

॥ अंतरी पेटवू ज्ञानज्योत ॥



**North Maharashtra University,  
Jalgaon**

**Syllabus For M.A.**

# **POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**Part I ( W.e.f. June,2003 )**

**&**

**Part II ( W.e.f. June,2004 )**

**NORTH MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALGAON.**  
**REVISED SYLLABUS FOR M.A. POLITICAL SCIENCE.**  
**SCHEME OF PAPERS.**  
**M.A. PART-I**  
**(WITH EFFECT FROM JUNE,2003)**

**COMPULSORY PAPERS.**

1. Modern Indian Political Thought.
2. State Politics in India.
3. Contemporary Political Issues.

Post Graduate Departments of Political Science Have To Select One Optional Paper For M.A. Part-I Out Of Sub Group A To C  
**OPTIONAL PAPERS.**

**Sub Group-A**

1. Liberal Political Theory.
2. Marxist Political Theory

**Sub Group-B**

1. Democracy in India
2. Federalism in India.

**Sub Group-C**

1. Political Parties In India.
2. Pressure Groups and Social Movements in India.

**M.A. PART II**  
**(WITH EFFECT FROM JUNE 2004)**

**COMPULSORY PAPERS**

4. Research Methodology.
5. Comparative Politics.
6. Major Thinkers in the West

**One Optional Paper for M.A.**

Part II Is To Be Selected Out Of Sub -Group D To F

**OPTIONAL PAPERS.**

**Sub Group-D**

1. International Organization
2. India's Foreign Policy.

**Sub-Group-E**

1. Electoral Politics in India..
2. Indian Political Economy.

**Sub Group - F**

1. Development Administration
2. Comparative Administrative Systems in Developing Countries.

## MA- I

### NORTH MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALGAON. SYLLABUS FOR M.A. PART I POLITICAL SCIENCE COMPULSORY PAPER –I MODERN INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT WITH EFFECT FROM JUNE 2003

#### COURSE RATIONALE

The Purpose of the paper is to generate a critical awareness about the distinctive features of the political theory tradition in modern India. The focal theme of the paper is the bearing of Indian Philosophical systems of thought on social and political ideas and to what extent is Indian Political Thought; a rejection, derivative – imitation or innovative – transformation of Western Political Thought. It is an attempt to discuss systematically, the political ideas of various political and social leaders and thinkers in Modern India. It emphasizes on the distinctive contribution of Modern Indian thinkers to political theorizing and the relative autonomy of Indian political Thought.

#### COURSE CONTENT

	Required Period
<b>SECTION-I</b>	<b>40</b>
1. Overview of Indian Political Thought Genesis and Development.	07
2. The Indian Renaissance and Rarn Mohan Roy to Vivekanand.	10
3. The Debate between the Moderates and the Extremist.	08
4. Revolutionary Nationalism.	07
5. Liberalism.	08
<b>SECTION –II</b>	<b>40</b>
6. Communism.	08
7. Socialism	08
8. Gandhism	08
9. Secular Nationalism	08
10. Critique of Caste System, Dr Ambedkar and Perrier.	08

#### M.A. PART- I

##### Compulsory Paper

##### 1. Modern Indian Political Thought

##### Readings.

1. A. Appadorai – Documents on Political Thought in Modern India.  
2 Vols. Bombay Oxford University Press, 1970  
A. Appadorai – Indian Political Thinking Through the Ages  
Delhi. Khanna Publishers, 1992.
2. M.A. Azad – India Wins Freedom.  
Hyderabad, Orient Longman 1988
3. J. Bandhopadhyaya – Social and Political Thought of Gandhi.  
Bombay, Allied, 1969
4. J.V. Bondurant – Conquest of Violence, The Gandhian Philosophy of Conflict  
Berkely University of California Press 1965
5. R.J. Cashman – The Myth of the Lokmanya Tilak and Mass Politics in  
Maharashtra  
Berekely, University of California Press 1975.

6. B. Chandra – Nationalism and Colonialism in Modern India  
Delhi, Vikas 1979
7. K. Damodaran – Indian Thought , A Critical Survey  
London, Asia Publishing House, 1967.
8. D.G. Dalton – India's Ideo of Freedom: Political Thought of Swami vivekanand,  
Aurobindo Ghose, Mahatma Gandhi and Rabindranath Tagore.  
Delhi, Academic Press, 1982.
9. A.R. Desai – Social Background of Indian Nationalism  
Bombay, Popular 1954.
10. A. Diehi , E. V. Ramaswami Naicker-Periyar- A Study of the influence of a  
personality in contemporary South India.  
Lund Esselte, Studium, 1977
11. V. Geetha and S. V. Raja Durai.  
Towards a Non Brahmin Millenium; Tyothee Thass to Perrier.  
Calcutta, Samya, 1998
12. S. Ghose – The Renaissance to Militant Nationalism  
Bombay, Allied Publishers 1969
13. S. Ghose – Socialism, Democracy and Nationalism in India  
Bombay, Allied publishers 1973
14. S. Ghose – Modern Indian Political Thought  
Delhi, Allied 1984.
15. U.N. Ghosal – A History of Indian Political Ideas.  
London, Oxford University Press, 1959
16. K.N. Kadam (ed.) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar  
New Delhi, Sage. 1992
17. V.R. Karnik. M.N. Roy; Political Biography.  
Bombay, Jagriti. 1978
18. K.P Karunakaran – Indian Politics from Dadabhai Naurooji to Gandhi;  
A Study of political  
Ideas of Modern India  
New Delhi . Gitanjali., 1975.
19. D.G Karve and D.V. Ambedkar – Speeches and Writing of Gopal Krishana  
Gokhale, Bombay Asia, 1966
20. R.M. Lohia – Marx, Gandhi and Socialism  
Hyderabad, Nav Hind 1953
21. B.S. Sharma – The Political Philosophy of M.N. Roy.  
Delhi, National Publishing House 1965
22. V.P. Verma – Modern Indian Political Thought  
Agra Lakshmi Narain Aggarwal 1974
23. G. Woodcock – Mohandas Gandhi. London, Fontana. 1971.

**NORTH MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALAGON**  
**COMPULSORY PAPER –II**  
**STATE POLITICS IN INDIA**  
**WITH EFFECT FROM JUNE 2003**

**COURSE RATIONALE**

India's diversity in terms of socio-economic political & cultural system provides unusual opportunity for the study of Indian center-state system comparatively. This paper attempts to study the power of the center & the autonomy of the state within the India Federal system, which reflect & articulate well-defined regional identities. There is an increasing need to understand that despite the wide array of powers, with which the center is armed by the constitution, there has been a growing trend of assertion of autonomy on the part of the states. The center- state relationship in the context of liberalization also needs to be focused.

**COURSE CONTENT**

**SECTION -I**

1. Theoretical framework for the study of state politics.
2. Patterns of state politics.
3. Socio-economic determinants of state politics.
4. Center - state political and Economic relationship.
5. Regional political parties & there linkage with National Parties & the Federal setup

**SECTION -II**

6. Impact of National politics on state politics.
7. Emerging trends in State Politic.
8. Recommendation of National Commission on Constitution Review.
9. Panchayati Raj system & its impact on State Politics.
- 10 Human development Index in different state a comparative perspective.

**M.A.Part-I**  
**Compulsory Paper**  
**2 State Politics In India**

**READINGS**

- S.P.Aiyar and U. Mehta (eds.) - Essays an Indian Federalism Alied publishers- 1965.
- G Austin - The Indian constitution corner stone of a Nation Oxford University Press .1966
- G. Austin - The constitution, society and law in P.Oldenbug (Ed.)India Briefing 1993, Boulder Colorado, Westview Press 1993
4. K. R.Bombawll :- The Foundation of India Federalism Bombay , Asia publishing house 1967.
5. Chonda - Federalism in India : A Study of Union- State Relations London George Allen & unwin 1965
6. P. Chatterjee (ed.)- State and Politics in India Oxford University Press 1997
7. R. Chatterjee (ed) - Politics in India : The State-Society Interface New Delhi, South Asian Publishers, 2001
8. V. Doss - Impact of Planning on Center-State Financial Relations in India . New Delhi National, 1978

9. Z. Hasan (ed) - Politics and State in India.  
New Delhi, Sage, 2000.
10. A. Kohli (ed.)- India's Democracy : An Analysis of Changing State-Society Relations  
Princeton, Princeton University Press 1988.
11. A. Kohli (ed.)-The success of India's Democracy.  
Cambridge, Cambridge University press ,2001
12. R. Kothari -Politiice in India, New Delhi Orient Longman 1970.
13. K. Kurien et. Al.- Center- State Relation ,Delhi Macmillan 1981.
14. I. Narain (ed.)- State Politics in India, Meerut , Meenakshi Prakashan 1967
15. S. Pai.- State Politics: New Dimension : Party System , Liberalization and Politics of Identity Delhi ,2000.
16. A. Prasad - Center and State Power Under Indian-Federalism,  
New Delhi , deep & deep 1981.
17. A. Ray - Tension Areas in India's Federal System Calcutta ,  
The World Press 1976.
18. S.R. Sharma - The Indian Federal Structure Allhabad ,  
Center Book Depot ,1967.
19. S.Singh (ed.)-Union-State Financial Relation in India with special reference to the Underdeveloped State. New Deihi Sterling 1980.
20. G.Smith (ed.)- Federalism: The Multi Ethnic challenge Harrow Longman 1995.

**NORTH MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALGAON .**  
**SYLLABUS FOR M.A. PART I POLITICAL SCIENCE**  
**COMPULSORY PAPER- III**  
**CONTEMPORARY POLITICAL ISSUES**  
**WITH EFFECT FROM JUNE 2003**

**COURSE RATIONALE**

Social, economic, cultural and humanitarian concerns have come to the forefront relegating issues of Security to the background in the most well established democracies in the post cold war period. These concerns also find their advocates in the relatively underdeveloped countries of the third world. There is a need to examine to what extent are these concerns new or are they a redefinition of old ideas with a fresh look. The objective of this paper is to examine critically these concerns & analyze their impact on the course of world politics and policy- Making individual countries.

**COURSE CONTENT**

	<b>Required Periods</b>
<b>SECTION – I</b>	<b>40</b>
1. Factors leading to the end of the Cold War.	08
2. Contemporary Issues in Post Cold War Period.	08
3. Key Issues in North South Relationship.	08
4. Globalization	08
5. Gender Issues.	07
<b>SECTION – II</b>	<b>40</b>
6. Environmental Issues	07
7. Human Rights.	08
8. Terrorism.	08
9. Nature of the State and the Liberalization Process .	09
10. Development Issues.	07

**PART –I**  
**COMPULSORY PAPER 3**  
**CONTEMPORARY POLITICAL ISSUES**

**Reading –**

1. M. Albrow and E. King (eds.)- Globalization, Knowledge and Society  
London .Sage,1990.
2. M. Allan & K.Goldman (eds.)- The end of the cold war  
Dordrecht Martinus Nijhoff .1992.
3. R. Aron - Peace and & War  
London , Weidenfield and Nicholson ,1966.
4. H. Astan (ed.)- Woman and Politics in the Third World  
London , Roufedge 1996.
5. M. Bowker and R. Brown (eds.) From Cold War to Collapse  
Cambridge. Cambridge University Press 1993.
6. I. Brownlie (ed.) - Basic Documents on Human Rights 2<sup>nd</sup> edn.  
Oxford .the Clarendon Press .1992
7. R.Burbach , O. Nunez and B. Kagatitsky - Globalization and its Discontents.  
The Rise of Post modern Socialisms , London Pluto, 1997.
8. J.M.Bystdzienski (ed.)- Women Transforming Politics : Worldwide Strategies  
for Empowerment, Bloomington India'na University Press, 1992.
9. S.E.M.Chariton ,J. Everett and K.Staudt (eds.)-Woman , the State and  
Development Albany ,State University of New York,1989.

10. R. Clutterbuck, -Terrorism and Guerilla Warfare  
London Routledge 1990 .
11. R. Cohen and P. Kennedy- Global Sociology London , St. Martin Press 1999.
12. M. Craston- What are Human Rights ?  
London , Bodley Head, 1973.
13. J. Donnelly: - The Concept of Human Rights  
London , Croom Helm , 1985 .
14. I. Duchacek , Power Maps : The Comparative Politics of Constitutions ,  
Santa Barbara , California , ABC , CLIO , 1973.
15. O. Dunleavy and B.O. Leary - Theories of Liberal Democratic State,  
London, Macmillan 1987.
16. R. Eatwell (ed.)- European Political Cultures : Conflict or Convergence ?  
London and New York , Routledge , 1997 .
17. R. Eckersley - Environmentalism and Political Theory :An Eccentric  
Approach London ,UCL Press , 1992
18. P. Ekins :- A New World Order : Grassroots Movements for Global Change  
London ,Rutledge , 1992.
19. J. Fisher - The Road From Rio : Sustainable Development and Non  
Governmental Movements in the Third World Westport Connecticut  
Praeger, 1993. .
20. F. Fukugama :- The End of History and the Last Man Harmonds Worth Penguin  
1992 .
21. A. Giddens - The Consequences of Modernity  
Cambridge .Polity Press, 1990.
22. J. Gelb- Feminism and Politics : A Comparative Perspective  
Berkeley , University of California Press, 1989.
23. R. Holton - Globalization and the Nation State .  
Basingstoke . Macmillan 1998.
24. W. Lacquer - Terrorism ,London , Widenfield and Nicholson, 1977.
25. W. Lacquer - The Age of Terrorism , London Weidenfield and  
Nicholson 1987.
26. A.I. Melden (ed.)-Human Rights  
Belmont California ,Wadsworth , 1970
27. B. Nelson and N. Chowdhary (ed.) -Women and Politics Worldwide Delhi ,  
Oxford University Press , 1970.
28. D.D. Raphael (ed.) Political Theory and the Rights of Man ,  
London Macmillan , 1967.
29. B.M. Russenti - Grasping the Democratic Peace:  
Principles for a Post-Cold War World.  
Princeton NS, Pinceton University Press 1993.
30. P. Wilkinson- Terrorism and the Liberal State 3 rd edn.  
Basingstoke Macmillan, 1994.



**NORTH MAHARASTRA UNIVERSITY , JALGAON**  
**SYLLABUS FOR M.A. PART I POLITICAL SCIENCE**  
**SUB GROUP –A OPTIONAL PAPER I**  
**LIBERAL POLITICAL THEORY**  
**WITH EFFECT FROM JUNE 2003**

**COURSE RATIONALE**

This Paper Explains the Origins and Genesis of Liberalism by Focussing on its core tents and key themes and by highlighting its different Streams and Tradition. The Main Liberal Figures and there Influence an Delineation, Elucidation and development of Liberal Thought are given Prominence to Understand the Continuity and change within the Liberal theory and Ideology. Each Of the Thinkers Listed is studied In Terms of their Contribution to the Evolutions of Liberal Ideas and Theory. The Continued Sustenance and Relevance of the Liberal Theory is a is its rival theories like Communism and Fascism is the Focus of this Paper.

**COURSE CONTENT**

	Required Periods
<b>SECTION I</b>	<b>40</b>
1. Early Liberals: Locke to Jefferson .	10
2. Philosophical Radicals : Benthan and the classical Utilitarians.	10
3. Economic bases of early liberalism : Smith and Ricardo.	10
4. German liberalism: Kant	10
<b>SECTION II</b>	<b>40</b>
5. Revision of Liberalism: Mill.	10
6. Green and Social Liberals Hobhouse and Hobson	10
7. Contemporary Liberalism: Rawls .	08
8. Recent Critics of Liberalism: Communitarians, Postmodernists, Feminists and Marxist .	12

**M.A PART – I**  
**Group A:-**  
**1 Optional papers**  
**Liberal Political Theory .**

**Reading -**

1. A Arblaster - The Rise and Decline of Weston Liberalism Oxford , Blackwell .1984.
2. Sir E. Barker - Political Thought in England from Herbert Spencer to the Present Day Oxford University Press 1950
3. B. Barry – The Liberal , Theory of Justice Oxford, The Clarendon Press, 1973
4. S.Collini – Liberalism and Sociology Cambridge University Press 1977
5. F. Fukuyama – The End of History and the Last Man Harmondsworth Penguin 1992.
6. J. Gray- Liberalism, Delhi World View 1998
7. A. Gulman – Liberal Equality, Cambridge and New York Cambridge University Press 1980
8. J.H. Hallowell - The decline of Liberalisms an Ideology, University of California Press 1943
9. H.J Laski – Political Thought from Locke to Bentham Oxford University Press 1920

10. H.J.Laski – The Rise of European Liberalism  
London, Allen and Unwin, 1936
11. J. Rawls – A Theory of Justice  
Oxford, Oxford University Press 1972
12. J. Rawls – Political Liberalism  
New York, Columbia University Press 1993
13. M. Sandel – Liberalism and the Limits of Justice  
Cambridge University Press, 1982
14. M. Salvadori – (ed.) – European Liberalism New York Wiley 1972
15. J.S. Shapiro – Liberalism : its Meaning and History  
New York can No Strand Reinhold 1958
16. F.H. Watkins – The Age of ideology – Political Thought from 1750  
To the Present, New Delhi Preintice Hall 1961.
17. S. Wolin – Politics and Vision – Continuity and Innovation in  
Western Political Thought.  
Boston Little, Brown 1960.

**NORTH MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALGAON**  
**SYLLABUS FOR M.A PART I POLITICAL SCIENCE**  
**SUB GROUP A OPTIONAL PAPER 2**  
**MARXIST POLITICAL THEORY.**  
**WITH EFFECT FROM JUNE 2003**

**COURSE RATIONALE**

This paper explains the origins, development and evolution of the key ideas, Theories and concepts in the thought of Karl Marx and Friedrich Engels. It examines the change in Marxism after the death of both Marx and Engel. It analyzes the various debates within the Marxist doctrine to understand the continuity and changes. It explains the various streams within the socialist thought and movement and highlights the major differences between Western Marxism and Soviet Communism. It dissects Critically the reasons for the collapse of communism and assesses the future of the doctrine and its continuing relevance in the new millennium.

<b>COURSE CONTENT</b>	<b>Required Periods</b>
<b>SECTION I</b>	<b>40</b>
1 Marx and the theory of the state.	12
2 Concept of freedom, justice and democracy in Classical Marxism.	08
3 Debate about the advanced capitalist state: Gramsci, Miliband, althusser and poulantaz.	12
4 Revisionism and its importance : Lasalle and Bernstein.	08
<b>SECTION II</b>	<b>40</b>
5 Theory of Revolutionary change : Marx, Gram, Skopocel	10
6 Western critics of Soviet Communism : Avineri Miliband and Poulantaz.	10
7 German Marxism and Russian Communism	10
8 Future of Marxism.	10

**M.A. PART I**  
**GROUP -A-II**

**OPTIONAL PAPERS—MARXIST POLITICAL THEORY**

**Reading :-**

1. S. Avineri - Karl Marx on Colonialism and Modernization: his despatches and other writings on China, India, Mexico, the Middle East and North Africa. New York, Cambridge University Press 1969.
2. S. Avineri - The Social and Political Thought of Karl Marx New Delhi, S. Chand 1977.
3. E. Benton - The rise and fall of Structural Marxism Macmillan, 1984.
4. N. Bukharin :- Historical Materialism Ann Arbor University of Michigan Press 1969
5. S. Chang :- Marxian Theory of the State. New York Holt 1965.
6. G.D.H. Cole - A History of Socialist Thought 5 vols London, Macmillan 1953-60
7. R.A. Dahl :- Democracy, liberty and Equility Oslo, Norwegian University Press 1986
8. H. Draper :- Karl Marx's Theory of Revolution :State and Bureaucracy. New York Monthly Review Press 1977.
9. J. Dunn:- Modern Revolution London, The Clarendon Press 1988.
10. F. Engels - Selected Writings. Moscow Progress Publishers 1977
11. A. Giddens :- A contemporary Critique of Historical Materialism London, Macmillan, 1995

12. A. Gramsci - Selections from Prison Notebooks edited and translated by  
Quentin Hours and Geoffrey Nowell Smith .London Lawrence and Wishart .  
1971.
13. R.N.Hunt :- The political Ideas of Marx and Engels  
London ,Macmillan 1975.
14. V.I.Lenin - What is to be done ? And The State and Revolution , Moscow  
Progress Publishers 1977.
15. K.H.Marx - Selected Work 3 volt Moscow Progress Publishers 1977.
16. D.McLellan - Marxism after Marx, London, Macmillan ,1979.
17. D.McLellan (ed.) - Marx: The First Hundred years Glasgow, Fontana. 1983.
18. J.Plamentaz - German Marxism and Soviet Communism  
London, Longman ,1969.
19. S. Mukherjee and S. Ramaswamy - A History of Socialism Thought :  
From the Precursor to the present New Delhi sage 2000
20. J.Plamentaz - German Marxism and Soviet Communism. London  
Longman 1969.
21. Sir. K.R. Popper :-The Open Society and its Enemies 2 volt. London,  
Rutledge 1945.
22. K.R. Popper- The poverty of Historicism, London Rutledge 1991 .
23. K.R. Popper- The Lesson of the Century: Talks on Freedom and the  
Demiurgic  
State . London , Rutledge 1996
24. N. Poulantaz - Political Power and Social Classes  
London .New left books, 1973
25. N. Poulantaz - Classes in Contemporary Capitalism  
London , New Left Books 1975.
26. B. Russell – Bolshevism : Practice and Theory  
London Unwin 1948.
27. R. Tucker – Philosophy and Myth of Karl Marx  
Cambridge , Cambridge University Press 1961.
28. R. Tucker – Political Culture in the Soviet Union  
New York W.W. Norton & Co. 1987.
29. B. Wolte – One Hundred Years in the Life of a Doctrine  
New York, Doubleday, 1969.

**NORTH MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALGAON**  
**SYLLABUS FOR M.A PART I POLITICAL SCIENCE**  
**SUB GROUP B OPTIONAL PAPER I**  
**DEMOCRACY IN INDIA**  
**WITH EFFECT FROM JUNE 2003**

**COURSE RATIONALE**

This Paper deals with the nature structure and functioning of the democracy in India which has been a surviving democracy despite its relative under development and poverty and in a region where democracy has had a checkered history is considered by Many as one of her unique achievements. The process of democratization, the role of political parties and pressure groups, the initiatives at encouraging grass- roots, democracy and the various influences social determinants like the caste system, class religion regionalism, ethnicity, and gender needs to be explained and critically analyzed.

**COURSE CONTENT**

	Required Periods
<b>SECTION – I</b>	<b>40</b>
1. Democratic thinking and tradition in India; Ancient and Modern.	08
2. Nature of Indian Democracy.	08
3. Structure of Indian Democracy - Election Commission.	12
Process of Indian Democracy: Party System, Interest Groups and Social Movements.	12
<b>SECTION – II</b>	<b>40</b>
5. Socio- Economic Determinants of Indian Democracy: Caste, Language , Religion , Region and Poverty.	12
6. Indian Democracy at the Grass-roots level.	08
7. Role of Women in the Political Process.	08
8. Parliamentary vs. Presidential Model.	12

**M.A. – Part – I**  
**Optional Paper- Group – B**  
**Democracy In India.**

**Readings**

- 1.G. Austin – The Constitution of India: Cornerstone of a Nation Oxford. Oxford University Press , 1966
2. R. Baird (ed.) Religion In Modern India. New Delhi Manohar 1981.
3. P. Bardhan – The Political Economy of Development in India. Oxford, Blackwell 1988.
4. S. Bayly- Caste, Society and Politics in India from the Eighteenth Century to the Modern Age. Cambridge, Cambridge University Press 1999.
5. A. Beteille -- Caste , Class and Power: Changing Patterns of Stratification in a Tanjore Village.
6. J. Brown -- Modern India: The Origin of an Asian Democracy , Delhi, Oxford University Press 1985.
7. T. Byres (ed.) The Indian Economy: Major Debates Since Independence.
8. P. Chatterjee (ed.) -- States and Politics In India. Delhi, Oxford University Press 1997.
9. Frankel and M. Rao, (eds.) – Dominance and State Power in Modern India: Decline of Social Order. Delhi, Oxford University Press 1989.

10. A. H. Hansen and J. Douglas- India Democracy New Delhi Vikas 1972.
11. T.B. Hansen – The Saffron Wave: Democracy and Hindu Nationalism in Modern India .  
Princeton NJ, Princeton University, Press 1999.
12. N. Jayat – Democracy and the State: Welfare Secularism and Development in Contemporary India.  
Delhi Oxford University Press 1999
13. R. Jenkins – Democratic Politics and Economic Reform in India.  
Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1999.
14. S. Joshi – The Women Question  
Ambethan, Shetkari Sangathana, 1986.
15. S. Khinani – The Idea of India.  
London, Hamish, Hamilton 1997.
16. A. Kohali (ed.) – India's Democracy: An Analysis of changing State-Society Relations.  
Princeton NJ, Princeton University Press 1988.
17. R. Kothari – Politics in India  
Delhi, Orient Longman, 1970
18. R. Kothari – Democratic Policy and Social change in India.  
Delhi, Allied, 1976.
19. R. Kothari – State Against Democracy: in India for Human Governance.  
Delhi, Ajanta , 1988.
20. S. Kothari – Social Movement and the Redefinition of Democracy .  
Boulder Colorado Westview Press 1993.
21. W.H. Morris-Jones – politics Mainly Indian  
Delhi Orient Longman , 1978.
22. W.H Morris-Jones – Government and Politics of India., 1971.
23. T.K. Oomen- protest and Change: Studies in social Movements.  
New Delhi. Sage, 1990.
24. G. Rosen – Democracy and Economic change in India.  
Berkely, University of california Press 1966.
25. D.E. Smith – India as a Secular state.  
Princeton NJ, Princeton University Press, 1963.
26. M.N. Srinivas- Social change in Modern India,  
Bombay Allied Publishers, 1966.
27. P. Wallace (ed.) – Region and nation in India,  
Delhi. Oxford University, Press 1989.
28. M. Weiner – The Regionalization of India Politics and its implications for Economic Reforms in J. saches, A. Varshang and N. Bajpai(eds.) India in the Era of Economic Reforms Oxford, Oxford University Press 1999.

**NORTH MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALGAON**  
**SYLLABUS FOR M.A PART I POLITICAL SCIENCE**  
**SUB GROUP B OPTIONAL PAPER II**  
**FEDERALISM IN INDIA**  
**WITH EFFECT FROM JUNE 2003**

**COURSE RATIONALE**

This Paper offers a study of the Indian federal structure in context of the constitutional framework. It focuses on the historical antecedent and the temper of the time to locate the unitary bias of the Constitution. It also provide an in-depth insight to the functioning of the center-state relation with reference to the sarkaria commission Report and demands for state autonomy. It emphasizes the challenging role played by the president, Prime Minister, Governor and chief Minister in maintaining the federal power equations, especially during the times of Emergency. It therefore, offers a detailed study of developments in Indian Federalism since 1947.

**COURSE CONTENT**

	<b>Required Periods</b>
<b>SECTION- I</b>	<b>40</b>
1. Background, Evolution and Nature of Federalism in India.	12
2. Developments in Indian Federalism since 1947.	12
3. Center-State Relations with reference to Emergency and Financial Powers.	08
4. Demand for state Autonomy.	08
<b>SECTION -II</b>	<b>40</b>
5. Sarkaria Commission Report: An Analysis	08
6. Inter-State Councils.	10
7. Regional Parties and their Impact on the Federal Process.	12
8. Recent Trends and Prospects.	10

**M.A. Part- I**  
**Optional Paper- Group – B**  
**Federalism In India**

1. S.P. Aiyar and U. Mehta (eds.)-  
 Essay on Indian Federalism.  
 Allied Publisher, 1965.
2. G. Austin – The Indian Constitution: Corner Stone of a Nation.  
 Oxford, Oxford University Press 1966.
3. D.D. Basu – An Introduction to the Constitution of India.  
 New Delhi Prentice Hall 1994.
4. K.R. Bombwall – The Foundation of Indian Federalism  
 Bombay, Asia Publishing House, 1967.
5. K.R. Bombwall – National Power and State Autonomy.  
 Meerut, Meenakshi Prakashan, 1978.
6. J.V. Bondurant – Regionalism Versus Provincialism :  
 A Study in Problems of Indian National Unity.  
 Berkuley, University of California Press 1958.
7. P. Brass- Politics of India Since Independence  
 Hyderabad, Orient Longman 1990
8. M. Chanda – Ethnicity, Security and Separatism in India  
 Delhi, Oxford University Press 1997.
9. A. Chanda – Federalism in India: A Study of Union State Relations  
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Bombay Asia Publishing House 1975.
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Comparison and Recent History.  
New Delhi Center for Policy Research 1997.
25. A. Ray- Tension Areas in Indian Federal System.  
Calcutta, The World Press, 1961.

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**NORTH MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALGAON**  
**SYLLABUS FOR M.A PART I POLITICAL SCIENCE**  
**SUB GROUP C OPTIONAL PAPER I**  
**POLITICAL PARTIES IN INDIA**  
**WITH EFFECT FROM JUNE 2003**

**COURSE RATIONALE**

This paper Studies the functioning and Working of Political Parties and their impact on democratic institutions. It focuses on the nature of party composition and the character of party organization both at the national and state level. Besides the relationships between parties and pressure groups. The process of recruitment and the influences of various social determinants like caste, class, gender, religion and region on the functioning of political parties are also to be studied. It acquaints the dilemmas facing the party organization namely those pertaining to national versus regional interests. It focuses on the compulsions of party alignments and re-alignments.

**COURSE CONTENT**

	<b>Required Periods</b>
<b>SECTION – I</b>	<b>40</b>
1. Origins of Political Parties: From the Establishment of the Indian National Congress in 1885 to the Congress System.	12
2. Nature of Party System in the post Independent India.	08
3. National Politics Parties: their origin, Program, organization and support base.	10
4. Regional Political Parties: their origin, program organization and support base.	10
<b>SECTION – II</b>	<b>40</b>
5. Patterns of Interaction between National and Regional Politics parties.	10
6. Political Parties and the Electoral Process.	10
7. Major Pressure Groups with Special reference to trade unions, chambers of commerce Agrarian groups, Human Rights and environmental movements' groups.	12
8. Critical Evaluation of the role and working of Political Parties.	08

**M.A. Part – I**  
**OPTIONAL PAPER GROUP C**  
**1 POLITICAL PARTIES IN INDIA**

**Readings.**

1. B. Arora – Political Parties and Party System: The Emergence of New coalitions. Memo. Dec. 1979
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Berkeley University of California Press 1969.
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Delhi, Oxford university Press, 2001
6. C. Fuller and C. Jafferlot (eds )- The BJP and the Compulsions of Politics in India.  
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7. B. Graham – Hindu Nationalism and Indian Politics.  
The Origins and Development of the Bhartiya Jana sangh.  
Cambridge university Press , 1996.
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New Delhi, Oxford University Press 2001.
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13. A. Kohli. (ed.) The Success of India's Democracy.  
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16. T.K. Ormen – Protest and Change: Studies in Social Movements.  
New Delhi, Sage, 1990.
17. S. Pai – State Politics: New Dimensions: party System  
Liberalization and Politics of Identity.  
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18. M.V. Ramma Rao – A Short History of the Indian National Congress  
Delhi Allied 1989
19. B. Sengupta – Communism in Indian politics  
New York, Columbia University Press, 1972.
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Critical issues" in B. J. Nelson and N. Chowdhary (eds.) women and Politics  
World Wide.  
Delhi Oxford University Press, 1997
21. M. Weiner – Party Politics in India.  
Princeton NJ. Princeton University Press, 1957.
22. M. Wejner – Electoral Politics in the Indian States , 4 Vols.  
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23. C.E. Zirokzadeh – Social Movements in Politics: A Comparative Study.  
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**NORTH MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALGAON.**  
**SYLLABUS FOR M.A. PART- I POLITICAL SCIENCE.**  
**SUB GROUP C OPTIONAL PAPER – II**  
**PRESSURE GROUPS AND SOCIAL MOVEMENTS IN INDIA**  
**WITH EFFECT FROM JUNE 2003**

**COURSE RATIONALE.**

Jocqueville notes in his Democracy in America the propensity of the Americans to form groups on particular issues, which are the precursors of modern pressure groups and interest groups. Such groups have inextricably become a part of modern mass democracies and that no political system is actually free from them. Pressure groups try to influence the decision making process indirectly and most of them advance their particularistic interests alone. Social movements highlight the issues and concerns of marginalized groups who are bypassed within society. This paper deals with these two different but complimentary group activities of the modern political process.

**COURSE CONTENT**

	<b>Required Periods</b>
<b>SECTION – I</b>	<b>40</b>
1. Group Theory and its significance in Politics.	08
2. Kinds and Techniques of Pressure Groups.	08
3. Relationship between pressure Groups and Political parties.	12
4. Dynamics of Social Movements; Origin Objectives and Constraints.	12
<b>SECTION – II</b>	<b>40</b>
5. Social Movements in India.	12
6. Social Movements and the Development Program.	08
7. Pressure Groups, Social Movements and Democratic process.	12
8. Future Prospects.	08

**M.A. Part- I**  
**Optional Paper.**  
**Group – C**

**Pressure Groups and Social Movements in India.**

**Readings.**

1. G. Almond and G.B. Powell – Comparative Politics Today:  
A World View 6 th edn.  
New York Harper Callins 2000
2. C. Ciger and B. Loomis (eds.) Interest Group Politics 5 th edn.  
Washington D.C. Congressional Quarterly Press , 1998.
3. R.A. Dahl. Who Governer ? Democracy and power in an American city.  
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4. R.A. Dahl – Modern Political Analysis 5 th edn.  
Englewood Cliffs NJ Prentice Hall. 1991.
5. J. Richardson (ed.) Pressure Politics.  
Oxford and New York Oxford University Press 1993
6. M. Smith -Pressure Politics  
Manchester, U.K Baseline Books, 1993
7. S. Tarrdy – Power in Movement: Social Movements and Contentions  
Politics 2 nd edn.  
Cambridge university Press, 1998.
8. C. Thomos – (edn.) – Political Parties and Interest Groups:  
Shaping Democracy Governance  
Boulder Colorado Lynne Rienner 2001
9. T. Weiss and C. Gordenker (ed.) - Non Governmental Organizations ,  
The United Nations and Global Governance ,  
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**M.A.-II**  
**NORTH MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALGAON.**  
**SYLLABUS FOR M.A. PART-II POLITICAL SCIENCE**  
**COMPULSORY PAPER IV**  
**RESEARCH METHODOLOGY**  
**WITH EFFECT FROM JUNE 2004**

**COURSE RATIONALE**

This paper is a basic introduction to the process and Method of empirical research for achieving scientific knowledge in Political Science. An attempt is made to relate social science research method to other courses in syllabus of political science. The criticism of different methods and schools are included. Other important aspects of research methods are also included. There is a need to teach the method of data collection, sample survey, preparation of bibliography and questionnaire writing of a report, dissertation and thesis.

**COURSE CONTENT**

	<b>Required Periods</b>
<b>SECTION – I</b>	<b>40</b>
1. Scientific Study of Political Science	08
2. Basic Assumptions – Critics.	07
3. Behavioral Revolution in Political Science & its Critics.	08
4. Hypotheses and Theory Building.	10
5. Theory and Theory Building.	07
<b>SECTION –II</b>	<b>40</b>
6. Research Methodology of Political Science.	07
7. Tools and Techniques of Data Collection, Observation , questionnaire and Interview .	10
8. Data Processing and analysis ,statistical techniques of data analysis .	08
9. Hermeneutics	07
10. Report writing and thesis writing.	08

**M.A. PART –II**  
**Compulsory Paper – 4**  
**Research Methodology**

**Readings :**

1. H.N Blalock – An Introduction to social research,  
Englewood cliffs NJ Prentice Hall 1970
2. J.Blondel – Thinking Politically  
London ,Wildwood House 1976
3. M.J. Brenner ,J.Brown and D. Canter (eds)-  
The Research Interview : Uses and Approaches  
London Academic press 1985
4. A.Bryman : Quantity and Quality in social Research  
London ,Unwin Hyman 1988
5. M.Buhner (ed.) Sociological Research Methods : An Introduction  
London ,Macmillan 1984.
6. R.Burqess – In the Field : An Introduction to field Research  
London , Allen and Unwin 1984
7. T.L .Burton and G.L. Cherry – Social Research Techniques  
London ,Unwin Hyman 1989
8. De D.A. Vaus – Surveys in Social Research 2<sup>nd</sup>  
London. Unwin Hyman ,1991.

9. M. Duvekat - An Introduction to the Social Sciences with Special Reference to their methods translated by M. Anderson, Newyork Fredrick, A Praeger 1964
10. H. Eulau - The Behavioura Persuasion in Politics  
New York Random House 1964.
11. S.V. Evera - Guide to Methods for Student of Political Science  
Ithaca, NY, Cornell University Press 1997.
12. J. Galtung - Theory and Methods of Social Research  
New york, Columbia University press 1987
13. N. Glibert (ed.) Researching Social Life.  
London Sage 1993
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New York, Mc Graw Hill 1952 .
15. D. Miller (ed.) Pocket - Popper, London Fontana 1997.
16. A.C. Isaak. - Scope and Methods of Political Science  
Homewood Illions, Dorsey Press 1985.
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Washington DC C.Q. Press 1986.
18. T. Kuhn - The Structure of Scientific Revolution  
Chicago, University of Chicago press 1970.
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New York, The Free press, 1957.
21. G. Mydral - objectivity in Social Science  
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22. Sir K.R. Popper - The Logic of Scientific Discovery  
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24. B. Smith. Political Research Methods  
Boston Houghton Milton 1976
25. W.P. Shively. The Craft of Political Research  
Englewood cliffs NJ Prentice Hall 1980.
26. L.R. Tuffy - Data Analysis for Politics and polity  
Englewood cliffs NJ Prentice Hall 1974
27. D.P. Warwick and M. Bulmer (eds.) Social Research in Developing  
Countries : Surveys and Consciousness in the third world  
Delhi, Research Press, 1993
28. M. Weber - The Methodology of Social Sciences translated and edited by  
E.A. Shils and H.A. Finch.  
New York The Free press 1949.
29. P.V. Young - Scientific Social Surveys and Research.

**NORTH MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALGAON**  
**SYLLABUS FOR M.A. PART II POLITICAL SCIENCE**  
**COMPULSORY PAPER V**  
**COMPARATIVE POLITICS**  
**WITH EFFECT FROM JUNE 2004**

**COURSE RATIONALE.**

This paper deals with the theoretical evolution and approaches to the study of comparative Politics. This Paper intends to highlight on variations in systematic characteristics and processes to equip up with a sound grasp of methodology of comparison and to enable thus to understand alternative theoretical models and explanations. It analyzes in a comparative way a fundamental grasp over the various theories and explanations regarding social development in the third world countries. The paper concentrates specially on some of the Major paradigms or Worldviews which have elicited different theories of development underdevelopment and change in the study of comparative politics.

**COURSE CONTENTS**

	<b>Required Periods</b>
<b>SECTION – I</b>	<b>40</b>
1. Nature and Scope of Comparative Politics :	09
a) Recent Approaches to the study of Comparative politics.	
b) Distinction between traditional and modern approaches.	
c) Limits of Contemporary Approaches to the study of Comparative politics.	
2. Political Culture and Political Socialization.	08
3. Classes and political Elites.	08
4. Political parties.	07
5. Pressure Groups and social Movements.	08
<b>SECTION – II</b>	<b>40</b>
6. Political Development.	08
7. Theories of Political Conflict.	08
8. Theories of Social Change.	08
9. Constitutionals.	08
10. Federalism.	08

**M.A. PART- II**  
**COMPULSORY PAPER – 5**  
**COMPARATIVE POLITICS.**

**Readings.**

1. G.A. Almond and J.S. Coleman.- The politics of the Developing Areas  
Princeton NJ  
Princeton University Press , 1960.
2. G.A. Almond and S. Verba – The Civic culture : political Attitudes and  
Democracy in five Nations.  
Princeton NJ. Princeton University Press , 1963
3. G.A. Almond (eds.) The Civic Culture Revisited  
Boston . Little , Brown , 1989
4. G.A. Almond – and G.B. Powell Jr. : Comparative Politics ,  
A Development Approach ,  
Boston . Little Brown 1966.

5. G.A. Almond – *Comparative Politics Today : A World view*  
7 th edn. New York London , Collins 2000
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Chicago .University of Chicago Press 1965.
7. P.Baran – *The Political Economy Of Growth*  
New york ,Monthly Review Press ,1957.
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Classification & Topologies.*  
Boulder Colorado , Lynne Reinner Publishers ,1990.
9. L.J. Cantori and A.H. Zeigler (ed.) *Comparative Politics in the  
Post Behaviouralist era*  
London .Lynne ,Reinner Publisher , 1988
10. M.C. Cusack – *The State and political Theory*  
Princeton ,NJ Princeton University Press , 1984.
11. R.H.Chilcote – *Theories of Comparative Politics : The Search for a Paradigm  
Reconsidered .*  
Boulder Colorado ,West view ,press 1994.
12. R.Cole (ed.) *European Political Systems* 2<sup>nd</sup> edn.  
New York Knopf . 1959.
13. D.Easton – *The Political Systems : An Inquiry into State of Political Science .*  
New York . Alfred A. Knopf . 1953.
14. D. Easton – *A Systems Analysis of political Life.*  
New York , Wiley , 1969.
15. R.Hauge and M.Harrop – *Comparative Government and Politics*  
*An Introduction* 5 th edn. New York Palgrave 2001.
16. H.Fiber – *Theory and Practice of Modern Government*  
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New Harven CT ,Yale University press , 1968.
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psychology of political Behaviour*  
New York . The Free Press 1959.
19. J.C. Johari. – *Comparative Political Theory : New Dimensions*  
*Basic Concepts and Major Trends .* New Delhi , Sterling , 1987.
20. D. Krishna – *Political Development : A Critical Perspective*  
Delhi Oxford University Press , 1979
21. K.P.Langton- *Political Socialization* New York  
Oxford University Press , 1969.
22. S.M.Lipset – *Political Man*. New York , New York Double day 1960
23. R.C. Macridis . – *The Study of Comparative Government*  
New York Double day ,1955.
24. T.Parsons – *The Social System*  
New York , The Free Press 1967.
25. L.W. Fy. (ed.) *Communication & Political Development*  
Princeton , NJ Princeton University Press 1963.
26. R.I. Rothberg (ed.) *Politics & Political Change : A Journal of inter-disciplinary  
History Reader*  
Massachusetts . MIT Press . 2001.
27. O. Tornquist – *Politics and Development*  
Delhi Sage 1999.
28. H.J. Wiardo . (ed.) *New Development in Comparative Politics* Boulder  
Colorado .West view Press . 1986.

**NORTH MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALGAON**  
**SYLLABUS FOR M.A. PART -II POLITICAL SCIENCE**  
**COMPULSORY PAPER - VI**  
**MAJOR THINKERS IN THE WEST**  
**WITH EFFECT FROM JUNE 2004**

**COURSE RATIONALE**

The paper Studies the classical tradition of political theory from Plato to Marx with the view to understand how the Great Masters explained and analyzed political events and problems of their time. The Western Political Thought is to be interpreted both in the historical and philosophical perspective to understand the universality of theorization. The legacy of the thinkers is explained with the view to establish the continuity and change within the Western Political Tradition.

**COURSE CONTENT**

	<b>Required Periods</b>
<b>SECTION - I</b>	<b>40</b>
1. Plato	09
2. Aristotle	08
3. Machiavelli	07
4. Hobbes	08
5. Locke	08
<b>SECTION - II</b>	<b>40</b>
6. Rousseau	07
7. Hegel	07
8. Marx	10
9. John Stuart Mill	08
10. Max Webber.	08

**READINGS**

1. Six E. Backer, The Political Thought of Plato and Aristotle, New York, Dover Publications, 1959.
2. J.H. Burns (ed.), The Cambridge History of Political Thought, 1450-1700, Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1991.
3. G. Catlin, A History of Political Philosophers, London, George Allen and Unwin, 1950.
4. M. Cranston (ed.), Western Political Philosophers, London, London, Fontana, 1964.
5. J. A. Dunning, History and Political Theories, New York, Macmillan, 1902.
6. R.G Gettel, History of Political Thought, New York Novell & Co, 1924.
7. S. Mukherjee and Ramaswamy, A History of Political Thought :Plato to Marx, New Delhi. Prentice Hall, 1999.
8. B. Russel, History of Western Philosophy, London, George Allen and Unwin, 1961
9. G. H. Sabine, History of Political theory, 4<sup>th</sup> edn. Revised by T.L. Thorson, New Delhi. Oxford and IBH, 1973.
10. Sinclair, T.A. - A History of Greek Political Theory ( London Rout ledge and Kegan paul, 1966.)



**NORTH MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALGAON**  
**SYLLABUS FOR M.A. PART –II POLITICAL SCIENCE**  
**SUB GROUP D OPTIONAL PAPER –I**  
**INTERNATIONAL ORGANISATION**  
**WITH EFFECT FROM JUNE 2004**

**COURSE RATIONALE.**

This paper studies the evolution and the development of international organization from its inception till present times. It focuses on the problems that confront international organizations and constraints within which they function. An in-depth study of the structure and functioning of the United Nations, needs to be undertaken and analyzed from the perspective of whether it has lived up to the expectations, hope and aspirations of the architects. In addition the shift from Political and security considerations to social, economic and humanitarian concerns following the end of the cold war and UN's role in facilitating these needs to be analyzed.

**COURSE CONTENT.**

	<b>Required Periods</b>
<b>SECTION – I</b>	<b>40</b>
1. The Nature and Evolution of International Organization.	10
2. International Organization : A Hybrid of Nation State Systems and the International System	10
3. The League of Nations.	08
4. The United Nations: Structure and Functions.	12
<b>SECTION – II</b>	<b>40</b>
5. Pacific Settlement of Disputes and Enforcement Action.	09
6. Economic and Social Development.	09
7. Human Rights: Codification and Guarantees.	11
8. United Nations in the Post Cold - War Era.	11

**M.A PART –II**  
**Optional Paper**  
**Group D.**

**I. INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION**

**Readings.**

1. R.C. Angeli - The Quest for World order  
Ann Arbor, University of Michigan Press, 1979
2. C. Archer - International Organization  
New York, St Martin Press, 1975
3. P. Baehr and Gordenker - The United Nations in the 1990 s  
London, Oxford University press, 1992
4. P. Baehr - The United Nations  
Reality and Ideal, London, Oxford University Press, 1989
5. Sir E. Barker - The confederation of Nations  
Oxford, The clarendon Press, 1918
6. A.L. Bennett - International Organization : Principles and Issues  
Englewood Cliffs N.J. Prentice Hall 1977
7. J.R. Bilgrami - International Organization  
New Delhi Vikas 1977

8. S.S. Goodspeed – The Nature and Functions of International Organizations  
New York , Oxford University Press 1967
9. W.H. Lewis (ed.) The Security Role of the United Nations  
New York ,Praegar 1991
10. Luard – A History of the United Nations .  
London Macmillan 1989
11. G.J. Mangone – A short history of International Organization  
New York Mc Graw – Hill book co 1954
12. H.J Morgenthau (ed.) Peace ,Security and the United Nations .  
Chicago , University of Chicago Press 1946.
13. M.S. Rajan - “ India and the Making of the United Nations Charter”  
International Studies ( New Delhi )  
13,3 , July Sept , 1973
14. A. Ross – The United Nations : Peace and Progress  
Totowa . N.J Bedminster , Press , 1966
15. K.P. Saxena – Reforming the United Nations :  
The Challenge and Relevance  
New Delhi Sage 1993
16. J . Stoessinger – The United Nations and the Superpowers  
New York , Random House 1965.

**NORTH MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALGAON**  
**SYLLABUS FOR M.A. PART –II POLITICAL SCIENCE**  
**SUB GROUP D OPTIONAL PAPER –2**  
**INDIA'S FOREIGN POLICY**  
**WITH EFFECT FROM JUNE 2004**

**COURSE RATIONALE.**

India's foreign policy reflects the philosophy of India as a sovereign democratic nation and the self-image and role she conceives for herself in the global policies. The Focus of this paper is the theoretical perspective of the role of the compulsion, constraints and conditions, which actually has framed the country's foreign policy for the past five decades and on this basis considers the projections for the future. It also Specifically focuses on the challenges of the contemporary times such as globalization, liberalization, cross border terrorism, human rights, environmental and gender concerns and the like and India's stance pertaining to these issues.

**COURSE CONTENT**

	<b>Required Periods</b>
<b>SECTION – I</b>	<b>40</b>
1. Foreign Policy: Meaning and Major approaches to the study of foreign policy.	10
2. Principles and objectives of India's foreign policy.	12
3. Domestic Determinants: Geography, History and culture, society and political System.	10
4. External determinants :Global ,Regional and bilateral	08
<b>SECTION – II</b>	<b>40</b>
5. Structure of foreign policy decision making and continuity and changes in India's foreign policy.	10
6. India's foreign policy in a comparative perspective.	08
7. India's policy towards her neighbors.	10
8. India's approach to major global issues: Globalization, disarmament and arms controls cross border terrorism, environmental position human rights.	12

**M.A. PART – II**  
**OPTIONAL PAPER –**  
**GROUP D**  
**2. INDIA'S FOREIGN POLICY**

**READINGS**

1. A. Appadoraj – National Interest and Non-Alignment  
New Delhi Kalinga ,Publications ,1999.
2. R.B. Bapu – Globalization and South Asian States .  
New Delhi.South Asian Publications,1998
3. J. Bandhopadhyaya – The Making of India's foreign policy.  
Calcutta.Allied 1979.
4. S.I.R. Bilgrami – India and the UN  
New Delhi Jamia 1969
5. G.W. Chowdhury – India ,Pakistan,Bangla Desh and the Major Powers  
New York ,The Free Press India , 1975

6. A.K. Damodaran and U.S. Bajpai (ed.) – India's Foreign policy : The Indian Ocean –Indian And American Perspective .  
New York ,Oxford University Press , 1989.
7. Dasgupta - War and Diplomacy in Kashmir :1947-48  
New Delhi Sage 2002
8. T.Das – India in World Politics.  
New York Basic Books 1932
9. V.P.Dutt – India's foreign policy in a changing World .  
New Delhi.Vakas 1999
- 10.C.Hill – Changing Politics of foreign policy ,  
Hampshire Macmillan 2001
- 11.N.K. Jha Internal Crisis and Indira Gandhi's Foreign Policy.  
New Delhi, Janaki prakashan 1985.
- 12.J. Hennessey – India and Pakistan in World Politics  
London K.H. Services 1950.
- 13.H.Kapur – India's Foreign policy :  
Shadow and Substance  
New Delhi Vakas 1976
- 14.B.R.Nanda – India's Foreign Policy : The Nehru Years  
Delhi Radiant Publishers 1990
- 15.J.Nehru India's Foreign Policy : selected Speeches September  
1946 April 1961  
New Delhi Publications Division  
Government of India 1971.
16. K.M. Pannikar – Ashia and Western Dominance  
London, Alien & Unwin 1953
- 17.C.Parneswaran – Nehru's Foreign Policy X-rayed  
New Delhi Connaught Circus 1948.
- 18.P.Prasad – The Background of India's foreign Policy  
New Delhi ALCC 1953
- 19.M.S.Rajan – Non –alignment and the non-alignment movement in the present  
world order  
Delhi Konark 1994.
- 20.N.V.Rajkumar – The Back ground of India's foreign policy.  
New Delhi AI.CC 1953.
- 21.A.P. Rana – Imperatives of Non Alignment  
A conceptual Study of India's Foreign Policy in the Nehru Period  
New Delhi 1976.
- 22.P. Sehadavan – Conflict and Peace Keeping in South Asia.  
New Delhi Lancers Books 2001
- 23.B.Sengupta – South Asian Perspective :  
Seven Nations in conflict and co-operation  
Delhi BR. Publications 1998.
- 24.T.K. Venkataraman – India and her Neighbours  
New Delhi ,Vora.
- 25.Venkatarangiya – India in World Affairs : 1950-51  
New Delhi ,I.C.W.A. 1952.

**NORTH MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY JALGAON.**  
**SYLLABUS FOR M.A. PART II POLITICAL SCIENCE**  
**• SUB GROUP –E**  
**OPTIONAL PAPER –I**  
**ELECTORAL POLITICS IN INDIA**  
**WITH EFFECT FROM JUNE 2004**

**COURSE RATIONALE**

In democratic India the system of selection provides the core of Representative say up and a free and fair electoral system makes India a true democracy. Election commission is the highest authority to Monitor the whole election procedure which ensures that the soul of democracy remains sacrosanct. This paper studies the electoral process, the role of the Election commission and the patterns of voting behavior for the last five decades of our democratic process. In addition the various reform proposals of the electoral process the issue of criminalization of politics and the system of representation need to be explained and critically evaluated.

**COURSE CONTENT**

	<b>Required Periods</b>
<b>SECTION –I</b>	<b>40</b>
1. Beginning of the Electoral Politics under Colonial Rule.	10
2. Electoral system in India Since 1950.	10
3. Electoral Commission of India : powers and functions; A critical Study.	10
4. Determinants of Voting Behavior.	10
<b>SECTION –II</b>	<b>40</b>
5. Anti-Defection Law: A Critical Study.	08
6. Party System : Alignment ,re-alignment , Manifestos and support base; A Critical study.	12
Electoral Politics upto 1967.	
Electoral Politics upto 1967-1977.	
Electoral Politics upto 1977-80-89.	
Electoral Politics upto 1989 till date.	
7. Defects and Reforms of the Electoral Process Tarkunde , Goswami and Indrajit Gupta Reports	10
8. Majoritarian Parliamentary System vs. Representational Parliamentary System.	10

**M..A PART –II**  
**OPTIONAL PAPER GROUP E**  
**1. ELECTORAL POLITICS IN INDIA.**

**READINGS.**

1. J.C. Agrawal and N.K. Chowdhary- Elections in India : 1998  
New -Delhi Shipra , Publications 1998.
2. D.A. Anand – Electoral Reforms ; Curbing Role of Money Power .  
New Delhi India Institute of public administration 1995.
3. G. Austin - The Indian Constitution ; corner stone of a nation ,Oxford.  
Oxford University Press 1966.
4. A. Bajpyee – Indian Electoral System ; An Analytical Study  
New Delhi Nardeen Book Centre 1992.
5. D.D. Basu – An Introduction to the constitution of India.  
New Delhi Prentice Hall 1994.
6. A.K. Bhagat – Elections and Electoral Reforms in India .  
Delhi Vikas 1996.

7. D. Butler, A Lahiri and P. Roy (eds.) – India Decides ; Elections 1992-1995.  
New Delhi ,Living Media Limited 1997.
8. P. Chakravarty – Democratic Government and Electoral Process .  
New Delhi Kanishka 1997.
9. J.K. Chopra – Politics of Electoral Reforms in India .  
Delhi Mital Publications 1989.
10. V. Grover (ed) Election and Politics in India.  
New Delhi Deep and Deep 1989.
11. Kashyap – Our Parliament.  
New Delhi National Book Trust 1992.
12. Kaushik – Elections in India ; its Social Bases .  
New Delhi , K.P, Bagchi and Co. 1982.
13. Kohli (ed.) India's Democracy ;An Analysis of changing state-society  
Relations.  
Princeton NJ. Princeton University Press 1988.
14. R. Kothari – The Congress System Revisited , A Decennial Review .  
Asian Survey 14/12 1914.
15. R. Kothari – Politics in India  
New Delhi . Orient Longman 1970.
16. R. Kothari – Party System and Election Studies .  
Bombay Asia publishing House 196.
17. S.P. Maheswari – Electoral Politics in National Metropolis.  
New Delhi Rithu Publications 1982.
18. W.H. Morris Johns- Government and Politics in India .  
Delhi BI Publications 1974.
19. Mukherjee – Retaining Parliamentary Democracy in India.  
Dencument 9 January – February 1999.
20. B. Pathak – “ Facts of the system : Presidential versus “, in S. Kashyap (ed.)  
Perspective on the Constitution  
New Delhi Uppal 1993.
21. N.C. Sahani (ed.) Coalition Politics in India .  
Jallunder , New Academic Publishing Company 1971.
22. S.L. Shaktiher – The Law and Practice of Elections in India .  
New Delhi National 1992.

**NORTH MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALGAON.**  
**SYLLABUS FOR M.A. PART II POLITICAL SCIENCE**  
**SUB GROUP -E**  
**OPTIONAL PAPER - 2**  
**INDIAN POLITICAL ECONOMY**  
**WITH EFFECT FROM JUNE 2004**

**COURSE RATIONALE**

Schumpeter makes a distinction between economics and political economy, the former being value free while the latter deals with ideological preferences, debates and alternative proposals. The Indian democratic set up has led to a lively debate on economic issues relating to the nature of the planning of India during the liberation struggle and the eventual establishment of a planning commission by Subhash Chandra Bose during his Presidency of the Congress Party and the Subsequent Bombay Plan and People's Plan. The debate continues even after Independence and even today in this age of liberalization and globalization which is the thrust of this paper.

<b>COURSE CONTENT</b>		<b>Required Periods</b>
<b>SECTION - I</b>		<b>40</b>
1. Approaches to the study of Political Economy.		08
2. Political Order and Economic Change.		10
3. The Planning Process in India.		
4. Nature and Role of Capital in India ; Industrialization and Rural Transformation .		12
<b>SECTION -II</b>		<b>40</b>
5. Political Elements of Economy in Inequality and self-sufficiency.		11
6. Politicization of Foreign Aid and Credit.		10
7. Factors leading to liberalization of Indian Economy.		09
8. Major Issues of Contemporary Political Economy.		10

**M.A. PART -II**  
**OPTIONAL PAPER - GROUP E**  
**2. INDIAN POLITICAL ECONOMY.**

**READINGS.**

1. A. Abdul- Poverty Alleviation in India :Politics and Programs.  
New Delhi Ashish ,1994.
2. I.J. Ahluwalia – Industrial Growth in India Stagnation Since the Mid. 1960.  
Delhi, Oxford university Press 1985.
3. P.Bardhan – The Political Economy of Development in India.  
Oxford Blackwell 1984.
4. J. Bhagwati and P.Desai – India ; Planning for industrialization .  
London Oxford University press 1970.
5. T.Byres (ed.) The Indian Economy ; Major Debates since Independence.  
Delhi Oxford University Press 1998.
6. R. Cassen and V.Joshi (eds.) – India the future of Economic Reform.  
Delhi Oxford University Press 1995.
7. S.Chakravarty – Developing planning ; The Indian Experience.  
Delhi Oxford University Press 1987.
8. V.M. Dandekar – “ Role of Economic Planning in India in the 1990's and Beyond “  
Economic and Political Weekly June 11-1994.

9. V.M.Dandekar – Poverty in India.  
Gokhale Institute of Politics and Economic 1971.
10. A.R. Desai – State and Society in India ; Essays in Dissent.  
Bombay ,Popular 1974.
11. J.Dreze and A.Sen. - Indian Economic Development and Social Opportunity  
New York.  
Oxford University Press 1995.
12. A.J.Fonseca – Challenge of Poverty in India.  
Delhi ,Vikas 1971.
15. F. Frankel – Indian Green Revolution ; Economic Gains and Political Costs .  
Princeton NJ Princeton University Press 1971.
16. F.Frankel – India's Political Economy 1947-7; The Gradual Revaluation  
Princeton NJ Princeton University Press.1978.
17. B.Jalan (ed.) The Indian Economy; its Nature and Problems  
22 nd edn Calcutta World Press 1978-80
18. B.Jalan (ed.) The Indian Economy :Problems and Prospects.  
New Delhi . Viking 1992
19. R.Khator -- Environment Development and Politics in India.  
Lanham Md. University Press of America 1991.
20. S.Kochanek – Business and Politics In India  
Berkely,University of California Press 1974.
21. D.Nayyar- Economic liberalization in India : Analytics and lessons  
Hyderabad Orient Longman 1996.
22. R.Sau.- India's Economic Development ; Aspects of class Relations.  
Delhi ,Orient ,Longman.1996.
23. V.Shiva- The Violence of the Green Revolution  
London , Zed Books, 1991.
24. P.Verma – The Great Indian Middle Class  
Delhi, Viking,1998.



**NORTH MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY JALGAON.**  
**SYLLABUS FOR M.A. PART II POLITICAL SCIENCE**  
**SUB GROUP –F**  
**OPTINAL PAPER –1**  
**DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION**  
**WITH EFFECT FROM JUNE 2004**

**COURSE RATIONALE**

Development Administration signifies the uses of administration as an instrument of planned economic development and social change in developing countries. The Machinery of development planning of centre state and local levels and the new trends of self development and empowerment of the people are the basic emphasis of the paper. It Provides a framework for an overall view of policies by focussing into areas of development, alongwith the administrative amendments in areas of local self government. There is a need to understand the holistic meaning of development, one that leads to the elevation and empowerment of the ordinary people.

**COURSE CONTENTS.**

	<b>Required Periods</b>
<b>SECTION –I</b>	<b>40</b>
1. Concept of development and Development Administration.	09
2. Public Administration as instrument for development.	11
3. Policies of development.	10
4. New trends in Peoples self-development and empowerment.	10
<b>SECTION-II</b>	<b>40</b>
5. Machinery of Development, Planning at the central level.	12
6. Machinery of Development at the state-Level.	08
7. Machinery of Development at the local level.	08
8. Local self-government in Rural and urban areas with special reference to Administrative Amendments.	12

**M.A. PART –II**  
**OPTIONAL PAPER**  
**GROUP-F**

**1. DEVELOPMENT ADMINISTRATION**

**READINGS.**

1. R.K. Arora and S. Sharma (eds.) -Comparative and Development Administration. Ideas and Action. Jaipur, Arihant, 1992.
2. C.P. Bhambri - Administration in a changing society. Delhi, National, 1978.
3. M. Bhattacharya - Bureau cracy & Development Administration. Delhi, Uppal, 1979.
4. T.J. Byres (ed.) - The State and Development Planning in India. Bombay, Oxford university Press 1994.
5. P.R. Dubhashi - Recent Trends in Public Administration. Delhi Kaveri 1995
6. M. Franda - Voluntary Associations and Local Development in India. New Delhi, Young Asia 1987.

7. V.R. Gaikwad and P.S. Parmar – Rural Development Administration Under Democratic Decentralization; Expenditure Patterns Organizational Realities. Delhi, Wiley Eastern, 1980.
8. S.S. Gadkari and M.R. Koinetkar – Introduction in Public Administration. New Delhi Allied Publishers, 2000.
9. G.F. Grants – Development Administration : Concept, Goals, Methods, Madison. University of Wisconsin, 1979.
10. G. Haragopal – Administrative Leadership & Development in India. New Delhi, Light and Life, 1980.
11. District Planning ; Concept setting & State Level Applications. Jaipur, Aalekh 1986.
12. J. La. Palombara (ed.) – Bureaucracy and political Development Princeton NJ, Princeton University 1967.
13. S.R. Maheshwari – Administrative Theories. New Delhi, Allied ,1994.
14. S.R. Melkote – Communication for Development in the Third World.; Theory and Practice for Empowerment. New Delhi, Sage Publication, 2001
15. H.K. Paranjape – The Planning commission ; A Descriptive Account. New Delhi Ipa-1984.
16. K. Prasad – (ed.) – Planning and its implementation. New Delhi IPA 1984.
17. N. Somasekhara – State's planning in India. Bombay, Himalaya Publishing House, 1984.
18. J.S. Uppal – Indian Economic Planning. Delhi, Macmillan, 1984.
19. S.P. Verma and S.K. Sharma (eds.) – Development Administration. New Delhi IPA 1984.
20. K.B. Srivastav – New Perspective in Development Administration in India. New Delhi, Concept Publishing , 1994.

**NORTH MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALGAON.**  
**SYLLABUS FOR M.A. PART II POLITICAL SCIENCE**  
**SUB GROUP –F**  
**OPTIONAL PAPER –2**  
**COMPARATIVE ADMINISTRATIVE SYSTEMS**  
**IN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES**  
**WITH EFFECT FROM JUNE 2004**

**COURSE RATIONALE**

Administration as an organized force assumes crucial importance in the context of developing countries, which lack adequate secondary structures. This paper therefore, acquires special significance in the development of the discipline in the Third world. It tries to study administrative organizations in a comparative framework making it comprehensive and scientific. It endeavors critically to explain and appraise the viability of the concept of development administration and thereby helps in integrating various administrative theory practices and institutions in a developing country. It attempts to link up the theory of public administration with a comparative study of administrative institutions, systems and procedures.

**COURSE CONTENT**

	<b>Required Periods</b>
<b>SECTION –I</b>	<b>40</b>
1. The Concept, nature and growing significance of comparative public Administration.	10
2. Evaluation of comparative Public Administration as such for Universal Patterns.	10
3. Post Colonial Legacies, future of administrative systems in developing countries.	10
4. Approaches to the study of Public Administration; Institutional behavioral and policy analysis.	10
<b>SECTION-II</b>	<b>40</b>
5. Fundamental Rights Contribution: The concept of Primitive Society.	09
6. Max Weber's contribution; The Bureaucratic Model.	09
7. Development Administration, the Marxian and Neo-Marxian Perspective	12
8. Socialist and Third World Models.	10

**M.A. PART –II**  
**OPTIONAL PAPER.**  
**GROUP F**

**2.COMPARATIVE ADMINISTRATION SYSTEM IN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES**

**READINGS.**

1. K. Davis, Human Society  
New York, Macmillan 1958
2. K.R. Hope. - " Politics, Bureaucratic corruption and Mal-Administration in the Third World.  
International Review of Administration sciences 51(1) 1985.
3. R.H. Louie - Primitive Society  
London, Routhledge, 1953

4. H. Mathur – Administrative Development in the Third World;  
Constraints and Choices.  
New Delhi 1986
5. B.P. Nagchaudhari (ed.) – New Technological Civilization and Indian  
Society;  
Delhi, Indus 1990
6. B.B. Peters – The Politics of Bureaucracy; A Comparative perspective.  
New York, Longman, 1978
7. R.N. Sharma – Fundamental Rights;  
Liberty and Social Order  
New Delhi, Deep & Deep, 1992.
8. V. Subramaniam – Public Administration in the Third World.  
New York, Green Wood Press 1990
9. S.P. Verma and J. K. Sharma – Comparative Public Administration.  
New Delhi II PA 1988.
- 10 S.M. Katz – A System approach to Development Administration.  
Washington DC. ASPA, 1965

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उत्तर महाराष्ट्र विद्यापीठ जळगाव

संदर्भ क्र. उमवि/१२/२३१८/२००३.

दिनांक . ३१.७.२००३

प्रति,

उमविशी संलक्षीत सर्व,

कला, विज्ञान व वाणिज्य महाविद्यालयांचे मा. प्राचार्य यांना.....

विषय:- एम. ए. राज्यशास्त्र भाग-१ आणि भाग-२ ची सफकदापेपसंध्या यादीवावत.  
संदर्भ:- विद्यापीठाचे परीपत्रक क्र. १२४/२००३ जा.क्र. उमवि/१२/एमएनएसएस/  
१५३०/२००३ दि. ४/६/२००३

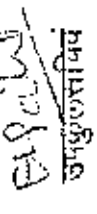
महोदय,

वरील संपर्निय पत्रान्वये एम. ए. भाग-१ वा अभ्यासपत्रक जून २००३ -२००४ पासून सुद्यारीत अभ्यासक्रम लागु करण्यात आलेला आहे. त्यातील एम. ए. भाग-१ व भाग-२ राज्यशास्त्र विषयाचे सनयज्ञ येपरवी सूची सोबत जोडून पाठवित आहेत.

संदर पत्राचा आशय सर्व संबंधित प्राध्यापक व विद्यार्थी यांच्या नजरेत आणून घेऊन मुळील योग्य ती कार्यवाही करावी ही विनंती.

कळाये,

आपला विश्वासू



उपकुलसचिव

(शैक्षणिक प्रवेश/पात्रता विभाग)

सोबत:- परीक्षपत्राणे

प्रत माहितीसाठी

- १) मा. अधिका, मानसनिती व समाजविज्ञान विद्याशाखा, उ. ग. वि. जळगाव.
- २) मा. नैश्चर्य, राज्यशास्त्र अभ्यासमंडळ, उ. ग. वि. जळगाव.
- ३) मा. कुलगुरू कार्यालय, उ. ग. वि. जळगाव.
- ४) मा. कुलसचिव कार्यालय, उ. ग. वि. जळगाव.
- ५) मा. परीक्षा नियंत्रक, उ. ग. वि. जळगाव.
- ६) मा. उपकुलसचिव संस्था विभाग, उ. ग. वि. जळगाव.
- ७) मा. पध्दती विश्लेशक, उ. ग. वि. जळगाव.
- ८) मा. महा. कुलसचिव, परिक्षा (मानसनिती व समाजविज्ञान विद्याशाखा) उ. ग. वि. जळगाव.
- ९) मा. राहा. कुलसचिव, नरिणा (गोपनीय विभाग) उ. ग. वि. जळगाव.

**NORTH MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALGAON**  
**EQUIVALANCE FOR M.A. PART - I AND PART - II**  
**SUBJECT - POLITICAL SCIENCE**

**OLD COURSE**

**EQUIVALANCE (NEW) COURSE**

**COMPULSORY PAPERS**

**M.A. PART - I**

1. Political Theory
2. Public Administration
3. Theory of International Politics

1. Modern Indian Political Thought
2. State Politics in India
3. Contemporary Political Issues.

**M.A. PART - II**

4. Political Sociology
5. Comparative Politics and Government
6. Constitutional and Political Process in India

4. Research Methodology
5. Comparative Politics
6. Major Thinkers in the West

**OPTIONAL PAPERS**

**M.A. PART - I**

**Sub - Group - I**

2. Political Thought in India
5. Political Thought of Mahatma Gandhi
6. Political Thought of Dr. Ambedkar
1. Major Thinkers in the West
3. Contemporary Political Thinkers
4. Marxism After Marx

**Sub - Group - III**

2. Marxist Political Sociology
3. Political Sociology of Max Weber

**Sub. - Group - A**

- Liberal Political Thought
- Liberal Political Thought
- Liberal Political Thought
2. Marxist Political Theory
- Marxist Political Theory
- Marxist Political Theory

**Sub. - Group - B**

1. Democracy in India
2. Federalism in India

P.T.O.

**Sub - Group - III**

1. Politics of Development and Underdevelopment
5. Research Methodology of Politics
4. Political Movements in Maharashtra

**Sub - Group - II**

1. International Organization
2. Foreign Policies of China and Pakistan
3. Foreign Policy of the U.S.A.
4. India's Foreign Policy

**Sub - Group - II**

5. International Law
6. Peace and Conflict Studies

**Sub - Group - IV**

1. Political Process in the U.S.A.
2. Political Process in the Soviet Union
3. Political Process in China
4. Political Process in South Asia

**M.A. PART II****Sub. - Group - C**

1. Political Parties in India  
Political Parties in India
2. Pressure Groups and Social Movements

**Sub. - Group - D**

1. International Organization
2. India's Foreign Policy  
India's Foreign Policy  
India's Foreign Policy

**Sub. - Group - E**

1. Electoral Politics in India
2. Indian Political Economy

**Sub. - Group - F**

1. Development Administration  
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2. Comparative Administrative System in  
Developing Countries.  
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SRP/Adel:  
21/11/2003  
21/11/2003

अंतरी पेटवू ज्ञानज्योत  
उत्तर महाराष्ट्र विद्यापीठ, जळगाव

जा.क्र.उमवि/१२/३८३३/२००३

दि.१६/१२/२००३

प्रति,

मा.प्राचार्य,

उत्तर महाराष्ट्र विद्यापीठाशी संलग्नित सर्व,

कला, वाणिज्य व विज्ञान महाविद्यालय, यांना

विषय:- एम.ए.भाग-१ राज्यशास्त्र विषयाच्या अभ्यासक्रमात घटक विभागणी बाबत

संदर्भ:- उमवि/१२/एमएमएसएस/११३०/२००३ दि.४/६/२००३

परीपत्रक क्र.१२४/२००३

महोदय,

उपरोक्त विषयासंदर्भात संदर्भित परीपत्रकान्वये एम.ए.भाग-१ राज्यशास्त्र विषयाच्या सुधारीत अभ्यासक्रम जुन २००३ पासून लागू करण्यात आलेला आहे.

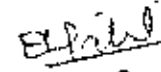
मा.विद्यापीठ अधिकार मंडळाने घेतलेल्या निर्णयानुसार आपणास कळविण्यात येते की, एम.ए.भाग-१ राज्यशास्त्र विषयाच्या अभ्यासक्रमाची घटक विभागणी करण्यात आली असून त्याची प्रत सोबत पाठवित आहोत.

तसेच एम.ए.भाग-१ व २ मधील राज्यशास्त्र विषयाच्या अभ्यासक्रमात ह्यालेल्या दुरुस्ती पत्राची (Correction) प्रत सोबत पाठवित आहोत.

करीता आपणारा विनंती की, या पत्राचा आशय संबंधित प्राध्यापक व विद्यार्थी यांच्या नजरेस आणून देवून पुढील योग्य ती कार्यवाही करावी.

कळवते

सौम्यत:- वरीलप्रमाणे



उपकुलसचिव

शैक्षणिक प्रवेश पात्रता विभाग

उत्तर महाराष्ट्र विद्यापीठाशी व पुढील योग्य त्या कार्यवाहीसाठी :-

१) मा.अधीक्षक, मानसनिती व समाजविज्ञान विद्याशाखा, उमवि, जळगाव.

२) मा.अधीक्षक, राज्यशास्त्र अभ्यासमंडळ, उमवि, जळगाव.

३) मा.अधीक्षक, कला, उमवि, जळगाव.

४) मा.अधीक्षक, वाणिज्य, उमवि, जळगाव.

५) मा.अधीक्षक, विज्ञान, उमवि, जळगाव.

६) मा.उपकुलसचिव, संलग्नता विभाग, उमवि, जळगाव.

७) मा.उपकुलसचिव, शैक्षणिक प्रवेश विभाग, उमवि, जळगाव.

८) मा.सहा.कुलसचिव, परिषद (मानसनिती व समाजविज्ञान विद्याशाखा) विभाग उमवि, जळगाव.

९) मा.सहा.कुलसचिव परीक्षा (गोपनीय) विभाग, उमवि, जळगाव. (सोबत ५ प्रती)



NORTH MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALGAON  
M.A. PART-I POLITICAL SCIENCE  
COMPULSORY PAPER-I  
MODERN INDIAN POLITICAL THOUGHT  
WITH EFFECT FROM JUNE 2003

**Section - I**

		Marks	Periods
1)	<p>a) Genesis and Development of Indian political Thought Genesis-Brief reference to Manu and Kautilya's Thought Development - Development due to Western Political Ideologies i.e.-Liberalism, Nationalism Democratic Socialism Marxism</p>	03	04
b)	<p><b>Overview of Indian Political Thought :</b> Overview :- Justification of British rule and reform acts. Appreciation of British rules reforms . Reaction against exploitation and injustice done by British Govt. Reaction against British imperialism, Indian National congress. National Independence Movement.</p>	02	03
2)	<p><b>The Indian Renaissance :-</b> Raja Ram Mohan Roy to Vivekanand .</p> <p>a) Raja Ram Mohan Roy - Brahmo Samaj b) Dayanand Saraswati - Arya Samaj c) Justice Ranade M.G. - Prarthana Samaj d) Swami Vivekananda - Ramakrishna Mission e) Mahatma Phule - Satya Shodhak Samaj</p>	15	10
3)	<p><b>The debate between the moderates and extremists :-</b> a) Moderates - Justice Ranade, Dadabhai Naoroji , G.K. Gokhale . b) Extremist - Lokamanya Tilak .</p>	10	08
4)	<p><b>Revolutionary Nationalism :-</b> a) Aurobindo Ghosh b) Subhash Chandra Bose c) Savarkar V.D.</p>	10	07
5)	<p><b>Liberalism :-</b> a) Dadabhai Naoroji b) Justice Ranade M.G. c) G.K. Ghokhale d) Jawaharlal Nehru</p>	10	08

## Section - II

		Marks	Periods
6)	<b>Communism :-</b>		
	a) M.N.Roy	10	08
	b) S.A.Dange		
7)	<b>Socialism -</b>	10	08
	a) Jayprakash Narayan		
	b) Ram Manohar Lohiya		
8)	<b>Gandhism :-</b>	10	08
	a) Spiritualization of politics		
	b) Truth, Non - Violence & Satyagraha		
	c) Swaraj & Swadeshi		
	d) Trusteeship		
9)	<b>Secular Nationalism :-</b>	10	08
	a) Nationalism of the Moderates, Economic Nationalism .		
	b) Secular Nationalism as adopted by Indian Constitution.		
10)	<b>Critique of Caste System :-</b> Dr.Ambedkar and Periyar	10	08
	a) Dr. Ambedkar B.R.:- A Social Revolutionary Criticism of varna system, Caste System, Annihilation of Caste & Untouchability.		
	b) Periyar Ramaswami - Antagonist of Varna System, Caste Systems & Untouchability .		

NORTH MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALGAON  
M.A.PART-I POLITICAL SCIENCE  
COMPULSORY PAPER-II  
STATE POLITICS IN INDIA  
WITH EFFECT FROM JUNE 2003

**Section - I**

		Marks	Periods
1)	<b>Theoretical framework for the study of state politics</b>		
	1) Centripetal - Centrifugal Process	05	05
	2) Strong centre and political stability oriented provisions in the constitution.		
2)	<b>Pattern of the state politics</b>	10	10
	1) Strong centre and political stability based pattern adopted by Jawaharlal Nehru.		
	2) De-Centralisation of powers-strong states pattern. (Approach)		
3)	<b>Socio-economic determinants of the state politics -</b>	15	10
	1) Social determinants :- 1) Religion 2) Caste 3) Language 4) Minority politics and Reservation policy.		
	2) Economic determinants :- 1) Economic development - imbalanced Development Economic development, inadequate share of Economic sources and inadequate distribution of Revenue.		
4)	<b>Centre - State Political and economic relations :-</b>	10	10
	1) Political relations - Provisions in the constitution, Role of office of Governor, Emergency and other provisions, Distributions of power (centre and state), Strong centre oriented. Provisions State autonomy.		
	2) Economic Relations - distribution of Economic sources between centre and states, Role of Finance commission, Role of planning Commission, dominances of centre in this respect.		
5)	<b>Regional political parties and their linkage with national politics.</b>	10	05
	1) Era of one party dominance .		
	2) Era of multi party alliance .		
	3) Regional parties and their relations with national parties-formation of coalition government at state & centre level.		

## Section - II

		Marks	Period
6)	<b>Impact of National politics on state politics</b> National parties influence on the state politics - Social, Economic, Industrial, Agricultural, Educational, etc. Policies and programmes	10	10
7)	<b>Emerging trends in State Politics</b> 1) Identity crisis among the states. 2) Localization of power - State capitals have become local power centres. 3) Demand of statehood by small regions like Uttaranchal, Jharkhand, Chhattisgarh. 4) Weightage to state leaders at the National level politics.	10	10
8)	<b>Recommendations of National Commission on Constitution Review.</b> 1) Debate over constitution Review. 2) National commissions appointed.	10	10
9)	<b>Panchayati Raj system &amp; its impact on State Politics :-</b> 1) Decentralisation of Power 2) Influence of grassroot level politics, and leadership on the state level politics - panchayati Raj.	15	10
10)	<b>Human development Index in different states - A comparative perspective :-</b> 1) Human development Index adopted by UNO and HRD ministry Literacy, standard of living, health, Drinking water per-capita income mal-Nutrition, empowerment of women.	5	5

NORTH MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALGAON  
M.A. PART-I POLITICAL SCIENCE  
COMPULSORY PAPER-III  
**CONTEMPORARY POLITICAL ISSUES**  
WITH EFFECT FROM JUNE 2003

**Section - I**

- |    |   | Marks | Periods |
|----|---|-------|---------|
| 1) | <b><u>Factors leading to the end of the Cold war.</u></b>   | 10    | 08      |
|    | 1) Decline of USSR -<br>2) End of ideology<br>3) End of History<br>4) Clash of civilisations.<br>5) Primacy of Economy in world politics.<br>6) American pre-dominance. Uni - polarisation of world politics.<br>7) Non - weaponised deterrence .<br>8) Globalization of Economy .<br>9) Globalization of democracy.<br>10) Necessity of Inter- dependence and peaceful co-existence. |       |         |
| 2) | <b><u>Contemporary Issues in Post Cold War Period.</u></b>  | 10    | 09      |
|    | 1) Marginalisation of UNO as the world organisation.<br>2) Emergence of New International order - Multi - Polar world.<br>3) Inter - state conflict - Zones of chaos in middle east,<br>North - east Asia and south Asia with reference to<br>nuclear Tests carried out by India and Pak.   |       |         |
| 3) | <b><u>Key Issues in North South Relationship.</u></b>   | 10    | 08      |
|    | Developed and developing countries conflict, south - south dialogue, third world countries, Issues related with environment, Human rights, Terrorism and development.   |       |         |
| 4) | <b><u>Globalization</u></b>   | 10    | 08      |
|    | Process, Impact of Liberalization, impact of scientific and Technological development, Decline of welfare state.  |       |         |
| 5) | <b><u>Gender Issues.</u></b>  | 05    | 07      |
|    | Child labour, exploitation of women, women's political participation, empowerment of women.   |       |         |

**Section - II**

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|----|---|----|----|
| 6) | <b><u>Environmental Issues.</u></b><br>Pollution- water, sound, air Green house effect.<br>Environmental role played by various NGO , movements, and political parties at Global and National level | 05 | 07 |
| 7) | <b><u>Human Rights</u></b><br>U.N. Charter,<br>Human Rights in the Indian context<br>Human Right commission   | 15 | 09 |

- |     |   |    |    |
|-----|---|----|----|
| 8)  | <b>Terrorism</b>  | 10 | 08 |
|     | As an international phenomena,<br>Terrorism at Global and National level.   |    |    |
| 9)  | <b>Nature of the State and the Liberalization Process</b>   | 10 | 08 |
|     | Liberalization process.<br>Nature of state, Role of the state.<br>Liberalization process - Globalisation, decline of welfare state. |    |    |
| 10) | <b>Development Issues</b>   | 15 | 09 |
|     | Security, peace, standard of living, co-operation at Global and national level , new world order, Globalisation of democracy.       |    |    |
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NORTH MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALGAON  
M.A. PART-I POLITICAL SCIENCE  
SUB GROUP- A OPTIONAL PAPER I  
**DEMOCRACY IN INDIA**  
WITH EFFECT FROM JUNE 2003

**Section - I**

- |   | Marks | Periods |
|---|-------|---------|
| 1) <b>Democratic thinking and tradition in India; Ancient and modern.</b> | 10    | 08      |
| 1) Ancient      - Gana Rajya  |       |         |
| 2) Modern      1) British legacy  |       |         |
| 2) Indian Freedom movement.   |       |         |
| 2) <b>Nature of Indian Democracy.</b>                                     | 10    | 08      |
| Constitutional provisions, Parliamentary system, federal design.          |       |         |
| 3) <b>Structure of Indian Democracy :</b>                                 | 15    | 12      |
| Parliamentary system -  |       |         |
| Legislative , Executive, Judiciary at centre and state level.             |       |         |
| 4) <b>Process of Indian Democracy :</b>                                   | 15    | 12      |
| Election commission , Party system , Interest group,s                     |       |         |
| Social movements, Dalit movement, Women's movement,                       |       |         |
| Tribal movement,  |       |         |

**Section - II**

- |   |    |    |
|---|----|----|
| 5) <b>Socio - Economic Determinants of Indian democracy :</b> | 15 | 12 |
| Caste, Language, Religion ,Region and Poverty.                |    |    |
| imbalanced Development and conflict                           |    |    |
| 6) <b>Indian Democracy at the Grass-roots level.</b>          | 15 | 10 |
| Panchayati Raj.   |    |    |
| 7) <b>Role of Women in the Political Process</b>              | 10 | 08 |
| Equality before law, special provision for women,             |    |    |
| Adult franchise, Role played by women. in Indian              |    |    |
| politics 73 & 74 Amendments, Reservation, for women in        |    |    |
| Union and state Legislatures                                  |    |    |
| 8) <b>Parliamentary vs. Presidential Model.      - Debate</b> | 10 | 10 |

NORTH MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY, JALGAON  
M.A. PART-I POLITICAL SCIENCE  
SUB GROUP- A OPTIONAL PAPER II  
**FEDERALISM IN INDIA**  
WITH EFFECT FROM JUNE 2003

**Section - I**

1)	<b>Background, Evolution and Nature of federalism in India.</b>	Marks 15	Periods 12
1)	British legacy. Various acts. 1909, 1919, 1935. Multi-Ethnic, Regional, Religious background.		
2)	Provisions in the constitution - Union of the states, federal and unitary elements in the Indian Constitution.		
2)	<b>Developments in India Federalism Since 1947.</b>	15	12
1)	Accession of princely states.		
2)	Accession of Hyderabad, Junagarha.		
3)	Merger of Kashmir :- special status under Article 370 of the Indian Constitution.		
4)	Reorganisation of states on the linguistic basis.		
5)	Creation of small states.		
6)	Major constitutional amendments.		
3)	<b>Center - state Relation with reference to Emergency and Financial power.</b>	10	08
1)	Emergency- constitutional provision, article No. 352, 356, 360, and practice		
4)	<b>Demand for state Autonomy</b> Constitutional provisions - 7th schedule, Differences between autonomy, Independent status and Provincial autonomy.	10	08

**Section - II**

5)	<b>Sarkaria Commission Report :- An analysis.</b>	10	08
6)	<b>Inter-State Councils :- An analysis</b>	10	08
7)	<b>Regional Political parties</b> Importance of Regional Political parties AIMDK, Telugu-Desam, Akali-Dal, Shiv-Sena, Trinamul Congress, CPM, Muslim League etc.	15	12
8)	<b>Recent Trends and Prospect.</b> Tension areas in Indian federal system, Coalition politics in India, Rethinking of Indian Federalism, sons of the soil and separatism.	15	10



## Correction

### M.A. Political Science Part-1

		<b>Incorrect</b>	<b>Correct</b>
Compulsory Paper I- Modern Indian Political Thought	Section II Chapter-10	Perrier	Periyar
Compulsory Paper II State Politics in India Course Rationale	Line-3	Center Course Content	Centre Course Content
Compulsory Paper III Contemporary Political Issues		Code War	Cold War
Optional Group A Paper I Liberal Political Theory Course Rationale	Line-2 Line-7	tents is a is	Tenets Vis a Vis
Optional Group A Paper II Moralist Political Theory	Section II	althussear poulantaz	Althussear Poulantaz
Optional Group C. Paper I Political Parties in India	Chapter 5	Politics Parties	Political parties
<b>Optional Sub-groups C. Paper II</b> pressure Groups and Social Movements in India The title should be <b>Pressure Group and Social Movements</b>			

### M.A. Part II

		<b>Incorrect</b>	<b>Correct</b>
Compulsory Paper V Comparative Politics Course Rationale	Line-5 Chapter-3 Chapter-9	ina Comparative Flates constitutionals	in a comparative Elites constitutionalism
Compulsory Paper-VI Major Thinkers in the West Course Rationale	Line -4	University	Universality
Sub Group D. Optional Paper II Indian Foreign Policy Course Content	Line-1	philosopher	philosophy
Sub Group E Optional paper I Electoral politics in India Course Rationale	Line-1 Chapter 3	Sey up Electoral	Set up Election