union.
  - (d)Special features of industrial Relationsand trade unions in co-operative sector, public sector, private sector, unorganised sector.

, i

- (e)Collective Bargaining, negotiations strikes, lockouts, code of conduct and dicipline, grievance procedure.
  - (f) TU and productivity.
    TU and IR Division of questions for the test paper.
    Test paper Section A TU marks 50 Section B IR - marks 50.
  - (g) Employment policy.

#### 6. FIELD WORK REPORT.

- About 1000 words based on candidates observation on the eorking of the personnel department.
- Field work should be presented in classroom.

#### SEMISTER II

### INDUSTRIAL ECONOMICS

Idustrial Development in india.

2. state in relation to Industry - idustrial policy of the

government of india for the last 3 years.

3. regulation and control of industy - public,private, joint and co-oprative sector and their problems.

4, capital Vs. consumption goods industries.

5. smallscale, cottage and village industries.

Defination of productavity ,factors affecting productavity in india and measures to improve productavity.

7. Location ofindustries in India.

8. Cover financial institution like IDBI, ICICI, IFCI, co-oprative societies co-oprative banks.

industies like 9. General awareness of verious types of electronocs and machine tools, chemical, pharmaceuticals, trasport.

10. Financing of industries - capital structure of companies ) organisation and functining of specialisedagencies for financing industry.

11. Taxation.

# 8. STASTICAL METHODS & RESEARCH METHODOLOGY.

- 1. Population and sample: Notation of a stasistical population and a sample from a population and illustrations. Description of simple random sampeling with and without Description replacement. useofrandom number table. startified sampling and systematic sampling.
- 2. Tabulation: parts oftable , rulesoftabulation, requirement of good stastical table, constuction of tablewith one and two factor of classification.
- digrammatic represatation of data and • Need limitations, construction of bar diagram, multipul diagram, tub divided bar diagram, pie diagram.

Frequency distribution : Need to condensation numerical data. Forming a Frequency distribution from raw limits, class boundries, class marks, class class frequencies (less than and greater than types ). Graphical representation of a frequence distribution :drawing frequency polygon histogram, cumulative frequency polygon.

5. Measures of Central tendency : Notion of central tendency of data . Measures of location averages ) requirements of

good measure of location.

(i) arithmetic mean : Defination and computation for ungrouped and grouped data, change of origin and scale.

(ii) Median : Defination and computation for ungrouped

grouped data, graphical determination of the medain (iii) Mode : Defination and Computation for ungrouped group data, graphical determination of the mode situations where one kind of average is preferable to others, natation of a weighted mean

Measure of dispersion :

Notation of dispersion of data, measure of dispersion

Range : Defination and computation for ungrouped and

grouped data.

(ii) Variance and standard deviation : Defination and computation for ungrouped and grouped data, change of origin and scale

### 9. Personnel management - II

Job evaluation , Performance appraisal, merite rating (a) job enlargement

Personnel Problems in public, private and cooperative (b) sectors.

(c) Disciplinary actions-rewards and punishment.

## 10. Organisational Behaviour - II

a) Human relations, superior subordinate relationship, work curve management of changes.

b) Motivation-theories and techniques. Industrial Morale, Fatigue, bordom streets and strains.

c) Industrial conflict- Types management conflict.

سدسي سه

### 11. Labour costs and Accounting

Labour cost-Computation and Control: Labour cost and its control, personnel department, labour turnover, causes of Labour turnovaer, cost of labour turnover, labour turnover and stanstability, index, labour reports, engineering and works study department, work study, time study procedure, job evaluation merit rating, labour productivity, time keeping department, methods of recording attendance time, methods of job time booking, piece workers, casual workers and out workers, payroll department, preparation of payroll, computation of gross carnings and net payble, preparation of wage packets and paying out wages, intenal check regarding wages, cost accounting department, documentation of wages, accounting, wages analysis treatment of overtime, ideal time leave pay etc. work out problems exercies

levels, Remunaration and incentives: Introduction, wage justification of incentives under indian conditions, factors in an incentives systems, priniples applicable to all incentive schemes, remuneration systems, time rates at ordinary levels, times rate high wage levels, graduated time. rates, straight piece rates, indivisual bonus systems, group 🌶 bonus systems, bonus systems for indirect worker indirect monutary incentives, non-monetary incentives, worked out problems exectives.

12. External viva based on field work report

#### SEMESTER III

#### Unit course No. 13. 11 Labour Legislation - I

- a) i. Minimum wages Act, 1948.
  - ii. Payment of wages Act, 1936 .
  - iii. Payment of bonus Act, 1965.
  - iv. Workmans compensation Act, 1923.
- b) Factories Act, 1948.c) i.Trade Union Act, 1926.ii. MRTUP Act 1971.

  - iii. Industrial dispute Act, 1947.

#### '14. Industrial Sociology.

- a) Industrial sociology nature, scope and significance.
   b) Industrial society-Emergence, problems of Industrial sociology.
- , c)-Factory as social organisation formal and informal groups group Dynamics.
  - d) Industrial bureaucracy role of executives, organisation development
  - e) Impact of automation, computerisation and technological unges on work organisation and society, Industrialisation and ial Institution in India.

#### 15. Labour Economics 🧽

- 1. Definations of economics and Labour Economics. 2. Labour market, Mobility of Labour supply and demand Labour
- Role of worker in developmenting aconomic.
- Employment policy and role of employment exchange. Decasualisation schemes: Discumes unemployment measures takes in Government to reduce unemployment.
- 5. Wages, Concepts theories, principles, determination, types wages, mothodes of wage payment, wage differentials, wage regulation and its execution, wages problems, wage conponents.
- 6. Wage fixation machinary, determinant or rational policy, wage policy for development economy.
  - 7. The Labour problems in India-Casual, Badli, Probational Absenteeism, child labour, female labour.
- 8. Rehabilitation and automation.

# 16.Industrial Hygiene and Safety Management

#### Industrial Hygiene:

The working environment -Phycial and social factory and their effects in the job performance- factors in the work environment lighting temp., Humidity, noise, vibration, dust, vapour, fumes-a light-ventilation-crowing, radiation, etc.

#### Safety Management:

Introduction to safty and accident problem,

Development of industrial safty movement, causation of accident including accident ratio theory, unsafe action, unsafe conditions.

Accident recording, investigation and analysis, cost of accidents,

Role of managment Govt, workers (trade union ) and autonomous bodies in safety.

Appointment , qulification and duties of safety officer. Need and various provisions related to safety and held under factories. Act, 1948 and Maharashtra Factories rule 1963 including reporting of accidents and records to be maintain. Woermens Compensation Act 1923.

E.S.I.B. Public Liabilities Insurance Act 1991. Fatal Accidents Act, Control of polloution.

### 17. Human Resource Development - I

- a) Forecasting of human resources, innovative human resources options, strategic human resources planning.
- b) Exactive development:

   i) Personality development, intraction with groups organisations and society, manageing the boss, time management, creativity, transaction analysis.
  - ii) Skills Development:
- a. Behavioura¹ and Social skills-Interaction with the people, subordinates, superior and colleagues.
- b. Conceptual skills.
- iii) Supervisory development and workers eduction.
- vi) Communication elements channel, methods, media barriers to communication, Improvement in communication skill.
- 18. Project report work.

#### SEMESTER - IV.

# 19. Labour Legislation - II

- a) Domestic Enquiry-Principles of nature justices and equity.
- b) Industrial Employment standing orders Act, 1946.

# 20. Case Studies in Industrial relations

A student will study at least 10 cases on topic pertaining to the subject mentioned under to above unit course no.  $\bar{b}$ ,

# 21. Management Science

1. Fundamentals of Management Defination, functions, process management and administration, nature, principles, science, art of profession.

2. Development of Management Thought: Approches classical school, human relations, systems, social system, mathematical, emparical and contingency approach, contribution of management thinkers: especially taylor, foyal, bernard to management science.

3. Process of Management: Planning, Organizing coordinating, controlling, problem solving and decision making, directing & staffing.

4. Important concepts: Authority and responsibility, delegation, decentralization, performance appraisal, structures of organization: Flat, tall, line, staff

functional, committees, matrix (line and staff) span of control, specialization.
5. Case study technique: Approaches

# 22. Case studies in Personnel Management

A student will study at least 10 cases on topic pertaining to the subject mentioned under to above unit course no. 3 and 9.

ŝ

! !

# 23. Human Resource Development - II

a) Concept, Objective and techniques of manpower planning.
b) Training-Need, defination, objectives, importants steps, principles and methods in programming, evoluation and feed back, training equipments, formulation of training budget, role of human resource department for better productivity.

#### 24. External Viva based on Project report.

Note: 1. Each unit course under each semester will have a written test of three hours duration, carrying 60 marks at the end of each semester except for Unit course No. 5,12,15,24, for which the total marks for each course wil: be 50 only.

Note:2 . Each unit course under each semester will have Internhal written of two hours durations carrying 40 marks, except for unit course no.6,12,18,24

Note: 3 Each semester consist of 550 marks and total course consist of 2200 marks

\_\_\_\_\_

# ।। अंतरी पेट्यू शानज्योत।। भंडाराज्य विजयीठ, जि⊤ारंद

उमावि/१२/नाविनअङ्ग/ ६५०

दिनाँक :- २७.१.१२९८

प्रति,

उत्तर महाराष्ट्र विशाणीजाच्या विगन्यताष्ट्रा प्त तंस्थाचे या. तंबालल,

दानी⊸

चिव्य :- एः पो एः कोर्तयधीन रितर्व मेथ्डॉलॉजी तेक्शन-२ विवयक्ता अध्यक्तकृष्ट भावतिशेषां वतः

तंदर्भ :- उमालिचे परिषक्षक कृत्यट/११९७. जात्कृत्वर्यक, दिनाक २७ ५ ११२७.

मही दय,

उत्तर अहाराबद्व विधापीकाच्या तर्थ मान्यताप्राप्त तंत्थांचे मागतंबालक यांना विदित्य आहे की, लार्वेद्यामीठ अधिकार मंडला धेतलेल्या निर्णवानुतार तन १९९७-९८ या वैद्धिणक वर्ताभावून एक पी-एम- कोर्तकाठी । दिन तुथा रित अध्यासकृष अंप्रवास आहेवा अहून, तर्रिया हुधारिस्त अध्यासकृष्य रियोपीठाचे उपरोक्त संदर्भिष परिपत्रकातोष्टत आपणात बापूर्वीच पाठा एपरत आसेका आहे. अभ्यात्रभ्यातील तेशिस्टर-२ वधील पेपर कृत्य <u>भ्टेंटिस्टीकल येथ्ड</u>स् ॲन्ड रितर्च येथ्डॉलॉजी अला आहे. परंतु तदर अभ्यातक्रमात रितर्च मेथडातालीचे टापिकत तमाधिष्ट करण्याचे अन्वधानाने शुटलेले आहेत. त्याताजी तंबंधित अध्यातांडलाने आता रिसर्घ मेथ्डॉलॉजी विवयाचा अध्यास्क्रम विकासीठार सावर केलेस आहे. लंदर अभ्यातक्रमाची एक प्रत सोबत आपल्या साधिसीसाठी पाठरदेशी उतहै.

कारता, अर्थ यान्यताप्राप्त संत्याचे या तीरत्वक यांना पिनंतीपूर्वक कलदिण्यात वेते ही, यापत्राचा आधाय (तेत्व उपरोक्त विद्यासा तुथारित अभ्यातकृष आपल्या तंस्वेदील तंबंधित विध्वयाचे प्राध्यापण व स्य-पी-एव-कोर्तना प्रेवेदित विद्याध्यांच्या नजरेत आमादा.

ஈன⊤்.

तोबत:- दरीलप्रवाणे

आपला विश्वातु, उन्तृत्ति चितः 🕡

<u>प्रत यादिनीनाटः रहानाः :-</u>

१] सा-अ**धिःठाता, वाणि**ज्य व द्या तथापन्यास्त्र दिवासा**खा,** इस्टिं, जळ्गांच-

२] मा-चेअरमन व सर्व त्यस्य, ध्यातस्यायनवारस्य अध्यातस्यंडक, उपाः, जक्नांव

♥] प्रा-परीजा 'निर्मेत्रक, अप्तरिः, जळन्ताः, ४) सर्-प्रमूलरचिव, परीक्षा-यूर्वाध्∕उत्तरार्धः भी साम्तहाम्बुललाचिव, परीजा-पूर्वार्थ/उत्तरार्धात्रभाग, उत्तवि, जळगाँव दुबाता. ∕६] था. प्रोग्राप्टर, तंगणक ४३वाच, ४७४, जळपांट.

#### NORTH MANARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALGAON, SYLLABUS FOR M.P.M. COURSE Subject :- RESEARCH METHODOLOGY SECTION II

importance of Social Research towards Personnel Management. Desire elements of the scientific methods. Application of socialities method to the study of social phonomena-limitations and difficulties. Social work. Research Planning-selection of recoion of research essentials of a good hypothesis source of wave and their evaluation. Research Design problems involved in Research Design. Methods of Data collection sampling. Social survey nature, valuation and planning and surveys. Drafting of a research report.

#### List of Books

- 1) Hellman or Soulal Masearch Good and Hatt.
- 1) Jolandific Social Surveys and Research . Populine Young.
- 5) The Introduction to Research Procedure in Social Science -M.H. Nepal.

. ئاسادەسىسارللىرى رىران